Portland Development Commission Doing Business As

Prosper Portland









COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



Building an Equitable Economy

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon

On the Cover

Left to right:

Developer candidates for the Broadway Corridor project presented their qualifications at a public forum that offered hundreds of community members the opportunity for feedback and interaction.

Lents Commons, a collaboration between Prosper Portland and the Portland Housing Bureau, is a mixed-use, mixed-income project with 54 units of housing and ground floor retail space.

Vendors at the first My People's Market, a showcase of diverse entrepreneurs, makers, artists, and food and beverage artisans.

A reunion for the first class of the Increase Project, an Inclusive Business Resource Network program that provides minority-owned small businesses with tools for growth and expansion.



Building an Equitable Economy

PROSPER PORTLAND

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Prepared by Prosper Portland Finance and Business Operations

Kimberly Branam, Executive Director Adam Lane, Chief Financial Officer

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019



Who we are... What we do...

We are the economic and urban development agency for the city of Portland. We are deeply committed to building an equitable economy by focusing on four cornerstones of our work: creating vibrant neighborhoods and communities, job creation, advancing opportunities for prosperity and collaborating with partners for an equitable city. We work with partners to drive public attention and resources to different areas of the city, which helps Portland realize capital projects – parks, streetscape improvements, community centers – that would not happen on their own, making it a better place to live for all Portlanders.

Our five year strategic plan is to achieve widely shared prosperity among residents by harnessing and expanding the agency's tools for job creation, place-making and economic opportunity. The agency's new name and identity further demonstrate its commitment to these goals.

Prosper Portland's Mission

Prosper Portland creates economic growth and opportunity for Portland.

Prosper Portland's Vision

Portland is one of the most globally competitive, equitable, and healthy cities in the world.

Prosper Portland stimulates job creation, encourages broad economic prosperity, and fosters great places on behalf of the City of Portland.

We are a workplace of choice with passionate staff excelling in an open and empowering environment and sharing a commitment to our collective success.

Our new logo was inspired by the shape of a keystone, the pivotal final piece of an archway in ancient bridge construction. It is used to symbolize trust, partnership, and our role in building an equitable economy for Portlanders. The five keystone shapes represent the five neighborhoods of Portland (N, NE, SE, SW, and NW) as well as the five objectives of our Strategic Plan.

Prosper Portland is responsible for maintaining an accounting system and providing for a comprehensive independent financial audit. The following pages are Prosper Portland's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report with accompanying report of independent auditor.



Building an Equitable Economy

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Introductory
Section_____



Building an Equitable Economy



November 13, 2019

Gustavo J. Cruz, Jr. Chair

Francesca Gambetti Commissioner

Dr. Alisha Moreland-Capuia Commissioner

William Myers Commissioner

Peter Platt Commissioner

Ted Wheeler Mayor

Kimberly Branam Executive Director To the Commissioners of Prosper Portland, Mayor and Members of the City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Portland, Oregon:

The Finance & Business Operations Department and I are pleased to submit Prosper Portland's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. State law requires that all local governments publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. This report is published to provide the Prosper Portland Commissioners, the Mayor and City Council, the citizens of the City of Portland (City), city staff, and other readers with detailed information concerning Prosper Portland's financial position and activities.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report, including all disclosures, based upon a comprehensive internal control framework that it has established for this purpose. Prosper Portland management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective internal control structure to safeguard its assets, assure the reliability of its accounting records, and promote operational efficiency. Because the cost of such controls should not outweigh their benefits, Prosper Portland's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of any material misstatements.

Prosper Portland's charter requires Prosper Portland to undergo an annual independent audit by a licensed municipal auditor. The accounting firm of Moss Adams LLP conducted the audit of Prosper Portland's FY 2018-19 financial statements. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Prosper Portland's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

prosperportland.us

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Prosper Portland Profile

Prosper Portland creates economic growth and opportunity for Portland. Its vision is to make Portland one of the most globally competitive, healthy, and equitable cities in the world by investing in job creation, encouraging broad economic prosperity, and fostering great places throughout the city. It aspires to be a workplace of choice with passionate staff excelling in an open and empowering environment and sharing a commitment to collective success.

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Prosper Portland is committed to growing quality jobs, advancing opportunities for prosperity, creating vibrant neighborhoods and communities, and collaborating with partners to create an equitable city, with prosperity shared by Portlanders of all colors, incomes and neighborhoods.

Prosper Portland was created as a city agency in 1958 under Article I, Section 15 of the Charter of the City of Portland, Oregon to serve as Portland's urban renewal and economic development agency. The governing body is a five-member Commission, appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. Prosper Portland is a component unit of the City of Portland and is reported in its CAFR as a discretely presented component unit. Prosper Portland currently manages sixteen active urban renewal districts throughout the City of Portland, several revolving loan funds, and annual funding from the City General Fund, and is a subrecipient of federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds.

Prosper Portland has one blended component unit, 9101 Foster LLC, created for construction and management of the 9101 SE Foster Road Project, now known as Lents Commons, in the Lents Town Center urban renewal area (URA). Construction was completed in FY 2017-18.

Prosper Portland's five-year strategic plan is to achieve widely shared prosperity among residents by harnessing the agency's tools for job creation, place-making, and economic opportunity. The Strategic Plan requires a deliberate and equal focus on building healthy communities, maintaining economic competitiveness, and creating equitable opportunities. It also lays out Prosper Portland's commitment to addressing issues of racial equity both within the organization and in its work.

Prosper Portland's business is conducted at monthly public meetings, and all activities are guided by the strategic plan and the annual budget. Developed in conjunction with public and private community partners, the budget is appropriated by fund and business line (service). Each fund and business line include specific allocations of resources by funding source, business line, and project and programs. In accordance with Oregon Local Budget Law, the proposed annual budget is presented to the Portland City Council, acting as the Prosper Portland Budget Committee, for review and approval. Following budget committee approval, Prosper Portland submits the approved budget to the Tax Supervising and Conservation Commission for review and to the Prosper Portland Board of Commissioners for review, adoption, and subsequent amendment as necessary.

Relevant Financial Policies

Prosper Portland's charter prescribes that it maintains budgeting and accounting systems and prepares an annual budget in accordance with Oregon Local Budget Law. Funds are used to segregate activities in accordance with special restrictions on the use of revenue. Expenditures are recorded by fund and purpose on the modified accrual basis of accounting, and are further classified by service, project, and organizational unit for internal management information. Cash and other assets, related liabilities, and residual equity are segregated into independent self-balancing funds. All capital asset and long-term liabilities are reflected in the government-wide financial statements. Prosper Portland's charter requires its cash to be deposited in the City of Portland's investment pool and invested by the City Treasurer in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes 294.035 and 294.046. In addition, special accounts may be maintained if required, for example, by debt covenants. Interest is paid by the City of Portland to Prosper Portland and is allocated based on each fund's periodic cash balance.

Local Economic Conditions

Portland is the financial, trade, transportation, manufacturing, and business service center for Oregon, southwest Washington, and the Columbia River Basin. The area's five largest private sector employers are Intel Corporation, Providence Health Systems, Nike, Fred Meyer (Kroger), and the Kaiser Foundation Health Plan of the Northwest. Health care and social assistance, manufacturing, and retail trade compose the largest industry segment of the regional economy and account for approximately 38 percent of local jobs.

In 2017, median household income in Portland was \$61,532 as compared to \$56,119 and \$57,652 for the state of Oregon and the United States, respectively. This marks a 26 percent increase from the 2010 figure for the city.

Oregon statute limits the amount of property that can be included in a municipality's urban renewal areas to a maximum of 15 percent of assessed value and 15 percent of acreage. The aggregate amount of certified assessed value in the 16 authorized urban renewal areas is approximately 8.6 percent of the city of Portland's total overall assessed value and 12.3 percent of overall acreage for the city. Each of the existing tax increment financing (TIF) Districts are currently projected to have adequate funding capability to pursue established plans with exception of the River District. Prosper Portland is currently working with city partners to resolve a gap between projected funding requirements and available resources in the River District Five-Year Forecast. Changes to current resource and requirement assumptions addressing the gap will be addressed in the FY 2020-21 Budget and Forecast in 2020.

Long-term Financial Planning

The Prosper Portland Board adopted The Ten-Year Financial Sustainability Plan in July 2018 that created a comprehensive framework for funding agency programs, projects, and initiatives over the next ten years.

Tax-increment resources currently provide most of funding as detailed in the five-year forecast and early years of the Ten-Year Financial Sustainability Plan. At present there are no known legal or legislative challenges to the funding of urban renewal activities using tax-increment financing. Annually, Prosper Portland forecasts projected revenues and expenditures for each of the urban renewal districts. This effort results in a five-year forecast of project and program budget requirements for the funds associated with them. To a large extent, non-urban renewal area revenues and expenditure requirements are dependent on the annual allocation of resources from external funding providers.

The Financial Sustainability Plan emphasizes the need for new and different funding to enable Prosper Portland to continue to foster widespread economic prosperity, grow family wage jobs, create complete neighborhoods, and build partnerships with community organizations and the private sector.

Major Initiatives

Major initiatives cited in this section are highlights based on budgeted project dollars in the adopted budget for the fiscal year ending in June 2020.

Overall, Prosper Portland has budgeted approximately \$51 million across TIF Districts and city-wide for financial assistance through loans or grants (e.g., Economic Opportunity Funds, business or commercial lending programs, Prosperity Initiative Program grants, Community Livability Program grants, and Property Fit program loans) to stimulate investment and job growth, leveraging Prosper Portland dollars with private and public funds. Prosper Portland has an important role to play in the current economy and continues to seek new ways to provide more funds to the community.

The Commission budgeted \$13.5 million for new and in-progress city infrastructure improvements including parks, transportation and public facilities across most urban renewal areas. The Commission has also budgeted \$48.8 million for housing programs as part of the Affordable Housing Set Aside Policy, implemented through an intergovernmental agreement with the Portland Housing Bureau and incorporating amendments adopted by City Council that dedicates 45 percent of all new TIF Debt Proceeds to affordable housing. The Intergovernmental Agreement with the Portland

Housing Bureau consists of all homeownership, home repair, and affordable rental housing projects and programs including the preservation of existing housing.

The largest project costs are proposed to occur in the Interstate Corridor TIF District with \$36 million in planned spending. Housing is the largest planned expenditure at \$27 million due to 70 percent of new TIF proceeds allocated to the Affordable Housing Set Aside Policy. Prosper Portland's \$8 million in direct investments are guided by the North/Northeast Community Development Initiative which includes resources allocated to the Prosperity Investment Program grants and commercial and business lending focused on long-term property owners in the area.

The Downtown Waterfront TIF District includes the second largest amount of project costs at \$31 million. Projects include affordable housing and planned investment in the Old Town/Chinatown Action Plan. Combined with the River District TIF District, total investment in Old Town/Chinatown is planned at more than \$50 million in the Five-Year Forecast. Major predevelopment activities continue as part of the Broadway Corridor Framework plan, which encompasses the United States Postal Service site that Prosper Portland acquired in 2017.

Other major projects in FY 2019-20 include 106th and Halsey Commercial Condominium in the Gateway TIF District as well as the 92nd and Harold project in the Lents Town Center TIF District.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Prosper Portland for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Prosper Portland has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 31 consecutive fiscal years. GFOA's Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government comprehensive annual financial reports. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Prosper Portland's management believes that its current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and Prosper Portland will be submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of Prosper Portland's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Commission and the Finance & Business Operations Department. A special thanks to Michele Whaley, Gina Bixby, Sam Brugato, Chan SaeLee, and Tony Barnes for their efforts in producing this CAFR. We also wish to express our gratitude and appreciation to the Board of Commissioners for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Prosper Portland's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Kimberly Branam, Executive Director

Adam Lane, Chief Rigancial Officer

Prosper Portland

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon



(from left to right, Alisha Moreland-Capuia, M.D.; Peter Platt; Gustavo J. Cruz, Jr., Chairman; Kimberly Branam, Executive Director; William Myers; Francesca Gambetti)

Governing Board (As of July18, 2018)

June 30, 2021

Gustavo J. Cruz Jr., Chair Senior Counsel Faleigh Wada Witt 121 SW Morrison St., #600 Portland, OR 97204 gcruz@fwwlaw.com

William Myers, Vice Chair Executive Secretary Treasurer Columbia Pacific Building Trades Council 3535 SE 86th Avenue Portland, OR 97266 Willy@cphete.com

Alisha Moreland-Capuia, M.D.

Executive Director, Avel Gordly Center for Healing
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June 30, 2021

Term Expires

July 9, 2019

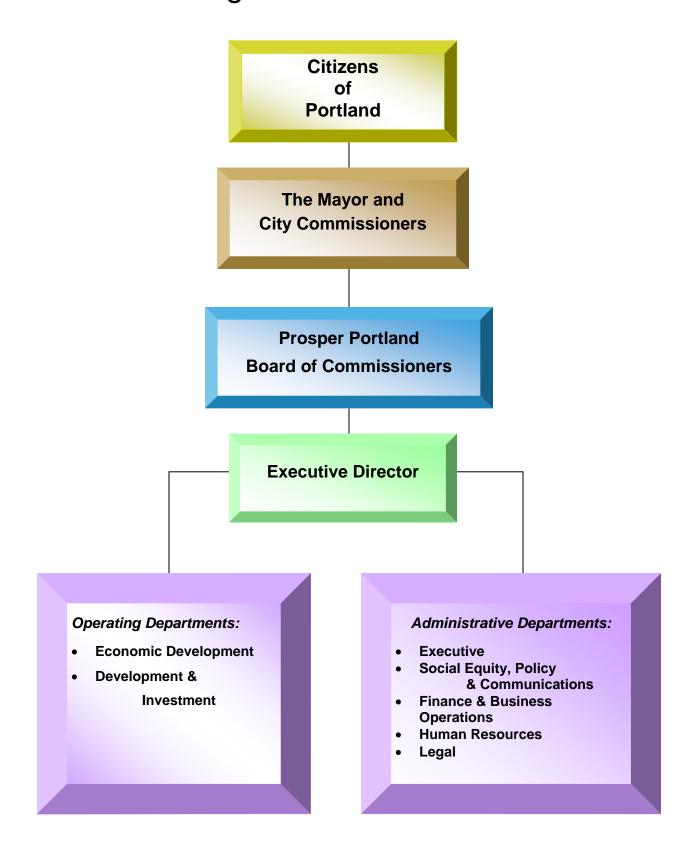
August 1, 2020

August 1, 2020

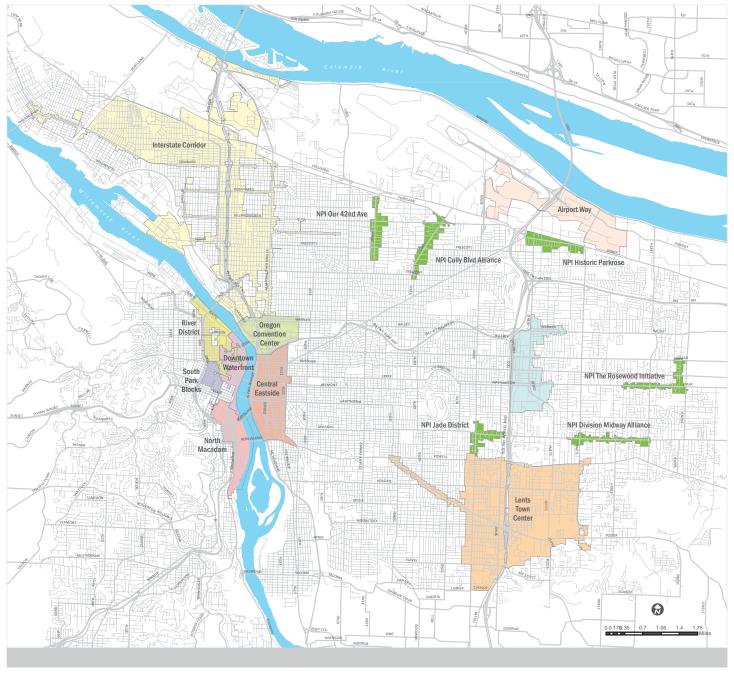
None

Prosper Portland

Organizational Chart







Total Acres in Urban Renewal Plan Areas: 11,404

URAs as a Percentage of City Acreage: 12.3%

Legend



VII October 2019



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Prosper Portland Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section _____



Building an Equitable Economy



Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Commissioners

Portland Development Commission, Portland, Oregon, dba Prosper Portland
(A Component Unit of the City of Portland)

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of Portland Development Commission, dba Prosper Portland (a Component Unit of the City of Portland) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Prosper Portland's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prosper Portland as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis, the post-employment benefit information, and the pension contribution information on pages 5 through 16 and 72 through 75 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Prosper Portland's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Data as listed in the table of contents which includes the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary, capital asset and real property schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary data is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report date our report dated November 13, 2019 on our consideration of Prosper Portland's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Portland's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Prosper Portland's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations

In accordance with the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated November 13, 2019, on our consideration of the Prosper Portland's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

For Moss Adams LLP Portland, Oregon

James C. Layarotta

November 13, 2019



Building an Equitable Economy

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Prosper Portland, we offer readers of Prosper Portland's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Prosper Portland exceeded the liabilities for the current year ended June 30, 2019 by \$455,770,477 (net position).
- Prosper Portland's total net position increased by \$12,051,818 (2.7%) when compared to the financial statements at June 30, 2018. The increase in net position is attributable to an increase in current and other assets resulting from resources exceeding expenditures.
- As of June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland's governmental activities reported a combined ending fund balance of \$440,091,874 an increase of \$12,194,509 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$1,518,639, or 22.3% of total general fund expenditures.
- Gross loans receivable increased from \$77,520,969 to \$81,649,090 agency-wide, or 5.3%. The loan loss allowance increased from \$25,634,100 to \$32,149,966, an increase of 25.4% from the prior year's allowance. The large change in the loan loss allowance was primarily due to the funding of cash flow loans which have a larger standard loan loss percentage than other loans offered. This type of loan also became a larger percentage of our loan portfolio over the last year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Prosper Portland's basic financial statements, and consists of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to support the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* provide readers with an overview of Prosper Portland's finances.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all Prosper Portland's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Prosper Portland is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities details how Prosper Portland's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., pension and earned-but-unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Prosper Portland that are principally supported by tax-increment debt proceeds (in lieu of tax-increment revenue) and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Prosper Portland include general government, economic development and business growth, and development. The business-type activities of Prosper Portland include programs that support jobs, housing, commercial financial assistance and historic preservation. These activities are typically provided as some form of financial assistance.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Prosper Portland, like other state and

local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Prosper Portland Funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating our near-term financing requirements and resources.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the agency's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Prosper Portland maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each of the major funds. The major governmental funds are: General Fund (adopted as the Urban Redevelopment Fund), 9101 Foster LLC (a blended component unit), North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund, River District Urban Renewal Fund, Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund, Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund, and Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

Prosper Portland adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds except for 9101 Foster LLC. For those funds with an adopted budget a budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with budgetary requirements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-27 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. Prosper Portland maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Prosper Portland uses two enterprise funds. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Prosper Portland's various functions. Prosper Portland uses an internal service fund to account for risk management. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The enterprise loans fund data are combined into a single, aggregated presentation, and include such programs as: The Business Development Loan Fund and the Small Business Loan Fund. Additionally, the internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service fund is provided elsewhere in this report.

Enterprise Loans Fund. The Enterprise Loans Fund is used to account for revolving loan programs. Prosper Portland intends to prevent expenses from exceeding annual income to preserve the original principal of each program.

Business Management Fund. The Business Management Fund is used to account for the activity related to business and real estate that is not funded by tax increment or other public funding sources.

Internal Service Fund. A Risk Management Fund is used to set aside resources to meet insurance policy deductible amounts and other amounts not fully reimbursed from insurance proceeds, as necessary. In certain risk areas, the required contributions are held in this fund to meet contractual obligations. Additional contributions may be made in future years if needed.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 31-70 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning Prosper Portland's progress in funding its obligation to provide post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages xx-xx of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, proprietary funds and the internal service fund are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on post-employment benefits. Combining statements and individual fund budgetary comparison schedules can be found on pages 80-113 of this report.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Prosper Portland, total assets exceeded liabilities by \$455,770,776 for all governmental and business-type funds at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Prosper Portland's Net Position At June 30.

	Governmental Activiites			Business-Type Activities			Total				
		2019		2018	2019		2018		2019		2018
Assets				_					_		_
Current and other assets	\$	435,315,657	\$	454,722,759	\$ 15,678,603	\$	15,821,294	\$	450,994,260	\$	470,544,053
Capital assets		79,623,433		57,606,056	 -		-		79,623,433		57,606,056
Total assets		514,939,090		512,328,815	15,678,603		15,821,294		530,617,693		528,150,109
Deferred outflow of resources		3,936,462		3,713,940	 				3,936,462		3,713,940
Liabilities											
Current and other liabilities		28,246,950		33,252,043	-		-		28,246,950		33,252,043
Long-term liabilities		49,779,474		54,534,671	 -		-		49,779,474		54,534,671
Total liabilities		78,026,424		87,786,714	 -				78,026,424		87,786,714
Deferred inflow of resources		757,254		358,676	 				757,254		358,676
Net position											
Invested in capital assets		79,623,433		57,606,056	-		-		79,623,433		57,606,056
Restricted		382,668,262		391,726,468	3,000,000		3,000,000		385,668,262		394,726,468
Unrestricted		(22,199,821)		(21,435,159)	12,678,603		12,821,294		(9,521,218)		(8,613,865)
Total net position	\$	440,091,874	\$	427,897,365	\$ 15,678,603	\$	15,821,294	\$	455,770,477	\$	443,718,659

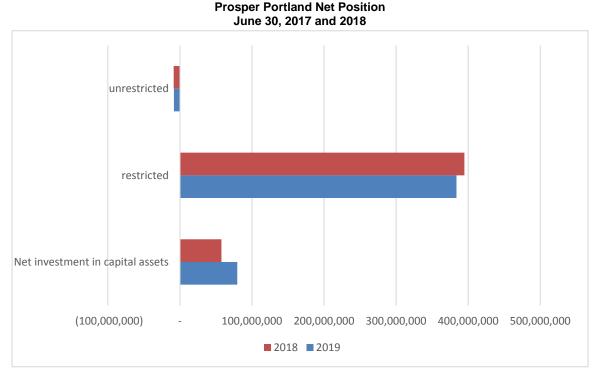
The largest portion of Prosper Portland's combined governmental and business-type total net position is \$385,668,262 of restricted net position. This accounts for 84.6% of the total and represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Restricted net position is mainly composed of tax increment district funds that are limited to use in the specific districts where the funds originated. Restricted net position decreased 2.3% from fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The next largest portion of Prosper Portland's combined governmental and business-type total net position (\$79,623,433 or 18.1%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and software). These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. The investment in capital assets increased 38.2% over the previous year due largely to completion of the major revenue generating capital asset Lents Commons.

Net position components are restricted as to use, invested in capital assets (property, buildings, equipment, and software), or unrestricted. Prosper's unrestricted net position is (\$9,521,218). The unrestricted net position is negative due to liabilities deferred inflow of resources, and restricted net position exceeding assets and deferred

inflow of resources. Government-wide liabilities including but not limited to pollution remediation and pension liabilities contribute to the deficit.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Prosper Portland reported positive balances in all restricted categories of net position, with governmental activities showing a deficit in unrestricted net position and business-type activities showing a positive balance for both restricted and unrestricted net position.



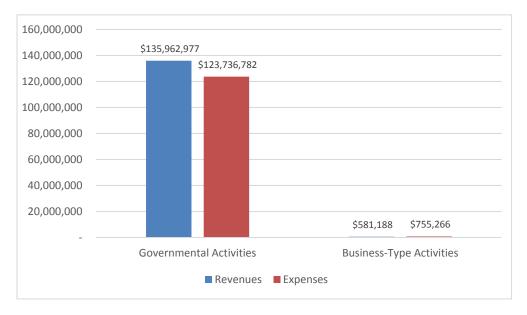
Prosper Portland's overall net position increased \$12,051,818 from the prior fiscal year. The changes are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$12,194,509 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$440,091,874. The change in governmental activities is due primarily proceeds received from a City of Portland draw on an operating line of credit for the River District Urban Renewal Area of \$9,499,409. Apart from the line of credit proceeds the increase is \$2,695,399 million dollars, which can be primarily attributed to investment income. Investment income increased 82.3% over the prior year due to higher rates and larger cash balances. Program revenues experienced a slight increase of 2.8%. Charges for Services was up just over \$748.000 due to an increase in Ezone changes and Rental Income in River District. The Operating Grants and contributions decreased due to a federal grant for Union Station predevelopment activities nearing completion. General revenues decreased \$39,900,764 or 14.1% from the prior year. Tax increment debt proceeds comprise the lion's share of this decrease at \$22,438,110 and miscellaneous revenue decreased by \$19,448,878, which is largely represented by a decrease in property sales, loan loss adjustments, and reimbursements.

Prosper Portland's Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business	Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 8,717,863	\$ 7,969,592	\$ 64,702	\$ 50,602	\$ 8,782,565	\$ 8,020,194	
Operating grants and contributions	9,611,334	9,854,692	-	-	9,611,334	9,854,692	
General revenues							
Tax-increment debt proceeds							
(in lieu of tax-increment revenue)	93,748,968	116,187,078	-	-	93,748,968	116,187,078	
City of Portland debt proceeds							
for operations	9,499,409	-	-	-	9,499,409	-	
Unrestricted investment income	6,108,557	3,350,550	266,853	138,711	6,375,410	3,489,261	
Miscellaneous	8,276,846	27,725,723	249,633	4,324,901	8,526,479	32,050,624	
Total revenues	135,962,977	165,087,635	581,188	4,514,214	136,544,165	169,601,849	
Expenses							
Community development	123,737,081	121,245,646	-	-	123,737,081	121,245,646	
Enterprise loans	-	-	154,113	329,863	154,113	329,863	
Enterprise management	-	-	601,153	589,648	601,153	589,648	
Total expenses	123,737,081	121,245,646	755,266	919,511	124,492,347	122,165,157	
Increase (Decrease) in net position							
before transfers	12,225,896	43,841,989	(174,078)	3,594,703	12,051,818	47,436,692	
Transfers	(31,387)	-	31,387	-	-	-	
Increase (Decrease) in net position	12,194,509	43,841,989	(142,691)	3,594,703	12,051,818	47,436,692	
Beginning net position	427,897,365	384,031,718	15,821,294	12,226,591	443,718,659	396,258,309	
restatement		23,659		. ,	· · · · ·	23,659	
Restated beginning net position	427,897,365	384,055,377	15,821,294	12,226,591	443,718,659	396,281,968	
Ending net position	\$ 440,091,874	\$427,897,366	\$15,678,603	\$15,821,294	\$ 455,770,477	\$ 443,718,660	

Community Development Program Expenses and General Revenues



Business-type Activities. For Prosper Portland's business-type activities, overall net position decreased \$142,691 (.90%) for an ending balance of \$15,678,603. The modest decrease in net position for business-type was driven by the expenditures exceeding new revenue in the Business Management Fund. The majority of the Business Management Fund's expenditures are for payment of interest on an interfund loan to the River District fund. The prior year miscellaneous revenue was unusually high due a recognized property transfer from the City

of Portland. As a result, miscellaneous income decreased 94.2% compared to the prior year. The major class components of the expenses for the business-type activities are as follows:

Prosper Portland's Changes in Business-type Activities Expenses For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Expenses	2019	2018 Change		Change	
Personal services	\$ 60,284	\$	55,462	\$	(4,822)
Professional services	596,809		588,443		(8,366)
Financial assistance	98,173		275,606		177,433
Totals	\$ 755,266	\$	919,511	\$	164,245

One major component of Prosper Portland's net position, in both governmental and business-type funds, is loans receivable from its customers. During the current fiscal year, Prosper Portland's gross portfolio experienced an increase of \$4,128,121 or 5.3%. The loan loss allowance increased by 25.4% or \$6,515,865. The percentage change in the allowance is due to loan disbursements during the fiscal year for the WGP Apartment construction. This project will bring affordable housing to the Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Area. The current portion of the net portfolio decreased 28.8% while the non-current portion dropped 4.7% or \$1,564,019.

Prosper Portland's Loans Receivable At June 30

	2019		2018		Change	% Change
Gross loans receivable	\$	81,649,090	\$	77,520,969	\$ 4,128,121	5.3%
Allowance		(32,149,967)		(25,634,102)	 (6,515,865)	25.4%
Total, net	\$	49,499,123	\$	51,886,867	\$ (2,387,744)	-4.6%
Current portion	\$	2,332,984	\$	3,274,502	\$ (941,518)	-28.8%
Non-current portion		31,771,845		33,335,864	 (1,564,019)	-4.7%
Total, net	\$	34,104,829	\$	36,610,366	\$ (2,505,537)	-6.8%

Net loans receivable reflects the elimination of interfund activity between Prosper Portland and its component unit, 9101 Foster, LLC for a loan in the amount of \$14,268,0955 in fiscal year 2019 and a balance of \$14,124,501 in fiscal year 2018.

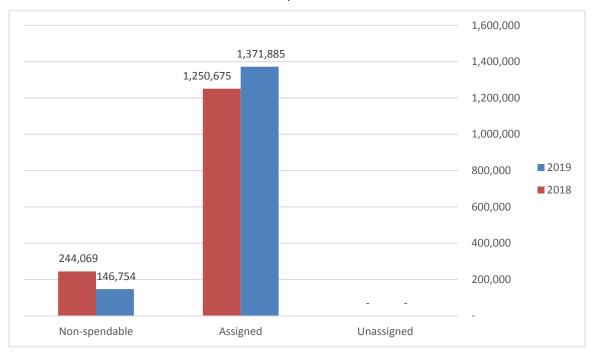
Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, Prosper Portland uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Prosper Portland's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Prosper Portland's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the fund balance that has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, Prosper Portland itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by Prosper Portland's Board of Commissioners.

At June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$418,424,992, a decrease of \$3,774,785 in comparison with the prior year. Prosper Portland had unassigned fund balance of (\$15,035,998) the result of 9101 Foster LLC having a negative ending fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *or assigned* to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form-\$146,754, 2) restricted for particular purposes-\$431,942,351, or assigned for particular purposes-\$1,371,885.

General Fund Components of Fund Balance June 30, 2017 and 2018



The general fund is the chief operating fund of Prosper Portland. At the end of the current fiscal year, Prosper Portland's general fund had no unassigned fund balance, and the total fund balance increased to \$1,518,639. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, the total fund balance represents approximately 22.3% of total 2018 fiscal year general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of Prosper Portland's general fund increased by \$23,895 during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, Key factors include:

- Revenues increased by \$680,698 overall, primarily in intergovernmental revenues, \$429,780 of which came from additional program funding from the City's General Fund.
- Community development expenditures, up by \$551,336 accounts for most of the increase of \$618,544 for work funded by City's general fund contract. Financial assistance had a modest increase of \$3,369 while capital outlay decreased \$70,577.

Tax-increment funding (TIF) proceeds are typically Prosper Portland's largest annual income source, and that was certainly the case for this fiscal year. The following schedule illustrates the TIF proceeds received by Prosper Portland from the City of Portland over the last five years. Note that the annual allotment of TIF proceeds received in fiscal year 2019 decreased from the prior fiscal year but is above the five-year average for the third time in recent years. The five-year average increased by \$6,806,172 from \$80,719,232 in fiscal year 2018. The decrease in fiscal year tax-increment fund is due primarily to lower long-term debt (line of credit draws) in the Lents Town Center TIF area, which is driven by timing of projects and programs in the district.

Summary History of TIF Proceeds Received by Prosper Portland For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Year	Amount	Change	%	
2015	\$ 54,233,796			5-Year Average
2016	82,062,888	27,829,092	51.3%	\$ 87,525,404
2017	91,394,288	9,331,400	11.4%	
2018	116,187,078	24,792,790	27.1%	
2019	93,748,968	(22,438,110)	-19.3%	
	\$ 437,627,018			

The City of Portland receives property taxes in each of the designated urban renewal areas and forwards a portion to be allocated as TIF to Prosper Portland for projects. The amount of TIF allocated to Prosper Portland varies annually depending on each of the TIF districts' projected tax revenues, debt capacity, and existing levels of outstanding debt held by the City. Each TIF district has a planned expiration date after which it cannot issue additional tax-increment debt. A typical life-cycle is between ten and twenty years. However, the expiration date may be extended by the Prosper Portland Board of Commissioners. A TIF district that has reached its maximum indebtedness or expiration date will no longer issue new tax-increment debt but may continue spending until its resources are exhausted and will receive tax-increment revenues until all outstanding debt is retired. The Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Area, South Park Blocks Urban Renewal Area, and Airport Way Urban Renewal Area have all reached their plan expiration dates, and the Oregon Convention Center Urban Renewal Area has issued its last tax-increment debt. Further information on urban renewal indebtedness and the current life cycle status can be found on page 136 of the Statistical Section.

The six other major governmental funds include the 9101 Foster LLC Fund, North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund, River District Urban Renewal Fund, Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund, Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund, and the Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund. The following table shows the change in their fund balances.

Prosper Portland's Schedule of Other Major Governmental Fund Balances At June 30

Fund	2019	2018	Change
9101 Foster LLC	\$ (15,035,998)	\$ (15,279,155)	\$ 243,157
North Macadan Urban Renewal Fund	21,966,946	22,433,326	(466,380)
River District Ruban Renewal Fund	160,153,209	146,288,370	13,864,839
Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund	30,580,588	51,793,121	(21,212,533)
Lents town Center Urban Renewal Fund	22,182,351	28,029,774	(5,847,423)
Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund	57,015,594	54,486,709	2,528,885
	\$ 276,862,690	\$ 287,752,145	\$ (10,889,455)

The 9101 Foster LLC Fund was created for the sole purpose of completing and managing the planned development of a mixed use, mixed income apartment project, Lents Commons. Lents Commons has begun renting units and is nearing completion. In fiscal year 2020 tenant improvements are scheduled to commence on the first-floor commercial spaces. The \$14,954,259 capital asset for 9101 Foster LLC is not a current resource and therefore contributes to the large negative balance.

Fund balance in the North Macadam Urban Renewal Area decreased by \$466,380 or 2.1%. This relatively slight decrease in fund balance comprised of a significant decrease in tax increment revenue, miscellaneous revenue (property sale income) and expenditures in financial assistance all related to a property transaction that occurred in the prior year.

In the River District Urban Renewal Fund, there was a \$13,864,839 or an 9.5% net increase in fund balance in fiscal year 2019 driven by ongoing tax increment and property revenues with lower than budgeted expenditures

occurring. Revenues were slightly below prior year amounts with an exception to a draw on the district's interim line of credit for \$9,499,409 that was offset by an equal expenditure for construction of the Multnomah County Health Department Building. Intergovernmental revenue was down just over \$1 million dollars due to the nearing completion of a federal grant for capital improvements to Union Station. This decrease was substantially offset by an increase in interest on investments revenue due to a strong investment market and a higher cash balance. Expenditures were up a modest 6.4% or \$1,159,909.

The Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund experienced a decrease of over 40.9% in fund balance, or \$21,212,533 due primarily to ongoing construction of the Convention Center Hotel Garage. All revenues except miscellaneous revenue experienced a modest increase of 9.1%, or \$270,951. Miscellaneous revenue increased 63.4% or \$2,463,704, due the incremental sale of a condominium portion of the Convention Center Hotel Garage being built alongside the new convention center hotel slated to open in fiscal year 2020.

In the Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund, the fund balance decreased by \$5,847,423 or 20.9%, due primarily to financial assistance (loan) disbursements related to two large projects (WGP Apartments and Lents Commons). Tax increment debt proceeds decreased \$15,703,432 (56.7%) due to one-time draws that occurred in the prior year and expenditures declined \$8,443.447 or 31.5% due to the substantial completion of construction of Lents Commons

The Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund ended the year with an increase in fund balance of \$2,528,885 or 4.6%. Revenues experienced an increase overall of \$1,603,797 or 6.0%. Most of this increase was due to the increase in tax increment debt proceeds of \$1,100.078. Expenditures increased by \$10,892,617 or 72.8% in overall. Community development increased nearly \$8.0 million or 56.7% due to a \$7.6 million increase in affordable housing development expenses in the area and the Alberta Commons leasehold improvement slated for completion in fiscal year 2020.

Proprietary funds. Prosper Portland's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Business Management Fund was established to account for activity related to business and real estate that is not funded by tax increment or other public funding sources. Net position in the Business Management Fund decreased by \$276,572 or 2.6%. This modest decrease is due to decrease activity in acquisitions or development during the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and final amended budget amounted to a \$317,694 decrease in appropriations. The major differences are summarized as follows:

	Change in Original Budget to Final Budget	
Revenue increase	\$ 609,672	Largest components of increase are: \$379,000 in intergovernmental revenue \$110,720 in charges for services added for contract with partner bureau.
Expenditure increase	\$621,010	Components of increase are: \$496,184 increase in economic development \$427,404 increase in administration \$228,174 decrease in property redevelopment

The increase in expenditures for economic development was due in part to an increase in the
intergovernmental agreement with the City of Portland for prior year carryover and new funding
in support of those activities. The decrease in property redevelopment expenditures was the
result of a decrease in estimated Property Fit expenditures based on program timeline.

Differences between the final amended budget and actual revenues and expenditures amounted to a \$1,846,359 decrease over projected amounts. The major differences are summarized as follows:

	Final Budget to Actual	
Revenue variance	\$99,864	Largest component of variance: \$118,840 IGA with City of Portland where budgeted revenues were higher than the final, year-end amount invoiced to the city.
Expenditure variance	\$637,167	Largest component of variance: \$470,833 as a result of operational savings, primarily in administration and personnel services.

• Budgeted contingency funds of \$1,309,056 represent resources expected to be carried over to the following fiscal year's beginning balance.

Capital Assets, Property Held for Sale, and Long-Term Debt

Prosper Portland records all its capital outlay expenditures as either capital assets to be used in the course of business or project-related property held for sale.

Capital assets. As of June 30, 2019, capital assets amount to \$79,623,433 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and software. The total increase in Prosper Portland's investment in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$22,017,377 or 38.2%. The majority of this increase is due to work in progress for the Alberta Commons project, which will be a leasehold asset once completed.

Prosper Portland's Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation) At June 30

	Governmental activities									
Asset type	2019		2018			Change				
Land	\$	16,016,870	\$	16,016,870	\$	-				
Work in progress		28,461,953		5,704,940		22,757,013				
Buildings		33,650,318		34,440,976		(790,658)				
Equipment		189,585		234,039		(44,454)				
Intangible software		1,304,707		1,209,231		95,476				
Total asset	\$	79,623,433	\$	57,606,056	\$	22,017,377				

Additional information on Prosper Portland's capital assets can be found in note F. on page 49 of this report, and in the Supplementary Data on pages 116-120.

Property Held for Sale. Expenditures for acquisition and improvements of real properties intended for sale to developers, as well as intangible assets such as lease rights, are referred to as property held for sale. This

recording approach is also used for real property slated to be transferred to the City of Portland. Following are the changes in property held for sale for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Prosper Portland's Real Property Held for Sale For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Funding Source	Balance July 1, 2018		Additions		Disposals/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2019
General Fund \$	146,754	\$	-	\$	- \$	146,754
North Macadam Urban Renew al Fund	1,892,706		28,246		-	1,920,952
River District Urban Renew al Fund	8,718,649		-		-	8,718,649
Convention Center Urban Renew al Fund	5,580,314		-		-	5,580,314
Lents Town Center	2,739,395		-		-	2,739,395
Interstate Corridor Urban Renew al Fund	1,034,095		-		(1,034,095)	-
Other Governmental Funds	15,982,118		-	*	(165,862)	15,816,256
Subtotal Governmental Funds	36,094,031	_	28,246	-	(1,199,957)	34,922,320
Business Management Fund	71,145,817	_	21,363			71,167,180
Total Property Held for Sale \$	107,239,848	\$	49,609	\$	(1,199,957)	106,089,500

^{*}Amortization is recorded as a reduction in the value of the asset. This reflects the current year amortization of intangible assets.

In the North Macadam District Urban Renewal Fund, there was a modest investment in a property the agency is currently committed to acquisition. The Pascuzzi site, as it is known, is booked as work in progress.

In the Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund, the Argyle property was sold bringing the total property held for sale in that urban renewal area to zero.

In the Business Management Fund, Block 25 was enhanced by a modest \$21,363 investment.

Additional information on Prosper Portland's real property held for sale can be found in note E. on pages 48-49 of this report, and in the Supplementary Data on pages 119-120.

Long-term debt. Prosper Portland does not issue bonds but receives proceeds from bonds issued and carried by the City of Portland. Additionally, the City of Portland maintains lines of credit to provide short-term funding for Prosper Portland projects. The City's lines of credit are ultimately repaid with the long-term financing provided by bond sales. See the statistical section on bonds in this report and the City of Portland's financial statements for further information.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The Portland metropolitan area unemployment rate for July 2019 was 3.8% compared to 3.7% in 2018 and 4.0% in 2017. The unemployment rate for the United States as a whole for July 2019 is 3.7%. Meanwhile, job growth was 2.3% year over year with the Portland metro area adding 27,300 jobs over the past 12 months, with professional and business services and construction as the fastest growing industries.
- The Portland area office vacancy was 7.2% during the second quarter with net absorption of 541,000 square feet (sf). Currently there is total 2,500,000 sf of office space under construction in the Portland area.
- In the industrial market the average vacancy rate was 4.5% at the end of the 2nd quarter of 2019 with around 49,600 sf absorbed. Projects totaling 4,100,000 sf are currently under construction.
- Inflation is slightly higher at 2.6% at the end of the fiscal year and 1.8% over this time last year on a national level.

All of the above economic indicators are occurring in the context of similar economic improvements for the State of Oregon. All these factors were considered in preparing Prosper Portland's budget for the next fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general financial overview for those with an interest in Prosper Portland's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, Prosper Portland, 222 NW Fifth Avenue, Portland, Oregon, 97209.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 383,352	\$ -	\$ 383,352
Cash with City of Portland		·	, ,,,,,
investment pool Receivables:	280,451,969	11,228,614	291,680,583
Due from City of Portland	5,331,030	_	5,331,030
Accounts	7,203,961	31,112	7,235,073
Internal balances	70,168,421	(70,168,421)	-
Loans, net	2,308,063	24,921	2,332,984
Interest	1,707,155	66,189	1,773,344
loan interest	47,676	228	47,904
Prepaids and other	170,227		170,227
Property held for sale	34,922,320	71,167,180	106,089,500
Total current assets	402,694,174	12,349,823	415,043,997
Non-current assets:	00 500 005	000 700	00 000 045
Loans receivable, net	32,569,265	328,780	32,898,045
Other post-employment benefits	52,218	2 000 000	52,218
Escrow deposit Capital assets not being depreciated:	-	3,000,000	3,000,000
Land	16,016,870	_	16,016,870
Work in progress	28,461,953	_	28,461,953
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation:			,,
Buildings and improvements	33,650,318	-	33,650,318
Equipment	189,585	-	189,585
Intangible software	1,304,707		1,304,707
Total non-current assets	112,244,916	3,328,780	115,573,696
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefits	58,410	-	58,410
Deferred outflow related to pensions	3,878,052		3,878,052
Total deferred outflow of resources	3,936,462	-	3,936,462
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$ 518,875,552	\$ 15,678,603	\$ 534,554,155
LIADILITIES	,	,	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 7,888,415	\$ -	\$ 7,888,415
Accrued liabilities	610,420	-	610,420
Due to City of Portland	6,287,626	_	6,287,626
Due to other entities	739,393	-	739,393
Unearned revenue	50,000	-	50,000
Long-term liabilities due within one year:			
Pollution remediation	12,485,890	-	12,485,890
Note payable	31,025	-	31,025
Vacation accrual	154,181		154,181
Total long-term liabilities due within one year	12,671,096		12,671,096
Total current liabilities	28,246,950		28,246,950
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities:			
Note payable	1,095,474	-	1,095,474
Other post-employment benefits obligation	280,843	-	280,843
Pension obligation	10,867,461	-	10,867,461
Pollution remediation	37,135,717	-	37,135,717
Vacation accrual	399,979		399,979
Total non-current liabilities	49,779,474		49,779,474
Total liabilities	78,026,424		78,026,424
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflow related to other post-employment benefits	74,042	-	74,042
Deferred inflow related to pensions	683,212		683,212
Total deferred inflow of resources	757,254	-	757,254
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	79,623,433	-	79,623,433
Urban renewal	375,683,304	_	375,683,304
Property clean up		3,000,000	3,000,000
Other	6,984,958		6,984,958
Unrestricted	(22,199,821)	12,678,603	(9,521,218)
Total net position	440,091,874	15,678,603	455,770,477
·		<u> </u>	
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 518,875,552	\$ 15,678,603	\$ 534,554,155

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenues						
		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions					
Functions/Programs									
Governmental activities:									
Community development	\$	123,737,081 \$	8,717,863 \$	9,611,334					
Business-type activities:									
Enterprise loans		601,153	1,674	-					
Enterprise management	_	154,113	63,028						
Total	\$	124,492,347 \$	8,782,565_\$	9,611,334					

General Revenues:

Tax-increment debt proceeds (in lieu of tax-increment revenue) - intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted City of Portland debt proceeds for operations Unrestricted investment income Miscellaneous revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Net position - July 1, 2018

Change in net position

Net position - June 30, 2019

_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$	(105,407,884) \$	- \$	(105,407,884)
_	<u> </u>	(599,479) (91,085)	(599,479) (91,085)
	(105,407,884)	(690,564)	(106,098,448)
	93,748,968	-	93,748,968
	9,499,409 6,108,557	266,853	9,499,409 6,375,410
	8,276,846 (31,387)	249,633 31,387	8,526,479 -
_	117,602,393	547,873	118,150,266
	12,194,509	(142,691)	12,051,818
	427,897,365	15,821,294	443,718,659
\$_	440,091,874 \$	15,678,603_\$	455,770,477

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Ji	une 30, 2019	Sp	pecial Revenue Funds		Capital	Pro	jects Funds
	_	General Fund		Component Unit 9101 Foster LLC		North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund		River District Urban Renewal Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,668	\$	354,684	\$	-	\$	_
Cash with City of Portland								
investment pool Receivables:		878,857		-		19,486,773		67,335,914
Due from City of Portland		2,065,239		_		_		1,716,298
Accounts		19,098		74,876		514,956		220,639
Internal balances						· -		69,951,421
Internal payable		-		-		-		-
Loans, net		-		-		-		13,288,547
Interest		2,092		-		115,187		403,362
Loan interest		-		-				12,048
Property held for sale		146,754		-		1,920,952		8,718,649
Other	_	14,100		22,300				
Total Assets	_	3,154,808		451,860		22,037,868		161,646,878
Total Assets	\$ _	3,154,808	\$	451,860	\$	22,037,868	\$	161,646,878
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:	\$	640,149	\$	93,264	\$	47.790	\$	467.550
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	Ф	610,220	Ф	93,264	Ф	47,790	Ф	467,550
Notes Payable other		010,220		15,394,594		_		_
Due to City of Portland		384,479		-		23,132		1,025,119
Due to other entities		1,321		-		-		1,000
Internal balances		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues	_	-		-				
Total Liabilities	_	1,636,169		15,487,858		70,922		1,493,669
FUND BALANCES								
Non-spendable Property held for sale		146,754		-		-		-
Restricted								
Loans receivable		-		-		21.000.040		13,288,547
Urban renewal Contractual obligations		-		-		21,966,946		146,864,662
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Subsequent year's expenditures Unassigned		1,371,885		-		-		-
Ending fund balance	_	-		(15,035,998)				
Total Freed Balances		4 540 000		(15.025.009)		21,966,946		160,153,209
Total Fund Balances	_	1,518,639		(15,035,998)		21,000,010		100,100,200

Capital Project	ts Funds	(continued)
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Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund	•	Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund	 Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	<u>.</u>	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	-	\$	383,352
13,087,723		7,729,015	51,647,436	120,150,953		280,316,671
-		-	-	1,549,493		5,331,030
5,053,635		122,706	46,167	1,151,884		7,203,961
-		-	-	-		69,951,421
-		-	-	937,000		937,000
10,196,205		12,150,821	8,949,730	4,560,120		49,145,423
89,961		54,178	331,831	709,748		1,706,359
21,427		2,068	4,025	8,108		47,676
5,580,314		2,739,395	-	15,816,256		34,922,320
128,827			 5,000			170,227
34,158,092		22,798,183	 60,984,189	144,883,562		450,115,440
	-		 		•	
\$ 34,158,092	\$	22,798,183	\$ 60,984,189	144,883,562	\$	450,115,440
\$ 2,803,198	\$	19,308	\$ 190,200	3,626,956 200	\$	7,888,415 610,420
-		-	-	-		15,394,594
1,859		594,274	3,766,020	492,743		6,287,626
722,447		2,250	12,375			739,393
-		-	-	720,000		720,000
50,000	•		 		•	50,000
3,577,504		615,832	 3,968,595	4,839,899		31,690,448
- 10,196,205 20,384,383 -		- 12,150,821 10,031,530 -	8,949,730 48,065,864 -	3,524,288 129,881,935 6,637,440		146,754 48,109,591 377,195,320 6,637,440
-		-	-	-		1,371,885
			 			(15,035,998)
30,580,588		22,182,351	 57,015,594	140,043,663		418,424,992
\$ 34,158,092	•	22,798,183	\$ 60,984,189	144,883,562	\$	450,115,440



Building an Equitable Economy

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	418,424,992
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		79,623,433
The following liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Other post-employment benefits Post-employment benefit PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account asset Deferred outflow of resources Post-employment benefit obligation health insurance continuation liability Deferred inflow of resources Total other post-employment benefits	\$ 52,218 58,410 (280,843) (74,042)	(244,257)
Net vacation accrual obligation reported on the Balance Sheet		(554,160)
Pollution remediation liability		(49,621,607)
Pension Deferred outflow of resources Net pension liability Deferred inflow of resources Total pension	3,878,052 (10,867,461) (683,212)	(7,672,621)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge insurance costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position	-	136,094
Net position of governmental activities	\$ =	440,091,874

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			_	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund				
		General Fund		Component Unit 9101 Foster LLC	North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund		River District Urban Renewal District		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	6,501,485	\$	=	\$	\$	155,487		
Charges for services		230,381		697,480	369,653		2,417,756		
Loan collections		1,112		-	-		385,083		
Interest on investments		6,827		-	364,713		1,754,724		
City of Portland line of credit advance		-		-	-		9,499,409		
Miscellaneous		127,720		27,648	-		387,477		
Tax-increment debt proceeds									
(in lieu of tax-increment revenue)		-			14,492,517	_	27,985,549		
Total revenues	_	6,867,525		725,128	15,226,883	_	42,585,485		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Community development		2,719,701		428,834	11,794,603		14,834,725		
Capital expenditures for urban renewal		-			58,660		4,247,461		
Financial assistance		3,918,672		=	3,840,000		9,638,460		
Debt service		-		14,257	-		-		
Capital Outlay	_	173,870		38,880		-			
Total expenditures	_	6,812,243		481,971	15,693,263	-	28,720,646		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		55,282		243,157	(466,380)		13,864,839		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out	_	(31,387)				-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(31,387)	ji		<u> </u>	-			
Net change in fund balances	_	23,895		243,157	(466,380)	_	13,864,839		
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2018	_	1,494,744		(15,279,155)	22,433,326	_	146,288,370		
FUND BALANCES (deficit) - June 30, 2019	\$_	1,518,639	\$	(15,035,998)	\$ 21,966,946	\$	160,153,209		

Capital Projects Fund (continued)

	Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund		Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund	Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,954,362	\$	9,611,334
	2,470,506		170,491	282,604		2,078,992		8,717,863
	356,910		51,141	49,214		161,815		1,005,275
	417,985		166,576	967,307		2,427,523		6,105,655
	-		-	-		-		9,499,409
	6,347,236		161,261	103,339		181,444		7,336,125
	-		11,993,807	26,986,065		12,291,030	-	93,748,968
	9,592,637	•	12,543,276	28,388,529	•	20,095,166		136,024,629
	8,980,165		9,530,184	22,035,425		5,441,008		75,764,645
	434,686		1,451,550	746,145		2,867,201		9,805,703
	34,071		7,408,965	1,542,287		4,696,182		31,078,637
	04.050.040		-	4 505 707		-		14,257
•	21,356,248		-	1,535,787		-	-	23,104,785
	30,805,170		18,390,699	25,859,644		13,004,391	-	139,768,027
	(21,212,533)		(5,847,423)	2,528,885	•	7,090,775	_	(3,743,398)
	-		-	-		-	-	(31,387)
	-,		-	=		=	-	(31,387)
	(21,212,533)		(5,847,423)	2,528,885		7,090,775	-	(3,774,785)
	51,793,121		28,029,774	54,486,709		132,952,888	-	422,199,777
\$	30,580,588	\$	22,182,351	\$ 57,015,594	\$	140,043,663	\$	418,424,992

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(3,774,785)
Governmental funds report capital asset acquisitions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital assets acquisitions.		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 23,094,709	
Less current year depreciation	(1,077,332)	22,017,377
Pension related expenses that are reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(1,105,577)
Current year adjustment for change in net other post-employment benefits obligation payable in the Statement of Net Position		30,172
Current year adjustment for change in vacation accrual		44,238
Current year adjustment for change in pollution remediation		(5,019,818)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge insurance costs to individual funds. The change in net position is reported with		
governmental activities. Interest on investment		2,902
	_	_
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	12,194,509

GENERAL FUND (adopted as Urban Redevelopment Fund) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND **CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Ar	nounts			Variance with	
	_	Original	/ tl	Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	-		
Intergovernmental revenues-								
State and local	\$	59,117	\$	20,000	\$	- \$	(20,000)	
City of Portland, General Fund		6,241,325		6,620,325		6,501,485	(118,840)	
Charges for services-								
Application fees and charges		-		-		71	71	
Contractual service charges		100,000		210,720		175,720	(35,000)	
Loan Collections-								
Principal		-		66,000		65,928	(72)	
Interest		-		1,200		1,112	(88)	
Interest on investments		-		-		6,827	6,827	
Miscellaneous:								
Reimbursements		-		-		46,200	46,200	
Sale of personal property		-		-		393	393	
Private grants and donations		-		-		20,000	20,000	
Other			_	91,869	_	92,514	645	
Total revenues	_	6,400,442	_	7,010,114	_	6,910,250	(99,864)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:		000 465		694 204		E40 700	140 E11	
Property redevelopment		909,465		681,291		540,780	140,511	
Economic development		5,914,728		6,410,912		6,385,089	25,823	
Administration	_	12,361,125	_	12,788,529	_	12,317,696	470,833	
Total community development	_	19,185,318	_	19,880,732	_	19,243,565	637,167	
Contingency	_	1,383,460	_	1,309,056	_	<u> </u>	1,309,056	
Total expenditures	_	20,568,778	_	21,189,788	_	19,243,565	1,946,223	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(14,168,336)		(14,179,674)		(12,333,315)	1,846,359	
over experianting		(1.1,100,000)	_	(1.1,110,01.1)	_	(:=,000,0:0)	.,0.10,000	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Internal service reimbursements in		13,208,177		13,688,631		12,909,810	(778,821)	
Internal service reimbursements out		(433,425)		(449,218)		(423,700)	25,518	
Transfers out:		(400,420)		(443,210)		(423,700)	20,010	
General Fund		_		(240,215)		(31,387.00)	208,828	
Enterprise Loans Fund		_		(70,000)		(01,007.00)	70,000	
	_		_	(10,000)	_		. 0,000	
Total transfers out	_		_	(310,215)	_	(31,387)	278,828	
Net change in fund balance		(1,393,584)		(1,250,476)		121,408	1,371,884	
-								
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018	_	1,393,584	_	1,250,476	_	1,250,477	1	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$_		\$ _	<u>-</u>		1,371,885 \$	1,371,885	
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis- Property held for sale						146,754		
					_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS	5)				\$ _	1,518,639		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	_	Major Business- type Activities- Enterprise Funds Business Management Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
ASSETS			_	•		•	_	
Current assets:								
Cash with City of Portland	•	7,000,044, (•	4 005 070	Φ.	44 000 044	Φ.	405.000
investment pool Receivables:	\$	7,022,641	Þ	4,205,973	\$	11,228,614	Ъ	135,298
Accounts		31,112		_		31,112		_
Internal balances		51,112		720,000		720,000		_
Loans, net		_		24,921		24,921		-
Interest		41,511		24,678		66,189		796
Property held for sale		71,167,180		-		71,167,180		-
Other	_	<u> </u>	_	228		228	_	
Total current assets	_	78,262,444	_	4,975,800		83,238,244	_	136,094
Noncurrent assets:								
Escrow deposit		3,000,000		-		3,000,000		-
Loans receivable, net	_		_	328,780		328,780	-	<u> </u>
Total noncurrent assets		3,000,000	_	328,780		3,328,780	_	- _
Total assets	\$	81,262,444	\$_	5,304,580	\$	86,567,024	\$_	136,094
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Liabilities: Current liabilities: Advance from other funds		69,951,421		_		69,951,421		_
	_	,,	-			,,	_	
Total current liabilities	_	69,951,421	_	-		69,951,421	_	-
Non-current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		937,000	_	-		937,000	_	<u> </u>
Total non-current liabilities	_	937,000	_	-		937,000	_	=
Total liabilities	_	70,888,421	_	-		70,888,421	-	
NET POSITION Restricted for rent abatement		-		-		-		100,000
Restricted for pollution remediation Unrestricted		3,000,000 7,374,023		5,304,580		3,000,000 12,678,603		- 36,094
Total net position		10,374,023	_	5,304,580		15,678,603	-	136,094
Total liabilities and net position	\$	81,262,444	\$_	5,304,580	\$	86,567,024	\$_	136,094
			_	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	_	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Major Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services Interest on loans Miscellaneous revenues	\$	Business Management Fund 63,028 \$	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds 1,674 17,832 142,712	\$	Total Enterprise Funds 64,702 17,832 249,633	<u>-</u>	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Total operating revenues	_	169,949	162,218	-	332,167	_	
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personal services Professional servicers Financial assistance Miscellaneous expenses		4,586 - - - 596,567	55,698 242 98,173	_	60,284 242 98,173 596,567		- - - -
Total operating expenses	_	601,153	154,113	_	755,266	_	
Operating income (loss)	_	(431,204)	8,105	_	(423,099)	_	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE): Interest on investments	_	154,632	94,389	_	249,021	_	2,902
Total non-operating revenues (expense)	_	154,632	94,389	_	249,021	_	2,902
Income before transfers	_	(276,572)	102,494	-	(174,078)	_	2,902
Transfers in	_	<u>-</u>	31,387	_	31,387	_	<u>-</u> _
Change in net position	_	(276,572)	133,881	_	(142,691)	_	2,902
Net position - July 1, 2018	_	10,650,595	5,170,699	_	15,821,294	_	133,192
Net position - June 30, 2019	\$_	10,374,023 \$	5,304,580	\$_	15,678,603	\$_	136,094

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Major Business-type Activities - Enterprise

	Funds				Governmental	
		Business Management Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Loan collections from borrowers	\$	-	\$	67,974 \$	67,974 \$	-
Interest on loans from borrowers		-		18,841	18,841	-
Loan fees from customers		-		1,674	1,674	-
Rent income		13,028		-	13,028	-
Collection of receivables from other entities		(14,290)		-	(14,290)	-
Payments to employees		(4,586)		(55,700)	(60,286)	-
Payments to vendors		(596,567)		(240)	(596,807)	-
Loans to borrowers		-		(10,162)	(10,162)	-
Miscellaneous reimbursements (payments)		135,558		37,469	173,027	-
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	-	(466,857)	_	59,856	(407,001)	-
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Repayment of interfund borrowing		-		1,170,387	1,170,387	-
Interfund borrowing		<u> </u>		(630,000)	(630,000)	-
Net cash provided by noncapital						
financing activities		-	_	540,387	540,387	
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest received from investing		141,887	_	86,868	228,755	2,667
Net cash increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(324,970)		687,111	362,141	2,667
Cash and cash equivalents-July 1, 2018		7,347,611	_	3,518,862	10,866,473	132,631
Cash and cash equivalents-June 30, 2019	\$	7,022,641	\$_	4,205,973 \$	11,228,614 \$	135,298
Cash with City of Portland investment pool	\$	7,022,641	\$_	4,205,973 \$	11,228,614 \$	135,298
Total	\$	7,022,641	\$_	4,205,973 \$	11,228,614 \$	135,298
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities: Net operating income(loss)	\$	(431,204)	\$	8,105 \$	(423,099) \$	-
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities: increase in property held for sale Increase in loans receivable Increase in due from other entities Total adjustments	_	(21,363) (14,290) - (35,653)	_	50,741 1,010 51,751	(21,363) 36,451 1,010 16,098	- - -
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(466,857)	\$_	59,856_\$	(407,001) \$	

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. Reporting Entity

Prosper Portland is the City of Portland's (the City) urban renewal and economic development agency and adopted the new name on May 11, 2017. Prosper Portland was created in 1958 under Article I, Section 15 of the Charter of the City of Portland, Oregon to deliver projects and programs to achieve the City's business recruitment and retention, job creation, financial assistance for rehabilitation and restoration of property and business development, and for the acquisition of real property for the purpose of removing or preventing blight. Prosper Portland is governed by a five-member Commission, appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council to serve three-year terms.

Prosper Portland is a component unit of the City and its financial activities are discretely presented in a separate column in the City's basic financial statements. Prosper Portland's Commission established a limited liability corporation for construction and management of the 9101 Foster project. The 9101 Foster LLC is included in this report as a blended component unit of Prosper Portland. 9101 Foster LLC is not required to adopt an annual budget so no budgetary statement is presented for this fund.

C. Basis of Presentation—Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all the activities of Prosper Portland. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax-increment debt proceeds (in lieu of tax increment revenue) hereafter referred to as tax-increment revenue and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who use or directly benefit from services or privileges provided by the given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function. Tax-increment debt proceeds (in lieu of tax-increment revenue) and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

D. Basis of Presentation—Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and the proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major governmental funds are consolidated into a single column in the basic financial statements. Combining schedules of the components of the non-major proprietary funds and the non-major governmental funds are presented in the supplementary data section of the report.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Prosper Portland reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund (adopted as Urban Redevelopment Fund) – this is Prosper Portland's primary operating fund. It accounts for the financial operations not accounted for in any other fund and for indirect administrative costs. Principal resources are reimbursement for services to other funds, contract fees for services provided to other agencies, miscellaneous grants, donations and interest earnings. Primary expenditures are for personal services, operational supplies, and capital outlay.

The following capital project major funds are primarily funded by tax-increment debt proceeds (in lieu of tax-increment revenue):

North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund – accounts for resources used in the redevelopment of the district into a major mixed-use Central City neighborhood, with a spectacular greenway and parks system, improved transportation infrastructure and accessibility, and enhanced public amenities.

River District Urban Renewal Fund – accounts for resources used in the development and construction of a wide range of housing units, new commercial opportunities and open space, all oriented to the Willamette River.

Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund – accounts for resources used to implement a plan for the area surrounding the Oregon Convention Center that will support Convention Center business, enhance area recreational and entertainment facilities, strengthen ties to downtown Portland, ensure the area's compatibility with nearby neighborhoods, and develop the Eastbank Riverfront park.

Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund – accounts for resources used in the revitalization of commercial and residential areas in and near the existing Lents neighborhood.

Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund – accounts for resources used in the construction and preservation of a wide array of housing options, create new family-wage jobs, and fund the infrastructure investment to support these efforts.

Component Unit 9101 Foster LLC – accounts for activities associated with 9101 LLC established to operate the newly-constructed Lents Commons.

Prosper Portland reports the following major proprietary funds:

Business Management Fund – provides for the activity related to business and real estate that are not funded by tax increment or other public funding sources.

Prosper Portland reports the following non-major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Loans Fund - this enterprise fund accounts for the activities of Prosper Portland's loan programs.

Risk Management Fund – this Internal Service Fund sets aside resources to meet insurance policy deductibles, if necessary.

As a rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are overhead charges allocated by the General Fund to the Enterprise Loans Fund in the amount of \$54,590. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs reported for the various programs concerned.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, Prosper Portland considers receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Significant revenues that were measurable and available under the modified accrual basis are composed of certain intergovernmental revenues consisting primarily of grant proceeds and tax-increment revenue.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for services or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. All other revenues are considered general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Loans Fund are interest on loans and charges for loan fees. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to use for the same purpose, it is Prosper Portland's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

F. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and service. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the service level. A service describes program objectives such as economic development, property development and housing.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (e.g., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to ensure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to State of Oregon regulations.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

G. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

1. Cash and Investments

Prosper Portland's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City Charter requires Prosper Portland to participate in the City's cash and investment pool. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position as "Cash with City of Portland Investment Pool".

Investment pool cash balances are part of the City's cash management activity and are considered cash and cash equivalents. Activities undertaken by the investment pool on behalf of the proprietary funds are not considered part of the investing and financing activities of the funds, and details of these investments are not reported in the Statement of Cash Flows. In general, interest earned from pooled investments is allocated to each City fund, including Prosper Portland, which appears as a single cash account, based on average earnings rate and daily cash balance of each fund. Prosper Portland allocates and credits interest received from the City to each individual fund based on the monthly ending cash balance.

The types of investments in which the City may invest are restricted by State of Oregon statutes and a Council-adopted investment policy. Authorized investments include general obligations of the United States government and its agencies, obligations of the States of Oregon, California, Idaho and Washington that have a rating of AA or better, A-1 rated commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, Aa rated corporate bonds, time deposits, repurchase agreements and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Prosper Portland recorded its investment in the City of Portland Investment Pool at fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as internal balances. Reimbursements due from other governmental entities for the Community Development Block Grant Economic Opportunity Initiative (CDBG-EOI) programs are reported as accounts receivable.

Loans receivable are recorded when the borrower has signed a promissory note and disbursements are made in accordance with the loan agreement. Prosper Portland maintains an interest accrual balance for outstanding interest earned but not paid at the end of the year.

Prosper Portland maintains a valuation allowance for loans receivable as an allowance for risk. The allowance for risk is determined based on the historical performance of each loan type and upon continuing consideration of changes in the character of the portfolio.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, buildings, equipment, and software. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Additions or improvements that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Expenditures for equipment, real property acquisitions, and improvements are stated as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds. Capital assets that are

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

acquired and held for internal use are stated at historical cost and include the costs of appraisals and demolition. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date of donation.

Expenditures incurred for the acquisition and improvement of properties, as an agent for the owner, are not capitalized. Maintenance and repairs of a routine nature are charged to expenditures/expenses as incurred and are not capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization on capital assets is recorded in the Statement of Activities and is calculated using a modified half-year convention method on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	50
Leasehold improvements	6
Equipment	5-15
Computer software	10
Computer equipment	5

Generally, when construction projects are completed on behalf of the City of Portland, the project's capital assets are transferred to the City at cost. All other proceeds from the sale of capital assets are recognized as revenue.

4. Property Held for Sale

Land, related buildings and improvements, as well as intangible assets acquired for the purpose of redevelopment and sale are recognized as assets and stated at the lower of cost (including costs of appraisal, demolition, improvements, and relocation) or net realizable value and are offset by non-spendable or restricted fund balance depending on the fund classification. Upon final disposition or a decline in the value of the property, gain or loss is charged or credited to operations.

5. Compensated Absences

It is Prosper Portland's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since Prosper Portland does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The current portion for the year ending June 30, 2019 was \$154,181.

6. Long-term Obligations

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)

Prosper Portland's net OPEB obligation is recognized as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements, the amount of which is actuarially determined.

Net Pension Liability

Prosper Portland reports its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability or asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of OPERS and additions to/deductions from

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other

Prosper Portland also reports a long-term obligation for pollution remediation and vacation obligation due employees. Long-term bonded debt issued to finance urban development activities is not reported in the financial statements but is reported in the City of Portland's financial statements since the debt is the obligation of the City.

7. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for the deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)— For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Account (OPERS RHIA) and additions to/deductions from OPERS RHIA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS RHIA. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Fund Equity and Net Position

Prosper Portland's equity is classified as follows in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements:

Net Investment in capital assets. This represents Prosper Portland's total investment in capital assets.

Restricted. This represents net position that is limited in use by external third parties, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by legislation.

Unrestricted. This represents net position not included in other categories.

Prosper Portland's fund balance is classified as follows in the governmental fund financial statements:

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Non-spendable. This includes the portion of fund balance that is not in a spendable form such as long-term loans receivable, properties held for sale, and prepaid expenses.

Restricted. The restriction is imposed by a third party such as creditors or regulators or enabling legislation.

Committed. This represents resources committed by Prosper Portland's board. Resolutions passed by the Prosper Portland Board of Commissioners are required to commit or release funds at this level.

Assigned. This represents resources intended for a specific purpose but not meeting the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Commissioners established fund balance policy in adopting the implementation of GASB 54 in Resolution No. 6894 and designated the Chief Financial Officer the authority to assign resources and ending fund balances as necessary. This delegation pertains to the assigned/unassigned categories of the General Fund to demonstrate intended use of unassigned funds.

Unassigned. Residual amounts that are not restricted, committed, or assigned in the General Fund and any negative amounts in other funds created by expenditures exceeding restricted, committed, or assigned resources.

Prosper Portland will spend resources in the following order as appropriate for the specific expenditures when more than one category of fund balance exists: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Any exceptions to this spending order must be approved by the Board of Commissioners.

9. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2019, and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses for the year then ended. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

10. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* was issued in January of 2017 and will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. This pronouncement enhances consistency and uniformity in reporting by establishing criteria for identification of activities that should be reported as fiduciary types and clarifying how that applies to business-type activities. Prosper Portland will implement this in fiscal year 2020 if applicable.

GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues* was issued in May of 2017 and was effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. This pronouncement establishes uniformity for derecognizing debt that is defeased in substance, regardless of how the means of extinguishing that debt acquired. This also applies to the financial reporting of prepaid insurance related to debt.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases was issued in June of 2017 and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. This pronouncement establishes a single model for lease accounting, under which the lessee recognizes a lease liability and intangible asset, and a lessor recognizes a lease receivable and deferred inflow asset. This will capture liabilities that currently are not reported and move leases under a single model for improved comparative financial statements. Prosper Portland will implement this in fiscal year 2021 if applicable.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements was issued in April of 2018 and is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. This pronouncement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, and that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. Prosper Portland has implemented this in fiscal year 2019.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period was issued in June of 2018 and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. Interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Prosper Portland will implement this in fiscal year 2021 if applicable.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* was issued in May 2019 and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. This Statement clarifies the definition of conduit debt and establishes standards for reporting and accounting. Prosper Portland will implement this in fiscal year 2022.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Prosper Portland is required by Oregon Local Budget Law to budget all funds, except for the 9101 Foster LLC fund, which is not required to have a budget. Funds requiring a budget are budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The resolution authorizing appropriations sets the maximum level of expenditures for each fund. The original budget is adopted by the Commission by resolution prior to the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1 through June 30). The amount reported as "fund balance" on the General Fund budgetary basis of accounting derives from the basis of accounting used in preparing Prosper Portland's budget.

In the General Fund this amount differs from the fund balance reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances due to required entries to adjust from a budgetary basis of reporting to a generally accepted accounting principal (GAAP) basis of accounting. These largest of these adjustments relate to loans receivable payments and disbursements reported as revenues and expenses

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

on a budgetary basis but not on a GAAP basis. Those adjustments and others for the General Fund are detailed below:

Revenues—budgetary basis	\$ 6,910,250
Transfer of loan program to Enterprise Loans fund	(31,387)
Loans receivable revenues	(65,928)
Internal services revenues from business-type funds	54,590
	\$ 6,867,525
Expenditures—budgetary basis	\$ 19,243,565
Transfer of accrued interest with loan program to Enterprise Loans fund	198
Internal service reimbursements between governmental funds	(12,431,520)
	\$ 6,812,243

Appropriations are made by organizational unit or programs, appropriating the expenditure budget by business line. Expenditure detail is also provided by the following categories: Personal Services, Materials and Services, Capital Outlay, Financial Assistance, Debt Service, and other levels of control established by the resolution. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget using a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget may require hearings before the public and publication in newspapers, but always requires approval by the Commission. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified using appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the Commission. The Commission approved two supplemental budgets during the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at each fiscal year-end.

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with City of Portland Investment Pool

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds including its component units. Cash and investments are presented on the balance sheet in the basic financial statements at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31.

All investment pool cash purchases and sales are part of the City's cash management activity and are considered cash and cash equivalents. Activities undertaken by the pool on behalf of the proprietary funds are not part of operating, capital, investing, or financing activities of the proprietary funds, and details of these transactions are not reported in the Statement of Cash Flows. In general, interest earned from pooled investments is allocated to each fund based on the average earnings rate and daily cash balance of each fund.

Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 294 authorizes the City and component units to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, high-grade commercial paper, high-grade corporate bonds and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The City's investment policy is reviewed annually by the Office of Management and Finance, after consulting with the City's Investment Advisory Committee (IAC). Material changes to the policy require submission to the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board for review. Once completed, it is submitted annually for adoption by City Council.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The City does not invest in any form of derivatives or reverse repurchase agreements and does not leverage its investment portfolio in any manner. The City purchases investments only through designated Primary Government Securities Dealers approved by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or broker/dealers approved by the city's Chief Financial Officer or designee in consultation with the City Treasurer and the IAC.

Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies

The following methods (or "techniques") and inputs are used to establish the fair value of each asset.

Bond investments are valued on the basis of last available bid prices or current market quotations provided by dealers or pricing services. Floating rate loan interests are valued at the mean of the bid prices from one or more brokers or dealers as obtained from a pricing service. In determining the value of an investment, pricing services may use certain information with respect to transactions in such investments, quotations from dealers, pricing matrixes, market transactions in comparable investments, various relationships observed in the market between investments and calculated yield measures.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments. These inputs to valuation techniques are categorized into a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial statement purposes as follows:

Level 1 – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each fund has the ability to access.

Level 2 – other observable inputs [including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market—corroborated inputs].

Level 3 – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments).

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The categorization of a value determined for investments is based on the pricing transparency of the investments and is not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The City has recorded its investments at fair value, and primarily uses the Market Approach to attributing a value to each security. The City applies fair market value updates to the securities on a daily basis. Security pricing is provided by the City's trust custodian and is reported daily to the City by its custodian bank. Assets are categorized by asset type, which is a key component of

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

determining hierarchy levels. Asset types allowable per the City's investment policy generally fall within hierarchy levels 1 and 2.

Prosper Portland's cash balance as of June 30, 2019 is composed of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 400
Deposits with financial institutions	382,952
Cash with City of Portland investment pool	291,680,583
	\$ 292,063,935

The balance is reflected in the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		ısiness-type Activities	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	383,352	\$ -	\$	383,352	
Cash with City of Portland investment pool		280,451,969	11,228,614		291,680,583	
	\$	280,835,321	\$ 11,228,614	\$	292,063,935	

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits

In the case of deposits, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's deposit policy is in accordance with ORS 295. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts determined by the Oregon State Treasury (OST). The OST's custodian, Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines, is the agent of the depository bank. The securities pledged are designated as subject to the Pledge Agreement between the Depository Bank, Custodian Bank and OST and are held for the benefit of the OST on behalf of the public depositors. The City's deposit policy requires that all deposits are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)., and/or are collateralized as required by and in compliance with ORS 295. The FDIC's standard insurance amount is \$250,000 per depositor, per insured bank, for each account ownership category.

In the case of security purchases, there is a risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All trades are executed by delivery vs. payment (DVP) to ensure that securities are deposited in an eligible financial institution prior to the release of funds. As of June 30, 2019, the City had no investments that were held by either counterparty or the counterparty's trust department agent. Therefore, the City has no outstanding investments that were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Prosper Portland bank deposits of \$382,952 are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 with the additional assets being secured by collateralized eligible securities at the FHLB of Des Moines, in agreement with the OST Public Funds Collateralization Program.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will fluctuate in response to changes in interest rates rather than the market price of shorter-term securities. Additionally, securities issued or guaranteed

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

by the U.S. Government, its agencies, instrumentalities and sponsored enterprises have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary prior to maturity.

As of June 30, 2019, the weighted average maturity of the City's investment portfolio was 484 days. To minimize interest rate risk, the City's investment policy limits the portfolio to a maximum weighted average maturity of twenty-four months. In addition, no more than 50% of the projected lowest cash balance may be invested in securities with a maturity range beyond two years. All other funds must be invested in less than two-year maturities and must meet the City's cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the financial risk of not receiving principal and interest when due from an issuer. The types of investments permitted by the Investment Policy seek to minimize this risk by the conservative nature of the permissible investments, and by establishing safe limits on the level of investments with financial institutions, other municipalities, issuers of commercial paper, corporate debt, and by monitoring their credit quality on an ongoing basis. An investment policy stressing a relatively short maturity and highly rated investment grade debt serves to additionally minimize credit risk. Maximum combined corporate indebtedness (Commercial Paper and Corporate Bonds) is limited to 35 percent of the total portfolio and a five percent limit of the total portfolio per issuer.

The City's investments in United States Treasury and Agency Obligations have short-term credit ratings of P-1 / A-1 / F-1, by Moody's Investor Services, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch Ratings respectively. The City's investments in United States Treasury and Agency Obligations have long-term credit ratings of Aaa / AA+ / AAA, by Moody's Investor Services, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch Ratings respectively. The City's investments in Corporate Debt Obligations have short-term or long-term credit ratings of Aa3 / AA / AA- or better, by Moody's Investor Services, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch Ratings respectively. The City's investments in Municipal Debt Obligations have long-term credit ratings of Aa2 / AA+ or better, by Moody's Investor Services and Standard & Poor's Ratings respectively.

As of June 30, 2019, the LGIP was not rated. Investments in the LGIP are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool as laid out in the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a-7 contains the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission's (SEC) regulations that apply to money market funds. The LGIP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. The City intends to measure these investments at book value as the LGIP fair value approximates it on an amortized cost basis.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Of the City's total investments as of June 30, 2019, 88 percent were United States Treasury and Agency Debt Obligations or short-term investments. All other investments not explicitly guaranteed by the United States government were less than five percent (per issuer basis) of the City's total investments. The City's investment policy addresses credit risk concentration by limiting both the types and amounts of securities

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

that may be held in the portfolio. These portfolio restrictions vary based upon the investment type and issuer. These restrictions as well as other information contained in the City's investment policy are located at: https://www.portlandoregon.gov/brfs/article/712952.

Income Risk

Income risk is the risk that the portfolio's yield will vary as short-term securities in the portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.

Market Risk and Selection Risk

Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the portfolio invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by portfolio management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices, or the other securities available for selection with similar investment objectives and investment strategies.

Municipal Securities Risks

Municipal securities risks include the relative lack of information about certain issuers of municipal securities, and the possibility of future legislative changes that could affect the market for and value of municipal securities.

U.S. Treasury Direct Obligations Risk

Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the holding period. Periodic Federal government negotiations about whether and when to raise the Federal debt ceiling may also cause the market value of U.S. Treasury direct obligations to vary during the holding period.

U.S. Government Obligations Risk

Certain securities in which the portfolio may invest, including securities issued by certain government agencies and government sponsored enterprises, are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government or supported by the full faith and credit of the United States.

Repurchase Agreement Risk

In a repurchase agreement, the City purchases securities from a counterparty who agrees to repurchase the same security at a mutually agreed upon date and price. On a daily basis, the counterparty is required to maintain eligible collateral subject to the agreement and in value no less than 102 percent of the agreed repurchase amount. The City only accepts United States Treasuries or Agencies as collateral. The agreements are conditioned upon the collateral being deposited under the Federal Reserve book entry system or held in a segregated account by a custodian under tri-party repurchase agreements. In the event the counterparty defaults and the fair value of the collateral declines, the City could experience losses, delays and costs in liquidating the collateral, should it be required to liquidate the securities prior to stated maturities.

When-Issued, Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk

When-issued, delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that a security the portfolio buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that a security will not be issued or

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

that the other party to the transaction will not meet its delivery obligation. If this occurs, the portfolio may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

B. Internal Balances and Transfers

The composition of internal balances is as follows:

		Rece	eivable Fund				
G	Major overnmental Funds		•				
R	iver District URA	ict Downtown Waterfront URA		Non-major Business-type funds		Total	
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	(547,000) (173,000) (720,000)	\$	(547,000) (173,000) (720,000)
	69,951,421 69,951,421	<u> </u>	937,000 937,000	<u> </u>	(720,000)		70,888,421 70,888,421 70,168,421
	R	Governmental Funds River District URA \$	Major	Governmental Funds Funds	Major Governmental Funds Governmental Funds Funds Major Governmental Funds Material Funds Fund	Major Governmental Funds Non Major Governmental Funds Non-major Business-type funds River District URA Downtown Waterfront URA *** (547,000) (173,000) - - - (173,000) (720,000) 69,951,421 937,000 - 69,951,421 937,000 -	Major Governmental Funds Funds Non Major Governmental Funds Funds Non-major Business-type funds Funds State Funds Funds

Total Interfund Liability sits at \$720,000 in the non-major business-type funds for FY19. A portion of this is for the CDBG EOI, and Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative URA, which owe \$630,000 for short-term interfund loans for grant expenditures not yet reimbursed. The \$90,000 balance is in the Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative URA, which received a long-term loan of \$120,000 in FY18, and made a \$30,000 payment on that loan in FY19. The River District Urban Renewal Fund made a long-term capital loan to the Business Management Fund of \$69,951,421 towards the acquisition of the United States Post Office property. The Business Management Fund is paying 0.84% interest on this loan until it is repaid. The Business Management Fund owes the Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal fund \$937,000 payable when Block 25 is sold or developed.

Interfund Transfers were for the transfer of loan repayment proceeds and are outlined below.

	Transfe	er in Fund	_			
Transfer out fund	Non-major governmental fund			n-major ness-type -unds	Total Transfers Out	
Governmental funds					-	
General fund	\$	-	\$	31,387	\$	31,387
Business-type fund						
Non-major enterprise fund		(31,387)				(31,387)
Total governmental funds		(31,387)		31,387		
Total Transfers In	\$	(31,387)	\$	31,387	\$	

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

C. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable are composed of loans to qualified borrowers for rehabilitation and redevelopment of commercial properties and commercial loans to small businesses to promote economic development, which are collateralized by personal property. Net loans receivable are as follows:

Fund and Program	Maximum Term	Interest Rate	Gross Loans Receivable	Allowance And Discount
Major Funds:	_			
River District Urban Renewal Fund: Urban Development: Amortized loans	20 yrs	1% to 7%	7,589,260	379,463
Deferred payment loans	17 yrs	0%	8,105,000	2,026,250
Total Gross River District Urba	n Renewal Fund		15,694,260	2,405,713
Total Net River District Urban F	Renewal Fund			13,288,547
Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund: Urban Development: Amortized loans Cash flow loans	20 yrs	1% to 6% 0.5% to 9%	10,750,045	701,873
Total Gross Convention Center	40 yrs	0.5% 10 9%	2,960,655 13,710,700	2,812,622 3,514,495
Total Net Convention Center U			10,710,700	10,196,205
Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund: Urban Development:				, ,
Amortized loans Cash flow loans	20 yrs	3% to 6% 0% to 3%	1,382,032	98,195
Deferred payment loans	39 yrs 10 yrs	0% to 3%	35,216,682 9,989	24,357,190 2,497
Total Gross Lents Town Cente	r Urban Renewal Fund		36,608,703	24,457,882
Total Net Lents Town Center U	rban Renewal Fund			12,150,821
Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund: Urban Development:				
Amortized loans Deferred payment loans	17 yrs 10 yrs	2% to 6.3% 2%	9,419,500 179,237	604,283 44,724
Total Gross Interstate Corridor	Urban Renewal Fund		9,598,737	649,007
Total Net Interstate Corridor Ur	ban Renewal Fund			8,949,730
Total Gross Major Funds			75,612,400	31,027,097
Total Net Major Funds				44,585,303
Other Governmental Funds: Other Federal Grants Fund (EDA): Urban Development:				
Amortized Loans	10 yrs	0% to 8%	1,138,302	102,470
Total Gross Other Federal Gra	nts Fund		1,138,302	102,470
Total Net Other Federal Grants	Fund			1,035,832
Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative Urban Renewa Urban Development: Amortized loans	al Fund 3 yrs	6.5%	56,407	56,407
Total Gross Neighborhood Pros	•		56,407	56,407
Total Net Neighborhood Prospe			30,401	
Total Net Neighborhood F 105pt	any initiative Olbail Ne	Alowai i alia		

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Fund and Program	Maximum Term	Interest Rate	Gross Loans Receivable	Allowance And Discount
Other Governmental Funds (continued):				
Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Fund:				
Urban Development: Amortized loans	20 vro	10/ to 6 20/	200 202	14.070
Amortized loans	20 yrs	1% to 6.3%	299,393	14,970
Total Gross Downtown Waterfron	nt Urban Renewal Fu	und	299,393	14,970
Total Net Downtown Waterfront	Urban Renewal Fund	d		284,423
South Park Blocks Urban Renewal Fund: Urban Development:				
Amortized loans	18 yrs	1% to 3.3%	510,376	25,519
Total Gross South Park Blocks	Urban Renewal Fund	d	510,376	25,519
Total Net South Park Blocks Urb	oan Renewal Fund		· · ·	484,857
Control Footside Uther Berevel Forest				
Central Eastside Urban Renewal Fund: Urban Development:				
Amortized loans	10 yrs	0%	1,277,583	268,474
Deferred payment loans	20 yrs	3%	22,262	5,565
Total Gross Central Eastside Ur	ban Renewal Fund		1,299,845	274,039
Total Net Central Eastside Urba	n Renewal Fund			1,025,806
Airport Way Urban Renewal Fund:				
Urban Development:				
Amortized loans	20 yrs	2% to 8.5%	1,053,245	68,043
Deferred payment loans	22 yrs	2%	992,000	248,000
Total Gross Airport Way Urban I	Renewal Fund		2,045,245	316,043
Total Net Airport Way Urban Re	newal Fund			1,729,202
Total Gross Other Govern	mental Funds		5,349,568	789,448
Total Net Other Governme	ntal Funds			4,560,120
Total Gross Governmental Fu	unds		80,961,968	31,816,545
Total Net Governmental Fund	ds			49,145,423
Business-type Funds:				
Enterprise Loans Fund: Urban Development:				
Amortized loans	14 yrs	3% to 6.8%	652,826	299,125
Deferred payment loans	10 yrs	4%	34,296	34,296
Total Gross Enterprise Loans	Fund		687,122	333,421
Total Net Enterprise Loans Fu	ınd		_	353,701
Total Gross All Funds		;	81,649,090	32,149,966
Total Net All Funds			\$	49,499,124

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The combined loan portfolio is composed of the following:

Organizational Unit and Program	Current Year Gross Loan Percentages	Gross Loans Receivable	Allowance And Discount
Urban Development: Amortized loans Cash flow loans Deferred payment loans	41.80% 46.76% 11.44%	\$ 34,128,969 \$ 38,177,337 9,342,784	2,618,822 27,169,812 2,361,332
Urban development totals	100.00%	81,649,090	32,149,966
Total Gross Loans	100%	\$ 81,649,090	32,149,966
Total Net Loans		\$	49,499,124
Summary Loans Receivable Aging: Current loans receivable, net Noncurrent loans receivable, net		\$ 2,332,98 31,771,8 ²	
Total Net Loans		\$ 34,104,82	29

The Summary Loans Receivable as shown above and on the government-wide Statement of Net Position, which reflects the elimination of interfund activity between the agency and its component unit for the \$15,394,295 loan between Prosper Portland and 9101 Foster LLC.

D. Restricted Net Position

Constraints placed on the use either by external parties such as creditors, grantors, and contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or legally restricted through provisions or enabling legislation are reported as restricted net position. As summarized below, the government-wide Statement of Net Position reports restricted net position as follows:

Enabling legislation:	
Urban renewal	\$ 375,683,304
Contributors:	
Property Clean up	3,000,000
Public-private partnership agreement	6,984,958
	\$ 385,668,262

E. Property Held for Sale

Property held for sale consists of land, related buildings and improvements, as well as intangible assets acquired for redevelopment that Prosper Portland intends to sell to appropriate developers. The carrying

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

amount of the property is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The carrying value of the remaining property is as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Fund	\$ 146,754
North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund	1,920,952
River District Urban Renewal Fund	8,718,649
Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund	5,580,314
Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund	2,739,395
Other governmental funds	15,816,256
Total governmental activities	34,922,320
Business-type Activities:	
Business Management Fund	71,167,180
Total property held for sale	\$ 106,089,500

F. Capital Assets

Prosper Portland's capital assets are all used in community development. The capital assets are composed of the following:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 16,016,870	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,016,870
Work in progress-softw are	135,022	-	-	(135,022)	-
Work in progress-Alberta Commons	-	1,535,787	-	-	1,535,787
Work in progress-Block 49 parking garage	5,569,918	21,356,248			26,926,166
Total Capital assets, not being depreciated:	21,721,810	22,892,035		(135,022)	44,478,823
Capital assets, being depreciated or amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	37,171,785	36,874	-	-	37,208,659
Leasehold improvements	3,849,501	-	-	-	3,849,501
Equipment	551,901	27,508	114,682	-	464,727
Intangible software	1,778,402	138,293	-	135,022	2,051,717
Total capital assets, being depreciated or amortized	43,351,589	202,675	114,682	135,022	43,574,604
Total capital assets before depreciation	65,073,399	23,094,710	114,682		88,053,427
Less accumulated depreciation or amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(2,730,809)	(827,532)	-	-	(3,558,341)
Leasehold improvements	(3,849,501)	-	-	-	(3,849,501)
Equipment	(317,862)	(71,962)	(114,682)	-	(275,142)
Intangible software	(569,171)	(177,839)			(747,010)
Total accumulated depreciation or amortization	(7,467,343)	(1,077,333)	(114,682)		(8,429,994)
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated or amortized, net	35,884,246	(874,658)		135,022	35,144,610
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 57,606,056	\$ 22,017,377	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 79,623,433

G. Operating Leases

As Lessee

Prosper Portland leases office space and land under operating leases. Rental expenditures and payments for landlord-paid expenses include a share of the custodial services contract costs. Allowable insurance, elevator and other repair expenses allowed under the lease amounted to approximately \$292,479. Future minimum lease payments under Prosper Portland's operating leases are projected at \$893,851 for FY 2020.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

As Lessor

Prosper Portland functions as a lessor for office space, parking lot space, and land leases on certain property that it has acquired as part of its urban renewal activities.

As of June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland's investment in operating leases is as follows:

	E	Basis Value	Accumulated Depreciation	E	Book Value
Land and improvements	\$	92,041,336	\$ -	\$	92,041,336
Buildings		29,053,279	 (2,966,147)		26,087,132
	\$	121,094,615	\$ (2,966,147)	\$	118,128,468

Rental revenue amounted to approximately \$4,315,000 for the fiscal year. The minimum future operating non-cancelable lease revenues are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Minimum		
Ending	Re	Revenue Total		
2020	\$	5,792,851		
2021		4,063,451		
2022		1,686,451		
2023		1,686,451		
2024		1,558,531		
2025-2029		7,202,655		
2030-2034		7,202,125		
2035-2039		7,202,125		
2040-2044		7,202,125		
2045-2049		7,202,125		
	\$	50,798,890		

H. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities and Debt

For governmental activities, including vacation accruals, pension liability and post-employment benefits will generally be liquidated by the general fund and pollution remediation will be liquidated by the capital project fund in which the property is located. Prosper Portland obtained a loan from the City of Portland Housing Bureau to support the construction of Lents Commons. There is also a cash flow loan Prosper Portland to the 9101 Foster LLC which funded the balance of the construction project. The cash flow loan has no scheduled debt service but is dependent on future cash flow. Because this loan is from Prosper Portland to the blended component unit it is eliminated and does not appear on the statement of net assets.

Beginning		Payments/	Ending	Long-term	Due within
Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balances	Portion	One year
\$ 1,152,000	\$ -	\$ 25,500	\$ 1,126,500	\$ 1,095,474	\$ 31,025
336,842	-	55,999	280,843	280,843	-
9,878,065	989,396	-	10,867,461	10,867,461	-
44,601,789	5,019,818	-	49,621,607	37,135,717	12,485,890
598,398	1,232	45,470	554,160	399,979	154,181
\$ 56,567,094	\$ 6,010,446	\$ 126,969	\$ 62,450,571	\$ 49,779,474	\$12,671,096
	Balance \$ 1,152,000	Balance Additions \$ 1,152,000 \$ - 336,842 - 9,878,065 989,396 44,601,789 5,019,818 598,398 1,232	Balance Additions Reductions \$ 1,152,000 \$ - \$ 25,500 336,842 - 55,999 9,878,065 989,396 - 44,601,789 5,019,818 - 598,398 1,232 45,470	Balance Additions Reductions Balances \$ 1,152,000 \$ - \$ 25,500 \$ 1,126,500 336,842 - 55,999 280,843 9,878,065 989,396 - 10,867,461 44,601,789 5,019,818 - 49,621,607 598,398 1,232 45,470 554,160	Balance Additions Reductions Balances Portion \$ 1,152,000 \$ - \$ 25,500 \$ 1,126,500 \$ 1,095,474 336,842 - 55,999 280,843 280,843 9,878,065 989,396 - 10,867,461 10,867,461 44,601,789 5,019,818 - 49,621,607 37,135,717 598,398 1,232 45,470 554,160 399,979

If Prosper Portland were to sell or transfer the a portion of or Lents Commons, the balance of the direct borrowing note at that time will become due and payable.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Debt service requirement on direct borrowing at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
	Direct borrowing				
Year Ending, June 30,	Principal Interest				
2020	\$	31,025	\$	16,216	
2021		31,493		15,741	
2022		31,969		15,258	
2023		32,452		14,768	
2024		32,942		14,270	
2025-2029		172,324		66,223	
2030-2034		185,737		52,810	
2035-2039		200,193		38,353	
2040-2044		215,775		22,772	
2045-2049		192,590		6,201	
	\$	1,126,500	\$	262,612	

I. Amounts Due To and From the City of Portland

Amounts due to the City of Portland consist principally of accounts payable for various interagency work provided. Balances due to the City of Portland by fund as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Accounts
	 Payable
General Fund	\$ 399,354
North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund	23,132
River District Urban Renewal Fund	1,025,119
Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund	1,859
Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund	594,274
Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund	3,766,020
Other governmental funds	 492,743
	\$ 6,302,501

Grant revenues under various grant programs and other inter-governmental agreements due from the City of Portland totaled \$5,331,030 at June 30, 2019.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

J. Revenue

Prosper Portland reports several large items in miscellaneous revenue. These revenues are predominantly due to the loan loss adjustment for the year, land sales, and reimbursements as detailed below for the governmental and business funds at the fund level:

	Loan Loss	Private grants	Land /Personal			
Governmental funds	Adjustment	and donations Property Sales Reimbursement		Other	Total	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 20,000	\$ 393	\$ 46,200	\$ 61,127	\$ 127,720
Component Unit 9101 Foster LLC	-	-	-	27,241	407	27,648
River District Urban Renewal Fund	277,809	-	2,980	106,189	499	387,477
Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund	-	-	6,258,971	85,765	2,500	6,347,236
Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund	-	-	-	161,261	-	161,261
Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund	-	-		103,239	100	103,339
Other Non-Major Governmental Funds	130,384	-	9,450	41,597	13	181,444
Total governmental funds	408,193	20,000	6,271,794	571,492	64,646	7,336,125
Business-type funds						
Business Management Fund	-	-	-	9,368	97,553	106,921
Non-major business-type funds	36,243	-	-	-	106,469	142,712
Total business-type funds	36,243	-		9,368	204,022	249,633
	\$ 444,436	\$ 20,000	\$ 6,271,794	\$ 580,860	\$ 268,668	\$ 7,585,758

IV. Other Information

A. Pension Plans

1. General Information about the Pension Plans

The State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans.

Plan description. Prosper Portland employees hired after December 31, 2006 are provided pensions as participants under one or more plans currently available through Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 238, Chapter 23A, and Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a).

OPERS prepares their financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements and generally accepted accounting principles. The accrual basis of accounting is used for all funds. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to legal (or statutory) requirements. Benefits and withdrawals are recognized when they are currently due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are recognized at fair value, the amount that could be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx

There are currently two programs within OPERS, with eligibility determined by the date of employment. Those employed prior to August 29, 2003 are OPERS Program members, and benefits are provided based on whether a member qualifies for Tier One or Tier Two described below. Those employed on or after August 29, 2003 are Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) Program members. OPSRP is a hybrid retirement plan with two components: 1) the Pension Program (defined benefit; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined benefit plan), and 2) the Individual Account

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Program (IAP) (defined contribution; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined contribution plan).

The 1995 Legislature created a second tier of benefits for those who became OPERS Program members after 1995 but before August 29, 2003. The second tier does not have the Tier One assumed earnings rate guarantee.

Beginning January 1, 2004, all employees who were active members of OPERS became members of the OPSRP IAP Program. OPERS plan member contributions (the employee contribution, whether made by the employee or "picked-up" by the employer) go into the IAP portion of OPSRP. OPERS plan members retain their existing OPERS accounts; however, member contributions after January 1, 2004 are deposited in the member's IAP, not into the member's OPERS account.

Benefits provided under ORS 238 - Tier One / Tier Two:

Pension Benefits. The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (1.67% for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years, or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General Service employees may retire after reaching age 55, Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- Member was employed by an OPERS employer at the time of death,
- Member died within 120 days after termination of OPERS-covered employment,
- Member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in an OPERS-covered job, or
- Member was on an official leave of absence from an OPERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45% of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes after Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0%.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Benefits provided under Chapter 238A - OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB):

Pension Benefits. The ORS 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of the OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

General Service: 1.5% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50% of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse or other person may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.

Disability Benefits. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled, or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury, shall receive a disability benefit of 45% of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes after Retirement. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0%.

Funding Policy. OPERS' funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the OPERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

Contributions. OPERS' funding policy provides for periodic member and employer contributions at rates established by the Public Employees Retirement Board, subject to limits set in statute. The rates established for member and employer contributions were approved based on the recommendations of the OPERS' third-party actuary.

Prosper Portland's employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$941,781, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The contribution rates on subject salary in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 for each pension program were: Tier1/Tier 2 – 12.65%, OPSRP – 8.39%.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018. Prosper Portland's proportion of the net was based on Prosper Portland's projected long-term contribution effort as compared to the total projected net pension, a long-term

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

contribution effort of all employers. Prosper Portland is not referenced in the report but is included in references to the City of Portland, as the reporting entity, including the City's fiduciary fund. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share of OPERS net pension liability was 3.69317033% and Prosper Portland portion of the City's OPERS net pension liability was 1.6788%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland recognized pension expense of \$1,105,577. At June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources		Net Deferred Outflow/(Inflow) of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	387,246	\$ -	\$	387,246
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		-	(417,068)		(417,068)
Change in assumptions Differences between employer contributions		2,518,550	-		2,518,550
and employer proportionate share		7,009	(174,712)		(167,703)
Changes in proportionate share		23,466	(91,432)		(67,966)
		2,936,271	(683,212)		2,253,059
Contributions made subsequent to the					
measurement dates		941,781			941,781
	\$	3,878,052	\$ (683,212)	\$	3,194,840

Prosper Portland deferred \$941,781 for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2018, which is recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2019 and will be recognized in the following fiscal period rather than the current fiscal period.

Deferred Outflow of Resources

				Difference				
	Differences			Between				
Fiscal	Between			Projected and			Changes	
Year	Expected	Actual		Changes in in		in		
Ending	and Actual	Changes of		Earnings on	Proportionate		Employer	
June 30,	Experience	Assumptions		Investments	Share		Portion	Total
2020	\$ 156,641	\$ 844,489	\$	468,090	\$ 1,669	\$	14,955	\$ 1,485,844
2021	124,547	844,489		146,175	1,669		7,668	1,124,548
2022	72,691	465,640		(507, 102)	1,669		843	33,741
2023	29,928	303,276		(107,163)	1,669		-	227,710
2024	3,439	60,655		-	334		-	64,428
	\$ 387,246	\$ 2,518,549	\$	-	\$ 7,010	\$	23,466	\$ 2,936,271

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Deferred Inflow of Resources

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Differences Between Employer Contributions and Porportionate Share of Contributions	Changes in Employer Portion	Difference between Projecteed and Actual Earnings on Investments	Total
2020	\$ 99,699	\$ 25,871	\$ 104,268	\$ 229,838
2021	48,886	25,871	104,268	179,025
2022	20,623	25,871	104,268	150,762
2023	5,505	12,473	104,268	122,246
2024		1,346	-	1,346
	\$ 174,713	\$ 91,432	\$ 417,072	\$ 683,217

Net Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources

Fiscal Year Ending	Total Deferred	Total Deferred		
June 30,	Outflows	Inflows		Total
2020	\$ 1,485,844	\$ 229,838	\$	1,256,006
2021	1,124,548	179,025		945,523
2022	33,741	150,762		(117,021)
2023	227,710	122,246		105,464
2024	64,428	1,346	_	63,082
	\$ 2,936,271	\$ 683,217	\$	2,253,054

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Valuations. The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2019, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this cost method, each active member's entry age present value of projected benefits is allocated over the member's service from their date of entry until their assumed date of exit, taking into consideration expected future compensation increases.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date: December 31, 2016 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Experience study: 2016, published July 2017

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal

Actuarial assumptions:

Inflation rate 2.50%
Long-term expected rate of return 7.20%
Projected salary increases 3.50%

Cost of living adjustments (COLA) Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in

accordance with Moro decision; lend based on service.

Mortality <u>Healthy Annuitant Mortality:</u> RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Sex

distinct, Generational Projection with Unisex Social Security

Data Scale

Non-Annuitant Mortality: RE-2014 Employee, Sex Distinct, Generational Projection with Unisex Social Security Data

مام

<u>Disabled Retiree Mortality</u>: RP-2014 Disabled Retiree, Sex Distinct Generational Projection with Unisex Social Security

Data Scale

The actuarial valuation calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2016 Experience Study, which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2016.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20% for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members, and those of the contributing employers, are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Depletion Date Projection. GASB Statement No. 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Assumed Asset Allocation.

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Fixed Income	15.0	25.0	20.0
Public equities	32.5	42.5	37.5
Private equity	14.0	21.0	17.5
Real estate	9.5	15.5	12.5
Alternative equity	0.0	12.5	12.5
Opportunity portfolio	0.0	3.0	0.0
Total			100.0%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return. To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

		Compound Annual
Asset Class	Target	Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.38
Bank/Leveraged Bonds	3.00	5.09
High Yield Bonds	1.00	6.45
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75	6.30
Small Cap US Equities	1.31	6.69
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31	6.80
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13	6.71
Emerging Market Equities	4.13	7.45
Non-US Small Cap Equitites	1.88	7.01
Private Equity	17.50	7.82
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	5.51
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.37
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50	4.09
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63	5.86
Timber	1.88	5.62
Farmland	1.88	6.15
Infrastructure	3.75	6.60
Commodities	1.88	3.84
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50

Sensitivity of Prosper Portland's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the reporting entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of (7.20%), as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.20%) or one percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.20%)	Discount Rate (7.20%)	1%Increase (8.20%)
Proportionate share of the net			
pension (asset/liability)	\$ 15,696,191	\$ 10,867,461	\$ 4,188,826

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report. The effect of OPERS on Prosper Portland's net position has been determined on the same basis used by OPERS.

Changes in Assumptions: A summary of key changes implemented since the December 31, 2015 valuation are described briefly below. Additional detail and a comprehensive list of changes in methods and assumptions can be found in the 2016 Experience Study for the System, which was published on July 26, 2017 and can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/PERS/Documents/2016-Exp-Study.pdf

Allocation of Liability for Service Segments: For purposes of allocating Tier One/Tier Two members actuarial accrued liability among multiple employers, the valuation uses a weighted average of the Money Match methodology and the Full Formula methodology used by PERS when the member retires. The weights are determined based on the prevalence of each formula among the current Tier One/Tier Two population.

Changes in Economic Assumptions:

- The investment return assumption was decreased from 7.50% to 7.20% per year, based on an analysis of PERS's current target asset allocation using different sets of capital market outlook assumptions.
- Updated the explicit assumptions regarding administrative expenses for Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions:

- Mortality assumptions were adjusted to use RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scales based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.
- Retirement rates were adjusted for certain member categories and service bands to more closely
 align with recent and expected future experience. The percentage of members assumed to elect
 a partial lump sum at retirement was reduced and the percentage of members assumed to
 purchase credited service at retirement was increased.
- Decreased the merit component of the salary increase assumption for two member categories based on observations of the last eight years of experience.
- Updated pre-retirement termination of employment assumptions for three member categories.
- Lower assumed rates of ordinary (non-duty) disability to more closely match recent experience.
- Increased the Tier 1 unused vacation cash out assumption for most categories.
- Adjusted the Tier 1/Tier 2 unused sick leave assumption for three member categories to more closely reflect recently observed experience.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Changes in Actuarial Methods:

 No changes recommended for most actuarial methods including actuarial cost, amortization and rate collar methods.

Changes in Allocation Procedures:

 When allocating accrued liability for Tier 1/Tier 2 active members who have earned service with multiple PERS employers, 85% of the allocation is based on service with each employer (100% for police & fire members) and the remainder is based on the member account balance associated with each employer. The assumption for general service has increased 10% since the prior experience study.

Defined Contribution Plan - Individual Account Program (IAP):

Pension Benefits. Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5, 10, 15, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions. Prosper Portland has chosen to pay the employees' contributions to the plan. Six percent of covered payroll is paid for general service employees. For fiscal year 2019 Prosper Portland paid \$941,781.

Recordkeeping. OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Health Insurance Continuation (HIC)

Plan description and benefits provided: Prosper Portland has a health insurance continuation option available for retirees. It is a substantive post-employment benefits plan offered under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 243. ORS 243.303 requires that Prosper Portland provide retirees and their dependents with an opportunity to participate in group health and dental insurance from the date of retirement to age 65, with a rate calculated using claims experience from retirees and active employees for health plan rating purposes. Providing the same rate to retirees as provided to current employees constitutes an

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon **Notes to the Financial Statements** June 30, 2019

implicit rate subsidy for OPEB. This single-employer "Plan" is not a stand-alone plan and therefore does not issue its own financial statements.

Total OPEB liability

Prosper Portland's total HIC liability of \$280,843 was measured as of July 1, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs: The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Valuation date	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2018
Measurement date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50%	3.50%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Discount rate	3.87%	3.50%
Healthy Mortality		

• RP-2014 healthy Annuitant, sex distinct mortality tables blended 50/50 blue collar and white collar, set back one year for males. Mortality is projected on a generational basis using the Unisex Social Security Data Scale.

The results of the July 1, 2018 valuation are used to prepare GASB 45 accounting results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 336,842
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	21,045
Interest on total OPEB liability	12,182
Effect of changes to benefit terms	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or lo	sses (13,729)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(39,972)
Benefit payments	(35,525)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ <u>280,843</u>

Changes since prior valuation

Expected Claims and Premiums	Updated to reflect changes in available benefits and premium levels. If applicable, expected retiree and dependent costs were updated to reflect current health cost guidelines.
Health Care Cost Trend	Updated to reflect changes in current premium levels, as well as projected economic and regulatory conditions.
Mortality, Withdrawal, and Retirement Rates	Updated to reflect assumptions used in the Oregon PERS December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate.

	•		
	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$303,208	\$280,843	\$260,095

A similar sensitivity analysis for changes in the healthcare cost trend assumption is as follows:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$252,629	\$280,843	\$313,917

OPEB Expense and deferred Outflows of Resources and deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland recognized an OPEB expense of \$22,889. At June 30, 2019, they reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

	_	Deferred	_	Deferred
		sources		esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(11,768)
Changes of assumptions or inputs		-		(47,476)
Benefit payments		26,961		-
	\$	26,961	\$	(59,244)

Other amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Annual					
Year ended June 30,	Recognition					
2021	\$	(10,338)				
2022		(10,338)				
2023		(10,338)				
2024		(10,338)				
2025		(10,217)				
Thereafter		(7,675)				
	\$	(59,244)				

C. OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

<u>Plan description</u>: Prosper Portland contributes to the PERS RHIA for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERS. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund and authorizes the Oregon Legislature to establish and amend the benefit provisions. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information that can be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, telephone (503) 598-7377, or by URL: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

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<u>Benefits provided</u>: RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible employees. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by Prosper Portland, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004.

<u>Contributions:</u> Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of plan members and participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. Participating cities are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by PERS. Prosper Portland's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 0.43 percent of the covered payroll, actuarily determined as an amount expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the OPEB plan were \$31,449 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB plan.

OPEB Assets, Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

At June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland reported an asset of \$52,218 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation date as of December 31, 2015. Prosper Portland's proportionate share of the City of Portland's RHIA net OPEB asset has been determined based on full-time equivalent employees at Prosper Portland compared to the City's full-time equivalent employees to obtain a proportionate share for contributions to the RHIA program (as reported by PERS) during the Measurement Period ending on the corresponding measurement date. Prosper Portland's proportionate share used at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 was 1.2602%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland recognized an OPEB expense of -\$20,878. At June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Net Deferred

	O	eferred utflow of sources	lr	Deferred of one of the original original original original original original original original original origin	Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	\$		\$	(11,349)	\$	(11,349)	
Change of Assumptions		-		(167)		(167)	
Difference between epected and actual experience		-		(2,984)		(2,984)	
Changes in proportionate share		-		(498)		(498)	
Total (prior to post-measurement date contributions)		-		(14,998)		(14,998)	
Contributions made subsequent to measurment date		31,449		-		-	
Net deferred outflow/(inflows) of resources	\$	31,449	\$	(14,998)	\$	16,451	

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$31,449 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

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	Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	betwee	Difference en Projected tual Earnings nvestments		nges of mptions	expe	fference etween ected and actual perience	Pro	anges in portionate Share	Net Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of resources					
2020	\$	(3,394)	\$	(71)	\$	(1,297)	\$	(229)	\$	(4,991)				
2021		(3,394)		(71)		(1,297)		(216)		(4,978)				
2022		(3,394)		(25)		(390)		(53)		(3,862)				
2023		(1,167)		-		-		-		(1,167)				
2024		-		-		-		-		-				
	\$	(11,349)	\$	(167)	\$	(2,984)	\$	(498)	\$	(14,998)				

Actuarial Methods & Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation date December 31, 2016

Measurement date June 30, 2018

Experience study 2016, published July 26, 2017

Actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method **Entry Age Normal**

Inflation rate 2.50% 7.20% Long-term expected rate of return Discount rate 7.20% 3.50% Projected salary increases

Retiree healthcare participation Healthy retires: 38%; Disabled retirees: 20%

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

Mortality Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2000

> Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described

in the valuation.

Active members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by

group, as escribed in the valuation

Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage (70% for males, 95% for females) of the RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per

Scale BB, disabled mortality table.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of

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return on OPEB plan investments for the RHIA plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

<u>Depletion Date Projection:</u> GASB 75 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Assumed Asset Allocation

	Low	High	OIC
Asset Class/Strategy	Range (%)	Range (%)	Target (%)
Cash	-	3.00	-
Fixed Income	15.0	25.0	20.0
Public Equities	32.5	42.5	37.5
Private Equity	14.0	21.0	17.5
Real Estate	9.5	15.5	12.5
Alternative Equity	-	12.5	12.5
Opportunity Portfolio	-	3.0	-
	Total		100

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

		Compound Annual
Asset Class	Target	Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.38
Bank/Leveraged Bonds	3.00	5.09
High Yield Bonds	1.00	6.45
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75	6.30
Small Cap US Equities	1.31	6.69
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31	6.80
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13	6.71
Emerging Market Equities	4.13	7.45
Non-US Small Cap Equitites	1.88	7.01
Private Equity	17.50	7.82
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	5.51
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.37
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50	4.09
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63	5.86
Timber	1.88	5.62
Farmland	1.88	6.15
Infrastructure	3.75	6.60
Commodities	1.88	3.84
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.50

Sensitivity of Prosper Portland's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents Prosper Portland's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%)

	1%	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1%	Decrease
	(6.20%)	(7.20%)		((8.20%)
Porportionate share fo the						
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(30,654)	\$	(52,648)	\$	(71,369)

The RHIA plan is unaffected by health care cost trends since the benefit is limited to a \$60 monthly payment toward Medicare companion insurance premiums. Consequently, disclosure of a healthcare cost trend analysis is not applicable.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position:

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Aggregate Net OPEB Liability/Asset, Pension Expense, & Net Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources Related to OPEB:

The tables below present the aggregate balance (in millions) of Prosper Portland's net OPEB liability/(asset), OPEB expense, and net deferred inflows and outflows as of June 30, 2019:

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

	[Deferred						
	Outflo	ow/(Inflow) of	ı	Net OPEB				
	Resou	Resouces - OPEB		bility/(Asset)	OPEB Expense			
RHIA	\$	(14,998)	\$	(52,218)	\$	(20,878)		
HIC		(59,244)		280,843		22,889		
	\$	(74,242)	\$	228,625	\$	2,011		

D. Commitments

Contractual and other commitments for subsequent years' expenditures amounting to \$162,189,383 are included in the budgetary fund balances indicating tentative plans for utilization in future periods. Commitments for subsequent years' expenditures are as follows:

•	_	ommitted for ban Renewal		Committed for contractual obligation	Total			
Governmental activities	Φ		Φ	4 705 040	Φ	4 705 040		
General fund	\$	-	\$	4,795,940	\$	4,795,940		
North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund		1,553,180		-		1,553,180		
River District Urban Renewal Fund		12,057,118		-		12,057,118		
Convention Center Urban Renewal Fur		15,578,503		-		15,578,503		
Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fur		33,921,395		-		33,921,395		
Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fun		85,633,218		-		85,633,218		
Other governmental funds		7,819,671		830,358		8,650,029		
Total governmental activities	\$	156,563,085	\$	5,626,298	\$	162,189,383		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					_			

E. Prosper Portland's Use of the City of Portland's Conduit Debt

The City has issued Economic Development Revenue Bonds (bonds). The proceeds of these bond sales are used by private developers to finance capital expansion in urban renewal areas.

The City's and Prosper Portland's participation in the financing of these projects enables the developer to utilize applicable provisions of the United States Internal Revenue Code (IRC Section 103) of 1954, as amended. IRC Section 103 encourages the construction of certain facilities and the public financing thereof through revenue bonds by providing that the interest on such bonds, as contrasted with any bonds issued by the developer itself, will be exempt from federal income tax. This tax exemption enables the purchasers of the bonds to accept a lower rate of interest and, since the developer in effect pays the interest on the bonds, reduces the interest cost of the project financing to the developer.

The bond indentures provide that the bonds shall never constitute a general obligation of, an indebtedness of, or a charge against the general credit of the City or Prosper Portland. Nor are the bonds payable in any manner from revenue raised by taxation. Rather, the bonds will be special obligations of the City payable solely from the revenues, receipts, and resources pledged under the indentures and not from other revenues, funds, or assets of the City.

The bonds are collateralized solely by the specific project and payments are made by the developers. The bonds shall not be payable from or a charge against any other funds or assets, nor shall the City or Prosper Portland be subject to any liability thereon. No holder or holders of the bonds shall ever have the right to compel any exercise of the taxing power of the City to pay the bonds or the interest thereon, nor to enforce payment thereof against any property of the City or Prosper Portland except the specific project. Upon

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

completion of the repayment of the debt by the developer, the assets constructed become the property of the developer. At June 30, 2019, the total of the City's conduit debt outstanding as related to Prosper Portland development projects is \$15,000,000. In addition, Prosper Portland has participated in a contingent loan agreement with Home Forward which has a remaining amount due at June 30, 2019 of \$3,660,000. These amounts may differ from actual amounts reported in the City CAFR because not all conduit debt issued by the City is related to Prosper Portland projects.

F. Contingencies

In the normal course of business Prosper Portland is subject to litigation. The opinion of Prosper Portland's General Counsel is that the outcome of any litigation will not have a significant effect on the financial statements.

G. Risk Management

Prosper Portland is not part of the City of Portland's self-insurance program and purchases a variety of commercial insurance policies to protect itself against loss. Like most other large public agencies, Prosper Portland is exposed to various risks in the conduct of its business, such as losses related to torts, errors and omissions, general liability, property damage, employer's liability, worker's compensation, and unemployment claims.

Prosper Portland is insured by the State Accident Insurance Fund (SAIF) against losses from employee workers' compensation claims up to a limit of \$500,000 for each incident and each employee.

Prosper Portland is insured by Glatfelter and its underwriter, American Alternative Insurance, for commercial general liability in the amount of \$1 million per occurrence, \$3 million general aggregate; public officials and management liability in the same amounts with a deductible of \$5,000 per claim. Prosper Portland also ensures for excess liability, which provides an additional \$8 million liability per occurrence and in the general aggregate.

Prosper Portland's real property, which is predominantly held for sale, with an estimated total insured value (TIV) of \$105 million, is insured by Lloyd's of London for the TIV with a sublimit of \$50 million for earth movement and \$35 million for flood events. A separate policy provides coverage for faithful performance (employee dishonesty) through Hartford Insurance in the amount of \$300,000 for employee theft, and \$100,000 for computer and funds transfer fraud. Employment practices liability coverage is provided through AIG in the amount of \$4 million per claim with a \$75,000 deductible.

Prosper Portland has an aggressive risk management practice of transferring liability to contractors, lessees, event sponsors, and other entities through specific indemnification and insurance requirements in contracts and agreements. Prosper Portland has been successful in resolving claims and has not suffered any significant losses over the past year. In addition, there have been minimal reductions in insurance coverage and no insurance settlements have exceeded insurance coverage limits in any of the past ten fiscal years.

The Internal Service Fund has equity of \$136,094 to meet insurance policy deductible amounts and other amounts not fully reimbursed from insurance proceeds, as necessary. Of this amount, \$100,000 is an insurance deductible reserve as required by the Rivers East LLC Rent Abatement Agreement.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Environmental Risk

GASB Statement 49 provides guidance for state and local governments in estimating and reporting the potential costs of pollution remediation. While GASB Statement 49 does not require Prosper Portland to search for pollution, it does require Prosper Portland to reasonably estimate and report a remediation liability when any of the following obligating events has occurred:

- Pollution poses an imminent danger to the public and Prosper Portland is compelled to take action;
- Prosper Portland is in violation of a pollution related permit or license;
- Prosper Portland is named or has evidence that it will be named as responsible party by a regulator;
- Prosper Portland is named or has evidence that it will be named in a lawsuit to enforce a cleanup;
 or
- Prosper Portland commences or legally obligates itself to conduct remediation activities.

Site investigation, planning and design, cleanup and site monitoring are typical remediation activities underway across the many Prosper Portland properties. Prosper Portland has programs, rules, and regulations that routinely deal with remediation-related issues. Much of Prosper Portland's mission is to deal with blighted properties which sometimes include pollution conditions. Prosper Portland has the knowledge and expertise to estimate the remediation but also employs consultants when expedient. The obligations presented herein are based on estimates by both Prosper Portland staff and consultants and are based upon prior experience in identifying and funding similar remediation activities. The standards require Prosper Portland to calculate pollution remediation liabilities using the expected cash flow technique. Where Prosper Portland cannot reasonably estimate a pollution remediation obligation, it does not report a liability.

The remediation obligation estimates that appear in this report are subject to change over time. Cost may vary due to price fluctuation, changes in technology, changes in potential responsible parties, results of environmental studies, changes to statutes or regulation and other factors that could result in revisions to these estimates. Prospective recoveries from responsible parties may reduce Prosper Portland's obligation.

During the fiscal year, Prosper Portland recognized an increase in the liability of \$5,019,818. At June 30, 2019, Prosper Portland had a total outstanding pollution remediation liability of \$49,621,607. The estimated current portion is \$12,485,890.

Portland Harbor Superfund

In January 2008, the City of Portland, and subsequently Prosper Portland, was notified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) of a CERCLA 104(3) records request and therefore potential liability with respect to the Portland Harbor Superfund that may include 46 current and previously-owned Prosper Portland parcels on or adjacent to the lower reach of the Willamette River within the EPA study area.

In January 2017, EPA finalized the Feasibility Study and issued a final Record of Decision for Portland Harbor (ROD). Potential remedy costs were included in the ROD for comparative purposes among the potential remedies. Those comparative estimates were based on site-wide cleanup actions and do not include estimates of cleanup of individual sub-areas nor any individual party's share of those costs. This large and complex Superfund Site is not progressing under conventional processes used for smaller sites.

A Component Unit of the City of Portland, Oregon Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

For example, the next step at Portland Harbor is to conduct a new baseline sampling before remedy implementation. (ROD Section 10.1.1.9). As of July 2017, EPA is negotiating a baseline sampling scope of work with a group of potentially responsible parties. Once a scope of work and agreement on consent are reached, the sampling effort is expected to take approximately two additional years. It is anticipated that information from this baseline sampling will refine and may alter the scope of active remediation required. The proposed course of action within individual sub-areas will be determined during remedial design for each sub-area. It is anticipated that allocation of liability for cleanup will be determined sometime after the baseline sampling is conducted.

Other

While carrying out the City of Portland's development policies, Prosper Portland engaged in numerous transactions with the City, including but not limited to the provision of materials and services, real property acquisition, development, transfers, and sales. Prosper Portland also participates in the City of Portland's cash investment pool.

H. Reviews by Grantor Agencies

Costs of each grant project are subject to review by the grantor agency to ensure that such costs are in accordance with or further the purpose of the grant program. Any costs disallowed as the result of the review would become a liability and could require the return of such amounts to the grantor agency.



Building an Equitable Economy

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) Last Ten Fiscal Years or Since Inception²

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Prosper Portland's proportion of the net pension lability ¹	0.0717%	0.0733%	0.0736%	0.0721%	0.0892%	0.0892%
Prosper Portland's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 10,867,461	\$ 9,878,065	\$ 11,045,372	\$ 4,139,065	\$ (2,021,851)	\$ 4,551,875
Covered payroll	7,204,530	8,050,801	8,234,621	8,595,239	8,363,449	9,896,391
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	150.8421%	122.6967%	134.1333%	48.1553%	-24.1748%	45.9953%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	82.07%	83.10%	80.50%	91.90%	103.59%	92.00%

¹ Calculated from Prosper Portland's proportionate share reported from the City of Portland proportionate share of the OPERS (Prosper Portland is not reported individually)

 $^{^{2}}$ Schedule is intended to show ten years of data. Additional data will be displayed as it becomes available

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO OREGON PUBLIC RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years or Since Inception²

	 2019	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 941,781	\$ 915,327	\$ 673,628	\$ 736,024	\$ 596,226	\$ 669,619
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 941,781	 915,327	 673,628	 736,024	 596,226	 669,619
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
Covered payroll	\$ 7,275,570	\$ 7,204,530	\$ 8,050,801	\$ 8,234,621	\$ 8,595,239	\$ 8,363,449
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.94%	12.70%	8.37%	8.94%	6.94%	8.01%

¹ Schedule is intended to show ten years of data. Additional data will be displayed as it becomes available

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last Ten Fiscal Years or Since Inception¹

	2019	2018			
Health Insurance Continuation					
Total OPEB liability, beginning	336,842		359,090		
Service Cost	\$ 21,045	\$	21,990		
Interest on total OPEB liability	12,182		10,351		
Effect of change to benefit terms	-		-		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)	(13,729)		-		
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	(39,972)		(18,548)		
Benefit payments	(35,525)		(36,041)		
Net change in total OPEB liability	(55,999)		(22,248)		
Total OPEB liability, ending	280,843		336,842		
Covered payroll	8,405,438		7,851,891		
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll*	3.3412%		4.2899%		

¹Schedule is intended to show ten years of data. Additional data will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to Required Schedule

This "plan" is not administered by a trust and does not accumulate assets.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) Last Ten Fiscal Years or Since Inception²

	2019	2018	2017
OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account			
Proportion of the OPEB Liability	0.0472%	0.0435%	0.0443%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (52,218)	\$ (18,170)	\$ 12,021
Covered payroll	\$ 7,275,570	\$ 7,204,530	\$ 8,050,801
Proportionate share of OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	-0.7177%	-0.2522%	0.1493%
Plan net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	124.00%	108.90%	94.20%

¹Schedule is intended to show ten years of data. Additional data will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO OPERS RETIREMENT HEALTH INSURANCE ACCOUNT Last Ten Fiscal Years or Since Inception²

	2019	2018	2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 31,449	\$ 33,160	\$ 34,512
actuarially determined contribution	31,449	33,160	34,512
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,275,570	\$ 7,204,530	\$ 8,050,801
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.43%	0.46%	0.43%

¹ Schedule is intended to show ten years of data. Additional data will be displayed as it becomes available



Building an Equitable Economy

Supplementary Data_____

Combining Statements and Schedules, Budgetary Schedules, and Schedules of Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds



Building an Equitable Economy

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Housing and Community Development Contract Fund – accounts for the contract with the City of Portland Housing bureau to administer a portion of the City's Community development Block Grant revenues for the Economic Opportunity Initiative programs.

Other Federal Grants Fund - accounts for revenues and expenditures for an EDA Grant.

Ambassador Program Fund - accounts for monies donated by private businesses for outreach activities.

Enterprise Zone Fund - accounts for monies received from participating Enterprise Zone companies to provide the North/Northeast Portland community with workforce and business development opportunities.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative Urban Renewal Fund - accounts for resources used in the six small URAs dedicated to neighborhood improvements.

South Park Blocks Urban Renewal Fund - accounts for resources used in the development and improvement of the south park blocks.

Central Eastside Urban Renewal Fund - accounts for resources used in the development and improvement of the central eastside while maintaining a good environment for existing businesses by making improvements and developing the Eastbank Riverfront park.

Gateway Regional Center Urban Renewal Fund - accounts for resources used to transform the area into a Regional Center with enhanced housing, employment, recreational and cultural opportunities.

Airport Way Urban Renewal Fund - accounts for resources used for: acquisitions and construction related to the Riverside Parkway projects; projects to increase job density by attracting and retaining businesses; supporting transit and other infrastructure investments; increasing Portland's inventory of developable land for industry and creation of quality jobs; and protecting the natural resources of the greater Portland area.

Willamette Industrial Urban Renewal Fund - accounts for resources used to attract new industrial, high-technology, manufacturing, and distributing businesses to the currently vacant or unused parcels of land.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

		Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS				•)	
Cash with City of Portland						
investment pool	\$	5,519,847	\$	114,631,106	\$	120,150,953
Receivables:						
Due from City of Portland		600,850		948,643		1,549,493
Accounts		741,425		410,459		1,151,884
Internal Payable		-		937,000		937,000
Loans, net		1,035,832		3,524,288		4,560,120
Interest		33,120		676,628		709,748
Loan interest		3,883		4,225		8,108
Property held for sale		-	_	15,816,256	į	15,816,256
Total assets	\$	7,934,957	\$_	136,948,605	\$	144,883,562
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	750,517	\$	2,876,439	\$	3,626,956
Accrued liabilities		-		200		200
Due to City of Portland		-		492,743		492,743
Due to other funds	_	547,000	_	173,000		720,000
Total liabilities		1,297,517	_	3,542,382	ŗ	4,839,899
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted						
Loans receivable		-		3,524,288		3,524,288
Urban renewal		-		129,881,935		129,881,935
Contractual obligations		6,637,440	_	-	į	6,637,440
Total fund balances	_	6,637,440	_	133,406,223	ı	140,043,663
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,934,957	\$_	136,948,605	\$	144,883,562

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Total Nonmajor
		Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Governmental Funds
REVENUES	_			•		
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	2,258,651	\$	695,711	\$	2,954,362
Charges for services		1,529,360		549,632		2,078,992
Loan interest collections		79,248		82,567		161,815
Interest on investments		113,672		2,313,851		2,427,523
Miscellaneous		83,607		97,837		181,444
Tax-increment debt proceeds						
(in lieu of tax-increment revenue)	-	-		12,291,030		12,291,030
Total revenues	_	4,064,538		16,030,628		20,095,166
EXPENDITURES						
Current:		700 000		4 747 440		E 444 000
Community development Capital expenditures for urban renewal		723,890		4,717,118 2,867,201		5,441,008 2,867,201
Financial assistance		3,322,499		1,373,683		4,696,182
Capital outlaty	_	5,522,499		1,373,003		4,090,102
Total expenditures		4,046,389		8,958,002		13,004,391
rotal oxponantios	-	.,0.10,000		0,000,002	•	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	_	18,149		7,072,626		7,090,775
Net change in fund balances		18,149		7,072,626		7,090,775
. 3-	_	-,	•	,- ,3—9	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2018	_	6,619,291		126,333,597		132,952,888
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2019	\$_	6,637,440	\$	133,406,223	\$	140,043,663

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2019

Housing and	t
Community	,

		Development Contract Fund		Other Federal Grants Fund	Enterprise Zone Fund		Ambassador Program Fund		Total
ASSETS	_		_			•		-	
Cash with City of Portland investment pool Receivables:	\$	44	\$	1,440,611	\$ 4,064,484	\$	14,708	\$	5,519,847
Due from City of Portland Accounts		600,850 262,231			- 479,194				600,850 741,425
Loans, net Interest Loan interest	_	- - -	-	1,035,832 8,505 3,883	24,528		87 		1,035,832 33,120 3,883
Total Assets	\$_	863,125	\$	2,488,831	\$ 4,568,206	\$	14,795	\$	7,934,957
LIABILITIES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Internal balances	\$_	316,125 547,000	\$		\$ 434,392	\$		\$	750,517 547,000
Total liabilities	_	863,125	_		434,392	-		-	1,297,517
FUND BALANCES Non-spendable Restricted									
Contractual obligations	_	-	-	2,488,831	4,133,814	-	14,795		6,637,440
Total fund balances	_	-	_	2,488,831	4,133,814	-	14,795		6,637,440
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	863,125	\$	2,488,831	\$ 4,568,206	\$	14,795	\$	7,934,957

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Housing and Community

	-	Community Development Contract Fund	_	Other Federal Grants Fund	Enterprise Zone Fund		Ambassador Program Fund		Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues	\$	2,258,651	Ф	- \$		\$	_ :	\$	2,258,651
Charges for services	Ψ	2,230,031	Ψ	5,208	1,524,152	Ψ	- '	Ψ	1,529,360
Loan collections		-		79,248	1,024,102		_		79,248
Interest on investments		-		29,395	83,958		319		113,672
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	83,607		-	- _		83,607
Total revenues	_	2,258,651	-	197,458	1,608,110	-	319		4,064,538
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Community development		-		14,753	708,962		175		723,890
Financial assistance	-	2,258,651	-	-	1,063,848	-		_	3,322,499
Total expenditures	-	2,258,651	-	14,753	1,772,810	-	175	_	4,046,389
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	-	-	-	182,705	(164,700)	-	144		18,149
Net change in fund balances	_	-	-	182,705	(164,700)	-	144	_	18,149
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2018	_	-	_	2,306,126	4,298,514	-	14,651		6,619,291
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	2,488,831 \$	4,133,814	\$	14,795	\$	6,637,440

HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CONTRACT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Ar	mounts			Variance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues-							
Housing and Community	_		_				
Development contract	\$	2,302,436	\$_	2,302,436	\$	2,258,651 \$	(43,785)
Total revenues		2,302,436	_	2,302,436	_	2,258,651	(43,785)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Economic development		2,302,436	_	2,302,436		2,258,651	43,785
Total community development		2,302,436	_	2,302,436	_	2,258,651	43,785
Contingency		17,946	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _
Total expenditures		2,320,382	_	2,302,436	_	2,258,651	43,785
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(17,946)	_	-	_		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in:							
Enterprise Loans Fund			_	-	_	547,000	547,000
Total transfers in			_			547,000	547,000
Transfers out:		_		_		_	_
Enterprise Loans Fund	_		_	(818,000)	_	(818,000)	
Total transfers out	_		_	(818,000)		(818,000)	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(17,946)		(818,000)		(271,000)	547,000
. tot onango in tana salance		(,0.0)		(0.0,000)		(=: :,000)	0 ,000
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018	_	17,946	_	818,000	_	818,000	<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$		\$_			547,000 \$	547,000
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-						(5.47.000)	
Interfund advances					_	(547,000)	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS))				\$	-	

OTHER FEDERAL GRANTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance with
		Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget
REVENUES							-	
Charges for services-								
Application fees and charges	\$	500	\$	500	\$	5,208	\$	4,708
Loan Collections-								
Principal		181,467		276,467		293,349		16,882
Interest		40,461		80,461		79,363		(1,098)
Interest on investments		1,987	_	25,354		29,395	-	4,041
Total revenues		224,415	_	382,782		407,315	-	24,533
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:								
Economic development		267,546		467,547		388,341		79,206
Total community development	_	267,546	_	467,547	_	388,341	-	79,206
Contingency		621,532	_	1,345,378			-	1,345,378
Total expenditures		889,078		1,812,925		388,341	-	1,424,584
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(664,663)	_	(1,430,143)		18,974	-	1,449,117
Net change in fund balance		(664,663)		(1,430,143)		18,974		1,449,117
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		664,663	_	1,430,143		1,430,142	_	(1)
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$		\$_			1,449,116	\$	1,449,116
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-								
Loans receivable, net						1,035,832		
Loan interest receivable					_	3,883		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS)				\$	2,488,831		

ENTERPRISE ZONE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES		_	_	_		_		
Charges for services-								
Application fees and charges	\$	15,000	\$	36,787	\$	40,662 \$	3,875	
Contractual service charges		1,492,882		1,025,268		1,483,490	458,222	
Interest on investments		7,767		73,091		83,958	10,867	
Miscellaneous:								
Other		50,000	-	100,000	_	<u> </u>	(100,000)	
Total revenues		1,565,649	_	1,235,146	_	1,608,110	372,964	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:								
Economic development		913,967	_	2,077,655		1,756,760	320,895	
Total community development	_	913,967	_	2,077,655	_	1,756,760	320,895	
Contingency	_	4,039,761	_	3,439,070	_	<u>-</u>	3,439,070	
Total expenditures	_	4,953,728	_	5,516,725	_	1,756,760	3,759,965	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	_	(3,388,079)	_	(4,281,579)	_	(148,650)	4,132,929	
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Internal service reimbursements		(16,340)	_	(16,935)	_	(16,050)	885	
Net change in fund balance		(3,404,419)		(4,298,514)		(164,700)	4,133,814	
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		3,404,419	_	4,298,514	_	4,298,514		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$		\$ _		\$ _	4,133,814 \$	4,133,814	

AMBASSADOR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	d A	mounts			Variance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES							
Interest on investments	\$		\$	-	\$_	319_\$	319
Total revenues		<u>-</u>		-	_	319	319
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Economic development		3,232		3,232	_	175	3,057
Total community development		3,232		3,232	_	175	3,057
Contingency		<u>-</u>	-	11,419	_		11,419
Total expenditures		3,232		14,651		175	14,476
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(3,232)	-	(14,651)	_	144	14,795
Net change in fund balance		(3,232)		(14,651)		144	14,795
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		3,232		14,651	_	14,651	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	14,795 \$	14,795

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative Urban Renewal Fund		Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Fund	South Park Blocks Urban Renewal Fund
ASSETS		ji		
Cash with City of Portland				
investment pool	\$ 672,872	\$	42,404,780	\$ 7,041,775
Receivables:				
Due from City of Portland	948,643		-	-
Accounts	-		-	-
Internal payable	-		937,000	-
Loans, net	4.740		284,423	484,857
Interest	4,718		249,663 922	41,514
Loan interest	-		_	1,170
Property held for sale	-	ii	1,047,569	
Total Assets	\$ 1,626,233	\$	44,924,357	\$ 7,569,316
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	7,214	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	-		200	-
Due to City of Portland	-		1,859	309,393
Internal balances	173,000			 <u>-</u>
Total liabilities	173,000		9,273	 309,393
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted				
Loans receivable	-		284,423	484,857
Urban renewal	1,453,233		44,630,661	 6,775,066
Total fund balances	1,453,233	ı	44,915,084	 7,259,923
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,626,233	\$	44,924,357	\$ 7,569,316

Central Eastside Urban Renewal Fund	Gateway Regional Center Urban Renewal Fund	Airport Way Urban Renewal Fund	Willamette Industrial Urban Renewal Fund	Total
\$ 32,237,912	\$ 22,123,771	\$ 5,896,644	\$ 4,253,352	\$ 114,631,106
410,459 - 1,025,806 190,219 2,133 2,901,699	- - - 130,728 - 4,108,319	1,729,202 34,758 - 7,758,669	- - - - 25,028 - -	948,643 410,459 937,000 3,524,288 676,628 4,225 15,816,256
\$ 36,768,228	\$ 26,362,818	\$ 15,419,273	\$ 4,278,380	\$ 136,948,605
\$ 15,887 - 1,794 -	\$ 2,848,601 - 177,838 -	\$ 4,737 - 1,859 -	\$ - - - -	\$ 2,876,439 200 492,743 173,000
17,681	3,026,439	6,596		3,542,382
1,025,806 35,724,741 36,750,547	23,336,379 23,336,379	1,729,202 13,683,475 15,412,677	4,278,380 4,278,380	3,524,288 129,881,935 133,406,223
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
\$ 36,768,228	\$ 26,362,818	\$ 15,419,273	\$ 4,278,380	\$ 136,948,605

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative Urban Renewal Fund		Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Fund		South Park Blocks Urban Renewal Fund
REVENUES			•		ji	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	695,711	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services		639		33,681		575
Loan collections		-		14,132		17,396
Interest on investments		20,859		921,702		153,136
Miscellaneous		-		60,805		4,753
Tax-increment debt proceeds						
(in lieu of tax-increment revenue)		597,068	-	-	i,	
Total revenues	,	1,314,277		1,030,320	ı	175,860
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Community development		76,467		1,666,538		579,428
Capital expenditures for urban renewal		-		36,446		-
Financial assistance		793,907		65,273		6,737
Capital Outlay		-			į.	-
Total expenditures		870,374		1,768,257		586,165
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	,	443,903		(737,937)		(410,305)
Net change in fund balances		443,903		(737,937)	in .	(410,305)
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2018	•	1,009,330		45,653,021	ı	7,670,228
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2019	\$	1,453,233	\$	44,915,084	\$	7,259,923

Central Eastside Urban Renewal Fund	Gateway Regional Center Urban Renewal Fund	Airport Way Urban Renewal Fund	Willamette Industrial Urban Renewal Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 695,711
509,360	4,500	877	-	549,632
28,834	-	22,205	-	82,567
592,189	406,344	128,292	91,329	2,313,851
30,636	-	1,643	-	97,837
6,696,542	4,997,420			12,291,030
7,857,561	5,408,264	153,017	91,329	16,030,628
907,795 2,174 445,569	1,096,233 2,828,581 62,197	384,800 - - -	5,857 - - -	4,717,118 2,867,201 1,373,683
1,355,538	3,987,011	384,800	5,857	8,958,002
6,502,023	1,421,253	(231,783)	85,472	7,072,626
6,502,023	1,421,253	(231,783)	85,472	7,072,626
30,248,524	21,915,126	15,644,460	4,192,908	126,333,597
\$ 36,750,547	\$ 23,336,379	\$ 15,412,677	\$ 4,278,380	\$ 133,406,223

NEIGHBORHOOD PROSPERITY INITIATIVE URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts			Variance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues-							
State and local	\$	598,677	\$	689,605	\$	695,711 \$	6,106
Charges for services-							
Application fees and charges		-		-		639	639
Interest on investments		-		-		20,859	20,859
Tax increment debt proceeds		FFC 710		E06 024		E07.069	1,034
(in lieu of tax increment revenue)	-	556,712		596,034	-	597,068	1,034
Total revenues		1,155,389		1,285,639		1,314,277	28,638
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Economic development		919,999		1,122,000		795,515	326,485
Total community development		919,999		1,122,000		795,515	326,485
Contingency		1,040,134		1,184,788		<u>-</u>	1,184,788
Total expenditures		1,960,133		2,306,788		795,515	1,511,273
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(804,744)		(1,021,149)		518,762	1,539,911
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in:		_		_		_	
Enterprise Loans Fund		_		-		83,000	83,000
Total transfers in		-	_	-		83,000	83,000
Internal service reimbursements		(76,207)		(78,182)		(74,860)	3,322
Transfers out:		-		-		-	
Enterprise Loans Fund		-		(321,000)		(321,000)	
Total transfers out		<u>-</u>	_	(321,000)		(321,000)	<u>-</u>
Not abange in fund belongs		(880,951)		(4,420,224)		205,902	1,626,233
Net change in fund balance		(860,951)		(1,420,331)		203,902	1,020,233
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		880,951		1,420,331		1,420,331	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$		\$	-		1,626,233 \$	1,626,233
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-							
Interfund advances						(173,000)	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS	6)				\$	1,453,233	

DOWNTOWN WATERFRONT URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES			•				-		
Charges for services-									
Application fees and charges	\$	1,110	\$	1,110	\$	500	\$	(610)	
Rental income		48,830		48,830		33,181		(15,649)	
Loan Collections-									
Principal		89,650		89,650		77,908		(11,742)	
Interest		103,056		103,056		14,359		(88,697)	
Interest on investments		-		511,962		921,702		409,740	
Miscellaneous:									
Reimbursements		29,789		29,789		17,094		(12,695)	
Sale of personal property		24,000		24,000		27,975		3,975	
Other	_	-			_	24,504	-	24,504	
Total revenues	_	296,435	-	808,397	_	1,117,223	_	308,826	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Community development:									
Housing		1,221,910		1,787,488		1,221,910		565,578	
Infrastructure		21,015		21,013		-		21,013	
Property redevelopment		29,511,193		5,560,120		176,103		5,384,017	
Economic development		247,295		147,897		67,321		80,576	
Administration		12,121		12,621	_	7,948	_	4,673	
Total community development	_	31,013,534		7,529,139	_	1,473,282	-	6,055,857	
Contingency	_	10,952,907	-	37,201,421	_		_	37,201,421	
Total expenditures	_	41,966,441	-	44,730,560	_	1,473,282	_	43,257,278	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	_	(41,670,006)		(43,922,163)	_	(356,059)	_	43,566,104	
OTHER FINANCING USES									
Internal service reimbursements	_	(273,115)	•	(283,066)		(267,000)	_	16,066	
Net change in fund balance		(41,943,121)		(44,205,229)		(623,059)		43,582,170	
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		41,943,121		44,205,229	_	44,205,229	_	<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$			43,582,170	\$_	43,582,170	
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-									
Loans receivable, net						284,423			
Loan interest receivable						922			
Property held for sale					_	1,047,569			
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS	S)				\$ _	44,915,084			

NORTH MACADAM URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	ed A	Amounts			Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Charges for services-								
Rental income	\$	307,448	\$	361,516	\$	369,653 \$	8,137	
Interest on investments		30,000		314,375		364,713	50,338	
Miscellaneous:								
Reimbursements		-		1,260,000		-	(1,260,000)	
Tax increment debt proceeds								
(in lieu of tax increment revenue)	_	14,985,000		14,985,000	_	14,492,517	(492,483)	
Total revenues		15,322,448		16,920,891	_	15,226,883	(1,694,008)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:								
Housing		3,135,253		12,258,915		11,118,903	1,140,012	
Infrastructure		3,652,802		2,802		722	2,080	
Property redevelopment		5,192,175		4,638,330		4,103,337	534,993	
Economic development		-		5,000		4,161	839	
Administration		15,337		16,337		16,268	69	
Total community development	_	11,995,567		16,921,384	_	15,243,391	1,677,993	
Contingency		12,317,956		20,033,191	_	<u> </u>	20,033,191	
Total expenditures		24,313,523		36,954,575	_	15,243,391	21,711,184	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	_	(8,991,075)		(20,033,684)	_	(16,508)	20,017,176	
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Internal service reimbursements		(489,116)	•	(506,938)	_	(478,120)	28,818	
Net change in fund balance		(9,480,191)		(20,540,622)		(494,628)	20,045,994	
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		9,480,191		20,540,622	_	20,540,622		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$	<u>-</u>	\$			20,045,994 \$	20,045,994	
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-								
Property held for sale					_	1,920,952		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS)				\$ _	21,966,946		

RIVER DISTRICT URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Rudget	ed A	Amounts			Variance with
	_	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES	_		_				
Intergovernmental revenues-							
Federal grants	\$	-	\$	181,318	\$	155,487 \$	(25,831)
Charges for services-							
Application fees and charges		6,002		6,002		1,476	(4,526)
Rental income		2,285,190		2,175,537		2,416,280	240,743
Loan Collections-							
Principal		142,063		800,000		897,639	97,639
Interest		294,918		294,918		408,724	113,806
Interest on investments		562,174		1,523,577		1,754,724	231,147
Notes payable draws		11,700,000		9,500,000		9,499,409	(591)
Miscellaneous:							
Reimbursements		136,000		136,000		13,323	(122,677)
Sale of personal property		-		-		2,980	2,980
Other		-		-		93,365	93,365
Tax increment debt proceeds							
(in lieu of tax increment revenue)		27,972,000		27,972,000		27,985,549	13,549
	_		-		_		
Total revenues	_	43,098,347	-	42,589,352	_	43,228,956	639,604
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Housing		7,949,097		4,905,241		3,232,500	1,672,741
Infrastructure		271,385		621,386		190,365	431,021
Property redevelopment		33,506,725		30,763,542		18,870,215	11,893,327
Economic development		152,406		152,407		66,192	86,215
Administration		1,033,098		978,806		747,613	231,193
Total community development	_	42,912,711	-	37,421,382	_	23,106,885	14,314,497
Contingency		43,626,945		52,888,175		_	52,888,175
Contingency	_	10,020,010	-	02,000,170	_		02,000,170
Total expenditures	_	86,539,656	-	90,309,557	_	23,106,885	67,202,672
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(43,441,309)		(47,720,205)		20,122,071	67,842,276
ovor experiancios	_	(10,111,000)	-	(11,120,200)	_	20,122,071	01,012,210
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Internal service reimbursements		(5,744,713)		(5,954,028)		(5,613,760)	340,268
mema estres remeatesment	_	(0,1 11,1 10)	-	(0,001,020)	_	(0,010,100)	0.0,200
Net change in fund balance		(49,186,022)		(53,674,233)		14,508,311	68,182,544
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018	_	49,186,022	_	53,674,233	_	53,674,233	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$_	-	\$			68,182,544 \$	68,182,544
Adjustments to generally accepted							
accounting principles basis-							
Loans receivable, net						13,288,547	
Loan interest receivable						12,048	
Interfund advances						69,951,421	
Property held for sale					_	8,718,649	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS)					\$ _	160,153,209	

SOUTH PARK BLOCKS URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	d An	nounts			Variance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES							
Charges for services-							
Application fees and charges	\$	500	\$	500	\$	575 \$	75
Loan Collections-							
Principal		30,312		30,312		95,059	64,747
Interest		13,190		13,191		17,432	4,241
Interest on investments	_	-	_	89,973	_	153,136	63,163
Total revenues		44,002		133,976	_	266,202	132,226
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Housing		386,932		946,311		504,330	441,981
Property redevelopment		851,321		51,321		18,569	32,752
Economic development		200,000		210,000		713	209,287
Administration		7,821		22,821		10,823	11,998
Total community development		1,446,074	_	1,230,453	_	534,435	696,018
Contingency	_	4,611,769	_	5,942,593	_	-	5,942,593
Total expenditures	_	6,057,843	_	7,173,046	_	534,435	6,638,611
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	_	(6,013,841)	_	(7,039,070)		(268,233)	6,770,837
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Internal service reimbursements		(52,863)		(54,789)		(51,730)	3,059
memar corvec romburcomeme	_	(02,000)	_	(01,700)	_	(01,100)	
Net change in fund balance		(6,066,704)		(7,093,859)		(319,963)	6,773,896
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		6,066,704	_	7,093,859		7,093,859	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$ _	-		6,773,896 \$	6,773,896
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-							
Loans receivable, net						484,857	
Loan interest receivable					_	1,170	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS)				\$	7,259,923	

CONVENTION CENTER URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	ed A	Amounts			Variance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES		-	-				
Charges for services-							
Application fees and charges	\$	7,678	\$	7,678	\$	24,702 \$	17,024
Rental income		4,023,240		2,616,656		2,445,804	(170,852)
Loan Collections-							
Principal		676,090		676,090		942,756	266,666
Interest		380,174		380,174		352,830	(27,344)
Interest on investments		4,999		414,596		417,985	3,389
Miscellaneous:							
Reimbursements		-		-		14,000	14,000
Sale of personal property		-		6,616,000		6,258,971	(357,029)
Other	_	-	_		_	74,265	74,265
Total revenues	_	5,092,181	_	10,711,194	_	10,531,313	(179,881)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Housing		2,574,524		4,538,572		4,504,407	34,165
Infrastructure		1,000,000		1,000,072		1,001,107	-
Property redevelopment		21,088,828		31,329,465		25,319,985	6,009,480
Economic development		159,066		160,066		8,062	152,004
Administration		12,121		12,621		8,123	4,498
Total community development		24,834,539	-	36,040,724	_	29,840,577	6,200,147
rotal community development	_	21,001,000	-	00,010,121	_	20,010,011	0,200,111
Contingency	_	400,325	-	8,704,863	_		8,704,863
Total expenditures	_	25,234,864	_	44,745,587	_	29,840,577	14,905,010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(20,142,683)		(34,034,393)		(19,309,264)	14,725,129
over experialtures	_	(20,142,000)	-	(34,034,333)	_	(13,303,204)	14,725,125
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Internal service reimbursements		(975,432)		(1,010,973)		(953,460)	57,513
			-		_	<u> </u>	
Total other financing uses	_	(975,432)	_	(1,010,973)	_	(953,460)	57,513
Net change in fund balance		(21,118,115)		(35,045,366)		(20,262,724)	14,782,642
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018	_	21,118,115	_	35,045,366	_	35,045,366	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$_		\$			14,782,642 \$	14,782,642
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-							
Loans receivable, net						10,196,205	
Loan interest receivable						21,427	
Property held for sale					_	5,580,314	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS))				\$ _	30,580,588	

CENTRAL EASTSIDE URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	ed A			Variance with		
	_	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget
REVENUES							_	
Charges for services-								
Application fees and charges	\$	1,674	\$	1,674	\$	2,617	\$	943
Rental income		340,000		476,792		506,743		29,951
Loan Collections-								
Principal		193,851		193,851		314,483		120,632
Interest		25,249		25,249		28,928		3,679
Interest on investments		5,001		446,132		592,189		146,057
Tax increment debt proceeds								
(in lieu of tax increment revenue)	_	6,693,300		6,693,300		6,696,542	-	3,242
Total revenues	_	7,259,075		7,836,998		8,141,502	_	304,504
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:								
Housing		579,833		84,833		80,279		4,554
Infrastructure		2,530,890		31,784		6,366		25,418
Property redevelopment		6,327,526		1,464,024		700,838		763,186
Economic development		334,575		344,575		60,616		283,959
Administration		6,650		9,650		7,557	_	2,093
Total community development	_	9,779,474		1,934,866		855,656	-	1,079,210
Contingency	_	17,511,976		31,407,041	-		_	31,407,041
Total expenditures	_	27,291,450		33,341,907		855,656	_	32,486,251
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(20,032,375)		(25,504,909)		7,285,846		32,790,755
over experialitates	_	(20,002,010)		(20,004,000)	•	7,200,040	-	02,700,700
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Internal service reimbursements	_	(511,401)		(530,034)	•	(499,880)	-	30,154
Net change in fund balance		(20,543,776)		(26,034,943)		6,785,966		32,820,909
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		20,543,776		26,034,943		26,034,943		
TOND BALANCE - July 1, 2010	_	20,343,770		20,034,943	•	20,034,943	-	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$_	<u> </u>	\$			32,820,909	\$ _	32,820,909
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-								
Loans receivable, net						1,025,806		
Loan interest receivable						2,133		
Property held for sale						2,901,699		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS	5)				\$	36,750,547		

LENTS TOWN CENTER URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	ed Ar				Variance with	
	-	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget
REVENUES			_				_	
Charges for services-								
Application fees and charges	\$	1,757	\$	1,757	\$	1,998	\$	241
Rental income		166,238		167,143		168,493		1,350
Loan Collections-								
Principal		395,588		395,588		273,310		(122,278)
Interest		478,995		478,994		53,254		(425,740)
Interest on investments		24,939		166,315		166,576		261
Miscellaneous:								
Reimbursements		64,905		51,869		90,654		38,785
Sale of personal property		200,000		-		-		-
Other		-		73,056		70,607		(2,449)
Tax increment debt proceeds								
(in lieu of tax increment revenue)	_	19,988,000		11,988,000	_	11,993,807	-	5,807
Total revenues	_	21,320,422	_	13,322,722	_	12,818,699	_	(504,023)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:								
Housing		8,149,654		8,673,412		6,979,481		1,693,931
Infrastructure		1,371,236		1,446,464		1,437,035		9,429
Property redevelopment		10,546,893		10,940,556		8,082,049		2,858,507
Economic development		814,464		794,465		15,391		779,074
Administration		38,243		38,243		36,754		1,489
Total community development		20,920,490	_	21,893,140	_	16,550,710	-	5,342,430
Contingency		1,010,533	_	2,337,244			_	2,337,244
Total expenditures		21,931,023		24,230,384		16,550,710	_	7,679,674
F (1.6:) - f								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(040,004)		(40.007.000)		(2.722.044)		7 475 654
over expenditures		(610,601)	_	(10,907,662)	_	(3,732,011)	-	7,175,651
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Internal service reimbursements		(1,939,286)	_	(2,009,946)		(1,895,530)	_	114,416
Net change in fund balance		(2,549,887)		(12,917,608)		(5,627,541)		7,290,067
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		2,549,887	_	12,917,608	_	12,917,608	_	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$_	-		7,290,067	\$_	7,290,067
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis- Loans receivable, net						12,150,821		
Loan interest receivable						2,068		
Property held for sale					_	2,739,395		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS)				\$	22,182,351		

INTERSTATE CORRIDOR URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	ed /	Amounts			Variance with	
	_	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budge	
REVENUES					_			
Charges for services-								
Application fees and charges	\$	1,510	\$	1,510	\$	2,108	59	98
Rental income		332,605		335,074		280,496	(54,57	78)
Loan Collections-								
Principal		474,113		474,113		205,812	(268,30	01)
Interest		25,985		25,985		47,375	21,39	90
Interest on investments		27,454		554,179		967,307	413,12	28
Miscellaneous:								
Reimbursements		93,956		49,686		-	(49,68	36)
Sale of personal property		-		-		770,000	770,00	00
Other		-		82,333		103,339	21,00	06
Tax increment debt proceeds								
(in lieu of tax increment revenue)	_	26,973,000		26,973,000	_	26,986,065	13,06	65
Total revenues	_	27,928,623		28,495,880	_	29,362,502	866,62	22
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:								
Housing		35,316,885		38,895,629		18,602,798	20,292,83	31
Infrastructure		1,006,607		232,607		66,850	165,75	57
Property redevelopment		7,711,739		6,335,341		4,633,859	1,701,48	82
Economic development		366,939		415,610		299,283	116,32	
Administration		32,610		33,610		29,189	4,42	21
Total community development	_	44,434,780		45,912,797	-	23,631,979	22,280,81	18
Contingency	_	7,796,221		24,788,189	_		24,788,18	89
Total expenditures	_	52,231,001		70,700,986	_	23,631,979	47,069,00	07
- (1.6)								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(0.4.000.070)		(40.005.400)		F 700 F00	47.005.00	
over expenditures	_	(24,302,378)		(42,205,106)	-	5,730,523	47,935,62	29_
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Internal service reimbursements	_	(2,139,340)		(2,217,290)	_	(2,091,080)	126,2	10
Total other financing uses	_	(2,139,340)		(2,217,290)	_	(2,091,080)	126,2	10
Net change in fund balance		(26,441,718)		(44,422,396)		3,639,443	48,061,83	39
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018	_	26,441,718		44,422,396	_	44,422,396		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$_		\$			48,061,839	48,061,83	39
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-								
Loans receivable, net						8,949,730		
Loan interest receivable					_	4,025		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS)				\$ _	57,015,594		

GATEWAY REGIONAL CENTER URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts				Variance with	
	_	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES	-				_		
Charges for services-							
Application fees and charges	\$	640	\$	640	\$	- \$	(640)
Rental income		-		-		4,500	4,500
Interest on investments		9,837		175,649		406,344	230,695
Tax increment debt proceeds							
(in lieu of tax increment revenue)		4,863,100		4,995,000	_	4,997,420	2,420
Total revenues	_	4,873,577		5,171,289	_	5,408,264	236,975
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Housing		1,667,581		628,378		448,878	179,500
Infrastructure		1,876,706		3,075,707		2,896,322	179,385
Property redevelopment		9,613,676		824,265		270,842	553,423
Economic development		353,002		353,002		4,415	348,587
Administration		5,589		6,589		5,032	1,557
Total community development		13,516,554		4,887,941	_	3,625,489	1,262,452
Contingency	_	6,068,391		17,706,873	_		17,706,873
Total expenditures		19,584,945		22,594,814	_	3,625,489	18,969,325
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	_	(14,711,368)		(17,423,525)	_	1,782,775	19,206,300
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Internal service reimbursements	_	(369,809)		(383,283)	_	(361,520)	21,763
Net change in fund balance		(15,081,177)		(17,806,808)		1,421,255	19,228,063
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		15,081,177		17,806,808	_	17,806,805	(3)
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	-		19,228,060 \$	19,228,060
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-							
Property held for sale					_	4,108,319	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS	5)				\$ _	23,336,379	

AIRPORT WAY URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES	_		-		-	_		
Charges for services-								
Application fees and charges	\$	913	\$	913	\$	877 \$	(36)	
Loan Collections-								
Principal		57,902		57,902		93,085	35,183	
Interest		19,601		19,602		22,205	2,603	
Interest on investments	_	10,000	_	98,087		128,292	30,205	
Total revenues	_	88,416	-	176,504	-	244,459	67,955	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:								
Property redevelopment		680,121		810,122		104,086	706,036	
Economic development		262,063		247,063		25,570	221,493	
Administration		7,821	_	7,821	_	7,248	573	
Total community development	_	950,005	-	1,065,006	-	136,904	928,102	
Contingency	_	4,680,512	_	4,921,037	-		4,921,037	
Total expenditures	_	5,630,517	-	5,986,043	-	136,904	5,849,139	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	_	(5,542,101)	-	(5,809,539)	-	107,555	5,917,094	
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Internal service reimbursements		(131,452)	-	(136,242)	-	(128,530)	7,712	
Net change in fund balance		(5,673,553)		(5,945,781)		(20,975)	5,924,806	
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018	_	5,673,553	_	5,945,781		5,945,781		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$_		\$	·		5,924,806 \$	5,924,806	
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-								
Loans receivable, net						1,729,202		
Property held for sale					-	7,758,669		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS)				\$	15,412,677		

WILLAMETTE INDUSTRIAL URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget
REVENUES			-		_			
Interest on investments	\$	5,000	\$	74,527	\$_	91,329	\$_	16,802
Total revenues		5,000	-	74,527	_	91,329	_	16,802
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community development:								
Property redevelopment		20,000		20,000		5,245		14,755
Economic development		90,000		90,000		612		89,388
Total community development		110,000		110,000		5,857		104,143
Contingency		3,962,257	-	4,157,435	_		_	4,157,435
Total expenditures		4,072,257	-	4,267,435	_	5,857	_	4,261,578
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(4,067,257)	-	(4,192,908)	_	85,472	_	4,278,380
Net change in fund balance		(4,067,257)		(4,192,908)		85,472		4,278,380
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		4,067,257	-	4,192,908	_	4,192,908	_	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$		\$	-	\$_	4,278,380	\$_	4,278,380



Building an Equitable Economy

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

PDC has three Enterprise type funds.

Enterprise Loans Fund - this fund accounts for the various loan programs which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Small Business Loan Fund Business Development Loan Fund Working Capital Fund NPI Opportunity Fund Workforce Training/Hiring Fund

Combining Schedules are presented by loan program. These include a Combining Schedule of Net Position and a Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position.

Enterprise Management Fund - provides for the activity related to the operations and management of PDC properties or City of Portland properties PDC has contracted to manage outside of Urban Renewal Areas. Currently, this fund includes the operating revenues and expenses of the Headwaters Apartments.

Business Management Fund - provides for the activity track and manage non-URA property assets and activities and fee generation activities.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Internal service funds are used to report any activity that provides services to other funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

Risk Management Fund – this fund was established to set aside resources that would be used to meet insurance policy deductibles, if necessary.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Loans Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash with City of Portland	
investment pool	\$ 4,205,973
Receivables:	
Internal balances	720,000
Loans, net	24,921
Interest	24,678
Other	228
Total current assets	 4,975,800
Noncurrent assets:	
Loans receivable, net	 328,780
Total noncurrent assets	 328,780
Total assets	\$ 5,304,580
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Liabilities: Current liabilities: NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	_
Unrestricted	 5,304,580
Total net position	 5,304,580
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 5,304,580

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Enterprise Loans Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services	\$	1,674
Interest on loans		17,832
Miscellaneous revenues	_	142,712
Total operating revenues	_	162,218
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Personal services		55,698
Professional services		242
Financial assistance		98,173
Total operating expenses	_	154,113
Operating income (loss)	_	8,105
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE):		
Interest on investments		94,389
Total non-operating revenues (expense)	_	94,389
Income before transfers	_	102,494
Transfers in	_	31,387
Change in net position		133,881
Net position - July 1, 2018	_	5,170,699
Net position - June 30, 2019	\$	5,304,580

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Non-Major Business-type Activities -
	_	Enterprise Loans Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Loan collections from borrowers	\$	67,974
Interest on loans from borrowers	•	18,841
Loan fees from customers		1,674
Payments to employees		(55,700)
Payments to vendors		(240)
Loans to borrowers		(10,162)
Miscellaneous reimbursements (payments)		37,469
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	59,856
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Repayment of interfund borrowing		1,170,387
Interfund borrowing		(630,000)
Net cash provided by	-	(030,000)
noncapital financing activities		540,387
Cash flows from investing activities:		00.000
Interest received from investing	_	86,868
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		687,111
Cash and cash equivalents-July 1, 2018	_	3,518,862
Cash and cash equivalents-June 30, 2019	\$ <u>_</u>	4,205,973
Cash with City of Portland investment pool	\$_	4,205,973
Total	\$	4,205,973
10.00	Ψ=	1,200,010
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:	•	0.405
Net operating income(loss)	\$	8,105
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities:		
Decrease in loans receivable		50,741
Decrease in due from other entities		1,010
Total adjustments	_	51,751
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	59,856

ENTERPRISE LOANS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with	
	Original	- / 111	Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES	<u>-</u>	_		_			
Charges for services-							
Application fees and charges \$	-	\$	600	\$	1,674 \$	1,074	
Loan Collections-							
Principal	25,780		72,280		67,973	(4,307)	
Interest	1,352		10,552		18,841	8,289	
Interest on investments	7,500		80,325		94,389	14,064	
Miscellaneous:							
Other	<u> </u>	_			37,469	37,469	
Total revenues	34,632	_	163,757	_	220,346	56,589	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Economic development	480,051		555,052		11,513	543,539	
Total community development	480,051		555,052		11,513	543,539	
Contingency	5,157,375	_	5,791,591			5,791,591	
-	5 007 400		0.040.040		44.540	0.005.400	
Total expenditures	5,637,426	_	6,346,643	_	11,513	6,335,130	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(5,602,794)		(6,182,886)		208,833	6,391,719	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in: General Fund			250 245		21 207	(210 929)	
Housing and Community	-		250,215		31,387	(218,828)	
Development Contract Fund	-		818,000		818,000	-	
Neighborhood Prosperity Urban Renewal							
Fund		_	381,000		321,000	(60,000)	
Total transfers in			1,449,215	_	1,170,387	(278,828)	
Internal service reimbursements Transfers out:	(55,678)		(57,707)		(54,590)	3,117	
Housing and Community Development Fund Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative Urban Ren	-		-		(547,000) (83,000)	(547,000) (83,000)	
Neighborhood Frospenty initiative orban Nei	iewai iuriu	_		_	(03,000)	(00,000)	
Total transfers out			-	_	(630,000)	(630,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(5,658,472)		(4,791,378)		694,630	5,486,008	
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018	5,658,472	_	4,791,378	_	3,536,022	(1,255,356)	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 \$		\$			4,230,652 \$	4,230,652	
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis- Loans receivable, net Loan interest receivable Interfund advances				_	353,700 228 720,000		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS)				\$ _	5,304,580		

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION FOR COMPONENTS OF THE ENTERPRISE LOANS FUND June 30, 2019

	-	Small Business Loan Fund	Business Development Loan Fund	Working Capital fund	NPI Opportunity Fund	Workforce Training/Hiring Fund	Total Enterprise Loans Fund
ASSETS Current assets:							
Cash with City of Portland							
investment pool Receivables:	\$	647,020 \$	1,395,930	1,121,538	\$ 924,416 \$	117,069 \$	4,205,973
Due from other funds		491,000	229,000	_	_	_	720,000
Loans, net		10,621	822	13,478	-	-	24,921
Interest		3,982	8,311	6,400	5,439	546	24,678
Loan interest	_	144	7	77			228
Total current assets		1,152,767	1,634,070	1,141,493	929,855	117,615	4,975,800
Noncurrent assets:							
Loans receivable, net		316,711	3,495	8,574	<u>-</u> _		328,780
Total noncurrent assets	-	316,711	3,495	8,574	<u> </u>		328,780
Total assets	-	1,469,478	1,637,565	1,150,067	929,855	117,615	5,304,580
Net Position:							
Unrestricted	\$	1,469,478 \$	1,637,565	1,150,067	\$ 929,855	117,615	5,304,580

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR COMPONENTS OF THE ENTERPRISE LOANS FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Small Business Loan Fund	Business Development Loan Fund	Working Capital Fund	NPI Opportunity Fund	Workforce Training/Hiring Fund	Total Enterprise Loans Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 592	\$ 888 \$	194 \$	- \$	- \$	1,674
Interest on loans	11,015	450	6,367	-	-	17,832
Miscellaneous revenues	36,243		69,000		37,469	142,712
Total operating revenues	47,850	1,338	75,561	<u> </u>	37,469	162,218
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personal services	40,626	13,712	-	1,360	-	55,698
Professional services	186	26	30	-	-	242
Financial assistance	36,191	19,405	42,577			98,173
Total operating expenses	77,003	33,143	42,607	1,360		154,113
Operating income (loss)	(29,153)	(31,805)	32,954	(1,360)	37,469	8,105
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE):						
Interest on investment	18,964	30,647	23,151	19,842	1,785	94,389
Total non-operating revenues (expense)	18,964	30,647	23,151	19,842	1,785	94,389
Income (loss) before transfers	(10,189)	(1,158)	56,105	18,482	39,254	102,494
TRANSFERS Transfers in			31,387			31,387
Total transfers			31,387			31,387
Change in net position	(10,189)	(1,158)	87,492	18,482	39,254	133,881
Net position - July 1, 2018	1,479,667	1,638,723	1,062,575	911,373	78,361	5,170,699
Net position - June 30, 2019	\$ 1,469,478	\$ 1,637,565	\$1,150,0675	\$ 929,855	\$ <u>117,615</u> \$	5,304,580

BUSINESS MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
		Original			Final		Actual		Final Budget
REVENUES			-	-					
Rental income	\$	55,000	5	\$	45,000	\$	13,028	\$	(31,972)
Contractual service charges		30,000			30,000		50,000		20,000
Interest on investments		95,599			136,122		154,632		18,510
Miscellaneous:									
Reimbursements		-			-		9,368		9,368
Other		-	-		-		76,190		76,190
Total revenues	_	180,599	_		211,122		303,218	•	92,096
EXPENDITURES									
Property redevelopment		1,972,374	_		3,962,156		601,152		3,361,004
Total community development	_	1,972,374	-		3,962,156		601,152		3,361,004
Contingency		5,581,784			5,705,165		-		5,705,165
Total expenditures	_	7,554,158	-		9,667,321	_	601,152	•	9,066,169
Net change in fund balance		(7,373,559)			(9,456,199)		(297,934)		9,158,265
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018		7,373,559			9,456,199		9,456,198		(1)
	_	. , ,	-		0,100,100	_	3, 100, 100	•	(./
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$_	-	\$		-		9,158,264	\$	9,158,264
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis-									
Interfund advances							(69,951,421)		
Property held for sale							71,167,180		
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019 (GAAP BASIS	5)					\$	10,374,023		

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES							
Interest on investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,902 \$	2,902
Total revenues	_					2,902	2,902
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development:							
Contingency	_	638		133,192		<u> </u>	133,192
Total expenditures	_	638	•	133,192	-	<u>-</u>	133,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(638)	•	(133,192)	-	2,902	136,094
Net change in fund balance		(638)		(133,192)		2,902	136,094
FUND BALANCE - July 1, 2018	_	638		133,192		133,192	
FUND BALANCE - June 30, 2019	\$ <u>—</u>	-	\$		\$	136,094 \$	136,094



Building an Equitable Economy

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY SOURCE

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Governmental funds capital assets:		
Land	\$	16,016,870
Buildings and improvements		37,208,659
Leasehold improvements		3,849,501
Equipment		464,727
Intangible software, net		1,304,705
Work in process		28,461,953
Accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	(7,682,982)
	\$	79,623,433
In contrast Science and I for the confidence to be account.		
Investment in governmental funds capital assets by source:	•	4 700 400
General Fund	\$	1,769,432
Special Revenue Fund		282,196
Capital Projects Funds		85,254,787
Accumulated depreciation	<u></u>	(7,682,982)
	\$	79,623,433

This schedule presents only the capital assets balances related to governmental funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Function and Activity		Land		Buildings	Leasehold Improvement	ld ents	Equ	Equipment	0)	Software	Work in Process		Total
Community development Revitalization Administration	↔	\$ 16,016,870	↔	37,208,659	\$ 3,849,50	- 201	↔	- 464,727	↔	1,304,705	\$ 28,461,953	↔	81,687,482 5,618,933
Total community development Less: accumulated depreciation		16,016,870		37,208,659 (3,558,340)	3,849,501 (3,849,501	,501 ,501)		464,727 (275,141)		1,304,705	28,461,953		87,306,415 (7,682,982)
Total governmental funds capital assets \$ 16,016,870	↔	16,016,870	↔	33,650,319	↔	•	⇔	189,586	S	1,304,705	\$ 28,461,953	↔	79,623,433

This schedule presents only the capital assets balances related to governmental funds

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Function and Activity	Governmental Capital Assets July 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Governmental Capital Assets June 30, 2019
Community development				
Revitalization	\$ 58,758,573	\$ 22,928,909	\$ -	\$ 81,687,482
Administration	5,745,655	165,800	(292,522)	5,618,933
Total community development	64,504,228	23,094,709	(292,522)	87,306,415
Less: accumulated depreciation	(6,898,172)		(784,810)	(7,682,982)
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 57,606,056	\$ 23,094,709	\$ (1,077,332)	\$ 79,623,433

This schedule presents only the capital assets balances related to governmental funds.

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITY OF REAL PROPERTY AND CAPITAL ASSETS HELD BY THE COMMISSION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Funding Source	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Sales/ Adjustment	Balance June 30, 2018
HELD FOR SALE ASSETS:				
General Fund (Urban Redevelopment Fund):				
Woodstock & Foster Rd-Dagel-LTC	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000
9330 SE Harold St-Boys & Girls Club-LTC	46,754			46,754
Total	146,754		<u> </u>	146,754
Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Fund:				
NW Naito Parkway	73,597	-	-	73,597
South Waterfront Development 411 NW Flanders Unit 100	96,472 800,000	-	-	96,472 800,000
411 NW Flanders Offic 100 411 NW Flanders Parking (10 spaces)	124,000	-	(46,500)	77,500
Total	1,094,069		(46,500)	1,047,569
North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund:		22.242		22.242
Pascuzzi Site South Waterfront Development	1,892,705	28,246	-	28,246 1,892,705
Total	1,892,705	28,246		1,920,951
River District Urban Renewal Fund:	1,032,703	20,240		1,320,331
NW Naito Parkway	122,919	-	-	122,919
Broadway Hoyt/Glisan/6th-Block R	72,283	-	-	72,283
1362 NW Naito Prkwy-Centennial Mills 9th & Lovejoy-Station Place	2,650,000 38,412	-	-	2,650,000 38,412
4th & West Burnside	1,201,636	-	-	1,201,636
Union Station-Old Fire Station	430,863	-	-	430,863
US Postal Site	4,202,536			4,202,536
Total	8,718,649			8,718,649
Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund:				
831-834 NE MLK Blvd-Sizzler	2,784,186	-	-	2,784,186
84 NE Weidler St-B & K 910 NE MLK-Menashe	876,128 1,920,000	-	-	876,128 1,920,000
Total	5,580,314			5,580,314
Central Eastside Urban Renewal Fund:				_
ODOT Blocks	2,845,000	-	-	2,845,000
** WIP Clinton Triangle Total	56,699 2,901,699			<u>56,699</u> 2,901,699
lotai	2,901,699		<u>-</u>	2,901,699
Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund:				
9330 SE Harold St-Boys and Girls Club 9231 SE Foster Rd-Arch Iron Wrks	1,251,909 630,000	-	-	1,251,909 630,000
9320 SE Ramona St-Tate	120,970	-	-	120,970
7104-7120, 7126-7130, 7238 SE Foster Rd-Metro	736,516	-	-	736,516
Total	2,739,395			2,739,395
Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund:				
2221 N Argyle St	1,034,096		(1,034,096)	
Total	1,034,096		(1,034,096)	
Gateway Regional Center Urban Renewal Fund:	007 004			007 004
1111-1125 NE 99th-Oregon Clinic 10520 NE Halsey St	887,894 1,152,811	-	-	887,894 1,152,811
10506-10512 NE Halsey St	2,067,614	-	-	2,067,614
Total	4,108,319	-		4,108,319
Airport Way Urban Renewal Fund:				
Cascade Station Lease Rights	7,878,034		(119,365)	7,758,669
Total	7,878,034		(119,365)	7,758,669
Business Management Fund BLOCK 25-3RD/4TH & NW FLANDERS/GLISAN	044.405	04.000		00F 700
US Postal Site-715 NW Hoyt St	944,425 70,201,392	21,363	-	965,788 70,201,392
Total	71,145,817	21,363		71,167,180
Total all HFS funds	107,239,851	49,609	(1,199,961)	106,089,499
Total all III O Idildo	101,200,001	49,009	(1,100,001)	100,000,700

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITY OF REAL PROPERTY AND CAPITAL ASSETS HELD BY THE COMMISSION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Funding Source	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Sales/ Adjustment	Balance June 30, 2018
NOT HELD FOR SALE ASSETS (CAPITAL ASSETS):				
General Fund (Urban Redevelopment Fund):	•			
South Auditorium Park Block C	2	-	-	2
Total	2			2
Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Fund:				
Union Station Parcels-South of Union St	632,260			632,260
Total	632,260	-		632,260
North Macadam Urban Renewal Fund:				
1852 SW River Dr-River Place Garage	4,175,080			4,175,080
Total	4,175,080			4,175,080
River District Urban Renewal Fund:				
Union Station Parcels	6,864,652	-	-	6,864,652
511 NW Broadway-PNCA	5,800,000	-	-	5,800,000
800 NW 6th Ave Parking Site-Block Y Station Place Garage	487,039 9,281,563	-	-	487,039 9,281,563
Total	22,433,254			22,433,254
	22,400,204			22,400,204
Convention Center Urban Renewal Fund: ** WIP Block 49 Parking Garage	5,569,918	21,356,248		26,926,166
1st/Multnomah /2nd/Holladay-Block 49	1,747,754	21,330,240	-	1,747,754
420 Holladay St-Inn @ Convention Center	3,900,000	_	_	3,900,000
Total	11,217,672	21,356,248		32,573,920
Central Eastside Urban Renewal Fund:				
240 NE MLK Blvd	157,556	_	_	157,556
Total	157,556			157,556
	- ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
9101 Foster LLC Fund:				
Lents Commons-9101 SE Foster RD	14,088,384	36,875	-	14,125,259
Lents Commons-9101 SE Foster RD	829,000			829,000
Total	14,917,384	36,875		14,954,259
Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Fund:	0.454.440			0.454.440
5716 SE 92nd Ave-Bakery Block	2,151,149			2,151,149
Total	2,151,149			2,151,149
Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Fund:	0.440			0.440
4500 N Albina-Albina Triangle 3620 NE MLK Blvd-Parking Lot	6,410	-	-	6,410 61,888
Alberta Commons	61,888	1,535,786	-	1,535,786
8411 N Denver Ave	1,575,093	1,333,760	-	1,575,093
2221 N Argyle St	1,430,825	_	-	1,430,825
Total	3,074,216	1,535,786	-	4,610,002
Total all NHFS funds	58,758,573	22,928,909	-	81,687,482
Total all real property assets	165,998,424	22,978,518	(1,199,961)	187,776,981
	,,	,,-		, -,
CAPITAL ASSETS:				
Add: Equipment	551,901	27,508	(114,682)	464,727
Leasehold improvements Mason/Ehrman Bldg		400,000	(477.040)	3,849,501
Intangible Software, net Accumulated depreciation-NHFS	1,344,253 (6,898,172)	138,292	(177,840) (784,810)	1,304,705 (7,682,982)
Accumulated depreciation-INITES	(0,080,172)		(104,010)	(1,002,902)
Total Capital Assets	\$ 164,845,907	\$ 23,144,318	\$ (2,277,293)	\$ 185,712,932

^{**} Represents work in process

Statistical Section____



Building an Equitable Economy

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Prosper Portland's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required information says about the Commission's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	124
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Commission's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	128
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Commission's most significant local revenue source, tax increment debt proceeds (in lieu of tax increment revenue).	
Debt Capacity	132
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Commission's current levels of understanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographics and Economic Information	137
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Commission's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	148
These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the Commission's financial report relates to the services the Commission provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

PROSPER PORTLAND A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
			(nomino)		(nonnon on)					
Govemmental activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,995,090	\$ 9,602,690	\$ 8,938,704	\$ 8,754,072	\$ 14,507,557	\$ 14,279,722	\$ 13,371,303	\$ 45,116,399	\$ 57,606,056	\$ 79,623,433
Restricted	267,883,500	213,594,580	289,054,092	276,246,064	297,804,184	315,138,288	378,814,692	350,670,021	391,726,468	382,668,262
Ontestricted Total governmental activities net position	279,406,315	3,863,622	295,432,845	1,936,432	(3, 165, 527) 309, 146, 214	328,349,543	388,436,484	384,031,718	427,897,365	440,091,874
Business-type activities Restricted	•	•				•		3,000,000	3.000,000	3,000,000
Unrestricted	12,782,861	3,398,793	3,572,176	3,620,905	7,289,181	7,263,709	12,450,539	9,226,591	12,821,294	12,678,603
Total business type activities net position	12,782,861	3,398,793	3,572,176	3,620,905	7,289,181	7,263,709	12,450,539	12,226,591	15,821,294	15,678,603
Total government	000	000	707 000 0	0.70 4.37.0	733 703 44	44 070 720	2000	46 200	000 000	20, 600, 00
Rectricted	9,995,090	9,602,690	970 503 433	0,734,072 276,246,064	14,507,557	315,279,722	378 814 692	45,116,389	307,606,036	7 9,623,433 385,668,262
Unrestricted	14,310,586	7,088,615	933,496	5,577,337	4,123,654	6,195,242	8,701,028	(2,528,111)	(8,613,865)	(9,521,218)
Total government net position	\$ 292,189,176	\$ 230,285,885	\$ 289,465,633	\$ 290,577,473	\$ 316,435,395	\$ 335,613,252	\$ 400,887,023	\$ 396,258,309	\$ 443,718,659	\$ 455,770,477

3 3 3

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Finanacial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations.
Implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidence Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements Implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27

PROSPER PORTLAND A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12 (as restated) ⁽²⁾	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Expenses Governmental activities: Community development	\$ 130,439,659	\$ 156,412,909	\$ 99,713,038	\$ 101,248,381	\$ 64,855,696	\$ 68,554,896	\$ 68,101,385	\$ 149,834,069 \$	121,245,646 \$	123,737,081
Enterprise loans Enterprise loans Enterprise management	10,450,636	10,621,790 985,671	375,805 1,015,468	214,579 958,743	79,814 1,052,367	365,839 1,203,460	63,104 1,177,944	47,240 537,901	329,863 589,648	154,113 601,153
Total expenses	142,002,855	168,020,370	101,104,311	102,421,703	65,987,877	70,124,195	69,342,433	150,419,210	122,165,157	124,492,347
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services	5,423,765	3,984,188	3,291,192	4,047,062	8,735,896	5,957,476	23,012,140	10,738,238	7,969,592	8,717,863
Operating grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	17,538,107 22,961,872	7,262,870 11,247,058	7,170,821	7,970,747	7,641,493	9,146,999	16,566,699	8,308,635 19,046,873	9,854,692	9,611,334
Business-type activities: Charges for services	4 260 042	4 706 570	040	330 30	460 055	000000	2000	100 11	609.6	123
Enterprise Loans Enterprise management Occurrence and contributions	931,113	932,367	977,933	1,118,228	6,836,340	1,093,796	5,114,402	59,633	48,000	63,028
Operating grants and continuous as Total business-type activities program revenues	9,047,650	2,259,037	1,418,447	1,213,283	6,999,595	1,427,679	5,998,964	64,654	50,602	64,702
Total revenues	32,009,522	13,506,095	11,880,460	13,231,092	23,376,984	16,532,154	45,577,803	19,111,527	17,874,886	18,393,899
Net (expense)/revenue: Governmental activities Business-tvoe activities	(107,477,787)	(145,165,851)	(89,251,025)	(89,230,572)	(48,478,307) 5.867 414	(53,450,421)	(28,522,546)	(130,787,196)	(103,421,362)	(105,407,884)
Total net expenses	(109,993,333)	(154,514,275)	(89,223,851)	(89,190,611)	(42,610,893)	(53,592,041)	(23,764,630)	(131,307,683)	(104,290,271)	(106,098,448)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Tax-increment debt proceeds (in lieu of tax-increment revenue)	osition 89,778,162	85,287,185	133,787,307	73,354,431	59,718,111	54,233,796	82,062,888	91,394,288	116,187,078	93,748,968
Unrestricted investment income	1,190,507	664,618	525,565	675,546	838,080	1,076,076	1,711,929	2,246,957	3,350,550	6,108,557
Special Item - Historic Monument Transfer 511 NW Broadway	- 010,600,11		20,040,040		5,800,000	001,001	5,0,7,6,4	- 00.000		
Transfers Total governmental activities	1,776,314 107,514,829	50,000 92,646,628	(60,000) 157,796,778	80,754,295	2,227,027 74,550,210	(79,621) 72,653,750	(138,203) 88,609,487	(99,018) 126,382,430	147,263,350	(31,387) 117,602,393
Business-type activities: Unrestricted investment income	49,858	14,356	7,480	8,768	27,889	36,527	102,954	152,615	138,711	266,853
miscellariedus Transfers	(1,776,314)	(50,000)	60,000		(2,227,027)	79,621	138,203	99,018	1,06,426,4	31,387
Total business-type activities Total	(1,726,456) 105,788,373	(35,644) 92,610,984	146,209 157,942,987	8,768	(2,199,138) 72,351,072	116,148 72,769,898	428,914 89,038,401	296,539 126,678,969	4,463,612 151,726,962	547,873 118,150,266
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities Total	37,042 (4,242,002) \$ (4,204,960)	(52,519,223) (9,384,068) \$ (61,903,291)	68,545,753 173,383 \$ 68,719,136	(8,476,277) 48,729 \$ (8,427,548)	26,071,903 3,668,276 \$ 29,740,179	19,203,329 (25,472) \$ 19,177,857	60,086,941 5,186,830 \$ 65,273,771	(4,404,766) (223,948) \$ (4,628,714) \$	43,841,988 3,594,703 47,436,691 \$	12,194,509 (142,691) 12,051,818

⁽¹⁾ Implementation of GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Finanacial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations.
(2) Implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

										Fiscal	Fiscal Year									
		ą			2	2011-12														
		2009-10(2)		2010-11	(as r	(as restated) ⁽¹⁾	Ñ	2012-13	2	2013-14	2	2014-15	7	2015-16	73	2016-17		2017-18		2018-19
General Fund Non-spendable Assigned	↔	673,358	↔	1,042,036	↔	1,028,551 2,397,106	↔	1,105,962 2,923,994	↔	806,471 1,936,241	↔	859,630 902,616	↔	302,609 1,472,560	↔	247,518 1,321,306	↔	244,069	↔	146,754 1,371,885
Unassigned		4,632,922		1,010,040		751,723		· 		(19,680)		535,759		1				1		1
Total general fund	v)	5,306,280	↔	5,121,864	↔	4,177,380	₩.	4,029,956	↔	2,723,032	€	2,298,005	↔	1,775,169	₩.	1,568,824	↔	1,494,744	↔	1,518,639
All other governmental funds							,		,				,				,		,	
Reserved	s	187,587,202	s	•	s		υ		υ		()		()		()		69		()	
Unreserved, report in:																				
Special revenue funds		1,070,851		•		•				•				•				•		•
Capital projects funds		84,843,645		•		•		•		•				•				•		•
Restricted																				
Special revenue funds		•		3,583,005		110,797		5,040,534		5,101,586		5,133,963		5,203,434		6,033,781		6,619,291		6,637,440
Capital projects funds		1	W	216,899,188	ñ	294,017,822	28	282,480,872	ਲੱ	303,782,402	'n	317,270,005	(1)	380,278,386	.,	386,718,687		429,364,897		425,304,911
Unassigned																				
Special revenue funds						'								1		(6,150,877)		(15,279,155)		(15,035,998)
Total all other government funds	↔	273,501,698	\$	220,482,193	\$	294,128,619	\$ 28	287,521,406	\$	308,883,988	\$	322,403,968	69	385,481,820	€	386,601,591	€	420,705,033	€	416,906,353

⁽¹⁾ Implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-november 30, 2919 FASB and AICPA Pronoucements. (2) Implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Ten Fiscal Years A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PORTLAND, OREGON PROSPER PORTLAND

75,764,645 9,805,703 31,078,637 14,257 (31,387)9,611,334 8,717,863 1,005,275 6,105,655 9,499,409 7,336,125 (3,743,398)(31,387)93,748,968 136,024,629 23,104,785 139,768,027 (3,774,785) 2018-19 63,600,619 9,854,692 7,969,592 1,225,070 3,348,717 116,187,078 164,648,486 130,619,124 34,029,362 34,029,362 26,063,337 39,857,414 13,290,386 2017-18 (99,018) 8,308,635 10,738,238 3,448,954 2,267,507 17,372,202 11,956,501 73,538,917 32,665,931 31,513,955 (99,018) 913,426 91,394,288 145,486,325 6,755,078 144,473,881 1,012,444 2016-17 9,687,944 23,012,140 2,550,478 1,710,068 6,878,755 2,405,154 39,872,743 14,865,593 10,469,685 406,187 (138,203) (138,203) 82,062,888 65,614,208 62,693,219 128,307,427 62,555,016 2015-16 9,146,999 5,957,476 5,169,226 1,074,653 8,110,216 21,920,157 (79,621) 241,008 306,267 (385,888) 9,795,579 72,203,155 13,174,574 54,233,796 85,377,729 41,931,774 13,094,953 2014-15 Fiscal Year 32,577,253 15,100,936 22,467,023 7,641,493 8,735,896 1,241,522 836,822 373,615 10,173,615 88,347,459 17,828,632 2,783,306 (556,279)2,227,027 59,718,111 70,518,827 20,055,659 2013-14 52,585,334 34,530,496 12,297,219 112,468 (6,754,638) 7,970,747 4,047,062 1,267,686 674,321 5,456,632 92,770,879 99,525,517 (6,754,638) 73,354,431 2012-13 2011-12 (as restated) ⁽²⁾ 7,170,821 1,658,729 1,238,233 523,907 135,000 (195,000) 61,122,362 17,166,817 16,871,782 (000,09) 95,160,961 23,543,906 133,787,307 167,922,903 72,761,942 72,701,942 € ε 50,000 7,262,870 1,764,096 1,010,555 662,945 63,899,297 45,311,997 45,947,640 727,463 (53,253,921) 50,000 \$ (53,203,921) 6,644,825 85,287,185 102,632,476 155,886,397 2010-11 17,538,107 1,914,924 3,508,841 1,186,801 42,361,435 35,237,650 49,840,026 89,778,162 38,927 127,478,038 549,212 569,901 2,346,215 14,100,415 128,027,250 16,001,799 2,895,427 2009-10 Community development
Capital expenditures for urban renewal
Financial assistance
Debt service -City of Portland debt issued operations (in lieu of tax-increment revenue) Total other financing sources (uses) Other financing sources (uses) Internal service reimbursements Miscellaneous Tax-increment debt proceeds Net change in fund balances Intergovernmental revenues over (under) expenditures Interest on investments Charges for services Excess of revenues Total expenditures Loan collections Total revenues Expenditures Capital Outlay Transfers out Transfers in Revenues

Decease in transfers is due to the elimination of major federal grant programs and related required transfers with the transition of housing to the Portland Housing Bureau. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 Codification of Accounting and Firancial Reporting Guidence Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. E 8

GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Inter- Governmental Revenues	Charges for Services	Loan Collections ⁽¹⁾	Investment Income	Miscellaneous	Tax-increment Debt Proceeds (in lieu of tax-increment revenue)	Total
2009-10	24,285,794	3,051,256	19,965,068	1,236,665	9,968,223	89,778,162	148,285,168 ⁽¹⁾
2010-11	4,159,959	2,574,277	4,321,335	678,974	11,124,848	85,287,185	108,146,578
2011-12	7,370,821	2,636,662	5,398,916	533,046	7,038,089	133,787,307	156,764,841
2012-13	7,970,747	5,033,235	12,277,490	684,316	4,556,869	73,354,431	103,877,088
2013-14	7,641,493	9,774,616	5,670,941	865,970	14,462,252	59,718,111	98,133,383
2014-15	9,146,999	7,047,902	23,289,142	1,112,599	6,085,646	53,877,036	100,559,324
2015-16	10,558,944	28,103,854 ⁽³⁾	14,989,913	1,774,970	12,019,278 ⁽²⁾	82,062,888	149,509,847
2016-17	8,308,635	10,760,230	23,822,421	2,862,402	43,643,995 ⁽⁴⁾	91,394,288	180,791,971
2017-18	9,854,692	7,841,526	8,347,629	3,476,552	26,518,135	116,187,078	172,225,612
2018-19	9,611,334	8,030,495	4,371,725	6,357,578	17,342,620	93,748,968	139,462,720

Source: Prosper Portland records on a budgetary basis for all funds.

⁽¹⁾ Internal service reimbursements were reclassified to a transfer.

⁽²⁾ Include \$6,878,755 in City of Portland general obligation debt issued for a PDC capital project. This revenue is not included in miscellaneous revenue in the statements but consolidated here.

⁽³⁾ Increase due to Pioneer Square settlement and return of TIF funds from Multnomah County

⁽⁴⁾ Increase due to proceeds from debt issued on our behalf from CoP

GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Personal Services	Materials and Services	Capital Outlay ⁽¹⁾	Financial Assistance	Debt Service	Total
2009-10	22,175,426	22,981,345 (2)	36,771,943	66,245,765	8,467,384	156,641,863
2010-11	17,904,488	49,598,814 ⁽³⁾	27,269,642	32,918,717	3,016,545	130,708,206
2011-12	15,440,575	52,000,490	14,186,295	12,576,846	-	94,204,206
2012-13	15,331,763	37,721,066	22,440,579	13,484,418	-	88,977,826
2013-14	13,590,294	20,065,873	8,291,982	22,700,709	-	64,648,858
2014-15	11,918,561	31,409,309	8,147,325	23,422,050	-	74,897,245
2015-16	12,556,208	28,486,217	20,142,771 (4)	24,370,157	-	85,555,353
2016-17	11,773,156	61,624,590	93,273,152 (5)	58,664,156	-	225,335,054
2017-18	12,372,624	51,266,545	13,227,943	37,282,161	-	114,149,273
2018-19	12,882,306	62,936,443	32,607,784	31,634,303	-	140,060,836

Source: Prosper Portland records on a budgetary basis for all funds.

- (1) Includes both expenditures for capital outlay and purchases of properties held for sale.
- (2) Decrease due to reclass of internal service charges being classified as interfund transfer.
- (3) Increase due principally to reimbursement payments to Portland Housing Bureau.
- (4) Increase due principally to increased work in the River District Urban Renewal area largely around the upcoming acquisition of the US Post Office property and Centennial Mills demolition.
- (5) Post office purchase

URBAN RENEWAL AREA CONSOLIDATED TAX RATES For The Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Districts Common to All Areas

Fiscal Year	Multnomah County	Multnomah Library District ⁽¹⁰⁾	City of Portland	Port of Portland	Metro Service District	Tri-County Metropolitan Transportation District ⁽⁹⁾	Multnomah County ESD	Subtotal	City of Portland Urban Renewal ⁽¹⁾
2009-10	5.4026	-	7.8235	0.0701	0.4368	0.0863	0.4576	14.2769	0.3100
2010-11	5.3846	-	7.8077	0.0701	0.4088	0.0878	0.4576	14.2166	0.3009
2011-12	5.4403	-	7.9806	0.0701	0.3154	0.0583	0.4576	14.3223	0.2926
2012-13	5.4240	-	8.0976	0.0701	0.4043	-	0.4576	14.4536	0.2857
2013-14	4.5113	1.2400	8.2560	0.0701	0.0966	-	0.4576	14.4637	0.2759
2014-15	4.4912	1.1800	8.1557	0.0701	0.4585	-	0.4576	14.8131	0.2642
2015-16	4.4872	1.1800	8.0153	0.0701	0.3883	-	0.4576	14.5985	0.2527
2016-17	4.3934	1.1800	7.9705	0.0701	0.3970	-	0.4576	14.4686	0.2405
2017-18	4.3434	1.2400	4.5770	0.0701	0.0966	-	0.4576	10.7847	0.2283
2018-19	4.3434	1.2400	4.5770	0.0701	0.0966	-	0.4576	10.7847	0.2203

Tax rates are expressed in terms of dollars and cents per \$1,000 of assessed value. Multnomah County collects all property taxes and distributes the taxes collected to each taxing district at least monthly. No charges are made to the taxing districts for these services. The sequestered tax increment revenue property taxes are recorded in the debt service funds of the City of Portland and are disclosed in the City's annual financial report.

- (1) Special levy applied only to Option 3 urban renewal areas: Oregon Convention Center, South Park Blocks, Downtown Waterfront, and Airport Way.
- (2) Applies to all areas except Gateway Regional Center Urban Renewal Area with the exception of a small number of properties.
- (3) Applies to Gateway Regional Center and Airport Way urban renewal areas
- (4) Applies only to the Airport Way Urban Renewal Area.
- (5) Applies to the following urban renewal areas: Lents Town Center, Gateway Regional Center, Interstate Corridor, Willamette Industrial, Airport Way, Oregon Convention Center, and Central Eastside
- (6) Applies to the following urban renewal areas: River District, North Macadam, South Park Blocks, and Downtown Waterfront.
- (7) Applies to the Lents Town Center, Gateway Regional Center, and Airport Way urban renewal areas.
- (8) Applies to Lents Town Center, and Gateway Regional Center urban renewal areas.
- (9) Tri-County Metropolitan District had no tax assessment rate beginning 2012-13
- (10) District established by voters in November 2013 general election

Source: Multnomah County Tax Supervising and Conservation Commission Annual Reports.

Portland Public School District #1 (2)	Parkrose School District #3 ⁽³⁾	Reynolds School District #7 ⁽⁴⁾	David Douglas School District #40 ⁽⁸⁾	East Multnomah County Soil & Water Conservation District (5)	West Multnomah County Soil & Water Conservation District (6)	Portland Community College ⁽²⁾	Mt. Hood Community College ⁽⁷⁾
6.5281	6.1391	5.6033	6.5048	0.1000	0.0391	0.6325	0.4917
6.5281	6.0049	5.5958	6.4276	0.1000	0.0469	0.6359	0.4917
7.2681	5.8923	5.7789	6.3955	0.1000	0.0732	0.5981	0.4917
7.2681	6.1141	5.9856	6.3836	0.1000	0.0750	0.6651	0.4917
8.3571	6.0605	6.0188	6.3267	0.1000	0.0750	0.7342	0.4917
8.3535	5.8804	5.8140	6.4139	0.1000	0.0750	0.7222	0.4917
8.3632	5.9151	5.9701	6.4058	0.1000	0.0750	0.5855	0.4917
8.3304	5.8333	6.0517	6.4207	0.1000	0.0750	0.6785	0.4917
5.2781	4.8906	4.4626	4.6394	0.1000	0.0750	0.2828	0.4917
5.2781	4.8906	4.4626	4.6394	0.1000	0.0750	0.2828	0.4917

URBAN RENEWAL AND REDEVELOPMENT BONDS FUTURE BOND PRINCIPAL REQUIREMENTS As of June 30, 2019

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Airport Way Urban Renewal Bonds	Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Bonds	Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Bonds	Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Bonds	Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Bonds	Convention Center Urban Renewal Bonds
	2015 Series A	2008 Series A	2011 Series A	2015 Series A	2011 Series A & B	2011 Series B
2019-20	5,118,900	2,680,000	4,880,000	1,630,000	1,965,000	4,780,000
2020-21	-	5,415,000	-	1,710,000	2,065,000	-
2021-22	-	5,760,000	-	1,800,000	2,175,000	-
2022-23	-	6,120,000	-	1,890,000	2,315,000	-
2023-24	-	7,000,000	-	1,980,000	2,460,000	-
2024-25	-	-	-	2,080,000	2,615,000	-
2025-26	-	-	-	-	2,780,000	-
2026-27	-	-	-	-	2,940,000	-
2027-28	-	-	-	-	3,085,000	-
2028-29	-	-	-	-	3,230,000	-
2029-30	-	-	-	-	3,390,000	-
2030-31	-	-	-	-	3,560,000	-
2031-32						
Total	\$ 5,118,900	\$ 26,975,000	\$ 4,880,000	\$ 11,090,000	\$ 32,580,000	\$ 4,780,000

Source: Amortization schedule for each bond.

Note 1: Bonds are debt of the City of Portland and are disclosed in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This information is included in this report to assist the reader in determining future financing capacity.

Convention Center Urban Renewal Bonds		ver District an Renewal Bonds	-	South ParkBlocks Dan Renewal Bonds	C	ents Town enter Urban newal Bonds	 Central stside Urban newal Bonds	 rth Macadam pan Renewal Bonds
2011 Series B	Coni	2012		2008 eries A & B		2010 eries A & B	2011 eries A & B	2010 eries A & B
Series b	Seri	es A, B & C	3	eries A & D		eries A & D	 eries A & D	 eries A & D
500,000 14,075,000		5,490,000 5,735,000		5,845,000 4,060,000		1,690,000 1,785,000	1,345,000 1,425,000	3,040,000 3,205,000
		, ,		, ,		, ,	, ,	
14,600,000		5,965,000		4,265,000		1,900,000	1,490,000	3,380,000
15,165,000		6,235,000		4,480,000		2,015,000	1,555,000	3,525,000
15,775,000		2,165,000		8,040,000		2,145,000	1,625,000	3,655,000
9,645,000		2,255,000		-		2,275,000	1,700,000	3,840,000
-		2,350,000		-		2,390,000	1,780,000	3,995,000
-		2,465,000		-		2,500,000	1,870,000	4,150,000
-		2,570,000		-		2,625,000	1,960,000	4,320,000
-		2,700,000		-		2,755,000	2,060,000	4,500,000
-		2,835,000		-		2,885,000	2,165,000	4,725,000
-		2,985,000		-		-	2,280,000	-
		3,130,000		-			 	-
\$ 69,760,000	\$	46,880,000	\$	26,690,000	\$	24,965,000	\$ 21,255,000	\$ 42,335,000

URBAN RENEWAL AND REDEVELOPMENT BONDS FUTURE BOND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

As of June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Airport Way Urban Renewal Bonds	Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Bonds	Downtown Waterfront Urban Renewal Bonds	Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Bonds	Interstate Corridor Urban Renewal Bonds	Convention Center Urban Renewal Bonds
	2015 Series A	2008 Series A	2011 Series A	2015 Series A	2011 Series A & B	2011 Series B
	Series A	Series A	Series A	Series A	Series A & B	Series B
2019-20	70,641	1,699,425	232,500	554,500	1,772,484	239,000
2020-21	-	1,530,585	-	473,000	1,670,815	-
2021-22	-	1,189,440	-	387,500	1,560,875	-
2022-23	-	826,560	-	297,500	1,423,980	-
2023-24	-	441,000	-	203,000	1,278,274	-
2024-25	-	-	-	104,000	1,123,442	-
2025-26	-	-	-	-	958,854	-
2026-27	-	-	-	-	802,538	-
2027-28	-	-	-	-	655,538	-
2028-29	-	-	-	-	509,000	-
2029-30	-	-	-	-	347,500	-
2030-31	-	-	-	-	178,000	-
2031-32	-		-		-	
Total	\$ 70,641	\$ 5,687,010	\$ 232,500	\$ 2,019,500	\$ 12,281,300	\$ 239,000

Source: Amortization schedule for each bond.

Note 1: Bonds are debt of the City of Portland and are disclosed in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This information is included in this report to assist the reader in determining future financing capacity.

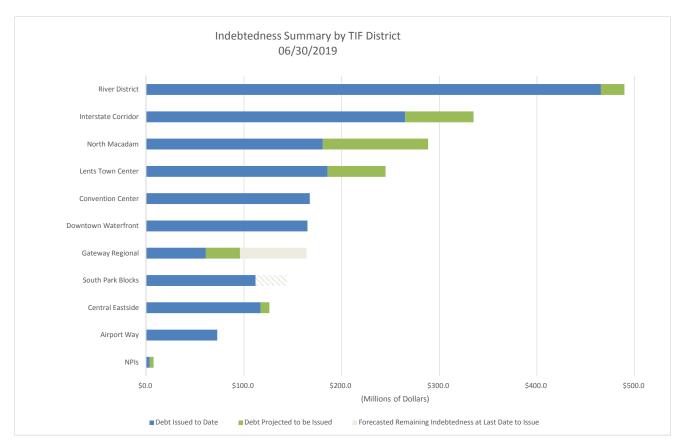
Convention Center Urban Renewal Bonds	River District Urban Renewal Bonds	South ParkBlocks Urban Renewal Bonds	Lents Town Center Urban Renewal Bonds	Central Eastside Urban Renewal Bonds	North Macadam Urban Renewal Bonds
2012	2012	2008 Series A & B	2010 Series A & B	2011 Series A & B	2010
Series A	Series A, B & C	Series A & D	Series A & D	Series A & B	Series A & B
2,792,917 2,774,802	2,125,132 1,878,047	1,334,500 1,042,250	1,342,493 1,244,743	1,059,989 978,671	1,922,729 1,759,359
	, ,			•	
2,250,790	1,653,858	839,250	1,132,574	912,125	1,580,712
1,685,332	1,380,069	626,000	1,013,178	848,800	1,439,188
1,075,244	1,089,535	402,000	886,555	780,769	1,307,000
416,953	1,000,121	-	756,238	705,613	1,124,250
-	903,607	=	642,488	624,863	970,650
-	788,700	-	527,738	535,863	810,850
-	677,950	-	402,738	442,362	644,850
-	549,450	-	275,113	344,362	461,250
-	414,450	-	144,250	236,212	236,250
-	272,700	-	-	122,550	-
	125,200				
\$ 10,996,038	\$ 12,858,819	\$ 4,244,000	\$ 8,368,108	\$ 7,592,179	\$ 12,257,088

URBAN RENEWAL INDEBTEDNESS SUMMARY As of June 30, 2019 In Millions (Unaudited)

TIF District	Maximum Indebtedness	Indebtedness Issued as of 06/30/19	Indebtedness Remaining as of June 30, 2019	Projected Indebtedness to Be Issued	Last Date to Issue Long Term Debt	Acres
Downtown Waterfront	\$165.0	\$165.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	2008	233.1
South Park Blocks	\$143.6	\$112.0	\$31.6	\$0.0	2008	156.3
Airport Way	\$72.6	\$72.6	\$0.0	\$0.0	2011	885.1
Convention Center	\$167.5	\$167.5	\$0.0	\$0.0	2013	410.0
Lents Town Center	\$245.0	\$185.8	\$59.2	\$59.2	2020	2,846.3
River District	\$489.5	\$465.4	\$24.1	\$24.1	2021	314.8
Gateway	\$164.2	\$61.0	\$103.2	\$34.9	2022	658.5
Central Eastside	\$126.0	\$117.1	\$8.9	\$8.9	2023	708.5
North Macadam	\$288.6	\$180.7	\$107.9	\$107.9	2025	447.0
Interstate Corridor	\$335.0	\$265.2	\$69.8	\$69.8	N/A	3,990.0
Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative (6)	\$7.5	\$3.4	\$4.1	\$4.1	N/A	803.7

Notes:

- (1) Reduced Rate Plan: Bonds and Local Option Levies approved after 10/06/2001 do not contribute to TIF.
- (2) Standard Rate Plan: Local Option Levies approved after 01/01/2013 do not contribute to urban renewal. River District and NPI Districts are subject to revenue sharing.
- (3) Not all districts are projected to reach maximum indebtedness due to debt coverage requirements and current market conditions.



NEIGHBORHOOD PROSPERITY INITIATIVE URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT

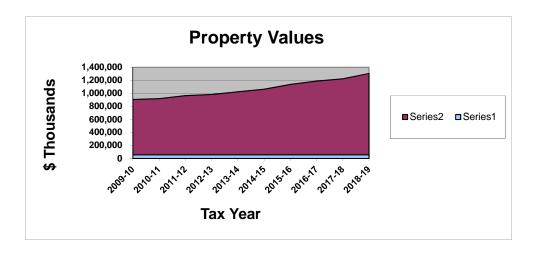
For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception
(Unaudited)

	42	2nd Ave NPI District	82	2nd Ave NPI District	Cı	ully Blvd NPI District	N	Division- lidway NPI District	Pa	arkrose NPI District	Ro	sewood NPI District
Frozen Base		_		_		_		_		_		
2013-14	\$	83,203,598	\$	83,686,505	\$	83,187,490	\$	82,343,462	\$	85,053,706	\$	81,232,730
2014-15		83,203,598		83,686,505		83,187,490		82,343,462		85,053,706		81,232,730
2015-16		83,203,598		83,686,505		83,187,490		82,343,462		85,053,706		81,232,730
2016-17		83,203,598		83,686,505		83,187,490		82,343,462		85,053,706		81,232,730
2017-18		83,203,598		83,686,505		83,187,490		82,343,462		85,053,706		81,232,730
2018-19		83,203,598		83,686,505		83,187,490		82,343,462		85,053,706		81,232,730
Excess Value U	lsed											
2013-14	\$	3,723,747	\$	49,055	\$	4,870,550	\$	2,520,678	\$	-	\$	3,353,630
2014-15		7,768,582		4,352,305		8,907,120		8,166,278		3,050,294		5,974,000
2015-16		2,152,071		3,758,446		2,942,349		878,088		2,776,723		2,193,052
2016-17		6,779,639		5,959,886		6,796,865		6,292,173		5,889,740		8,493,867
2017-18		6,815,643		8,579,009		6,815,746		6,344,007		10,843,402		6,517,263
2018-19		6,648,527		6,634,256		6,648,527		6,257,562		6,502,567		6,350,756
Excess Value N		ed										
2013-14	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2014-15		-		-		-		-		-		-
2015-16		8,863,101		2,798,799		9,350,151		9,161,980		4,081,721		7,303,428
2016-17		8,402,453		3,443,809		9,013,315		6,233,265		6,557,924		3,174,913
2017-18		-		-		-		-		-		-
2018-19		17,552,225		9,449,093		18,270,263		13,138,076		15,856,787		13,317,184
Total Plan Area	Value	•										
2013-14	\$	86,927,345		83,735,560	\$	88,058,040	\$	84,864,140	\$	84,535,040	\$	83,459,135
2014-15		90,972,180		88,038,810		92,094,610		90,509,740		88,104,000		87,206,730
2015-16		94,218,770		90,243,750		95,479,990		92,383,530		91,912,150		90,729,210
2016-17		98,385,690		93,090,200		98,997,670		94,868,900		97,501,370		92,901,510
2017-18		90,019,241		92,265,514		90,003,236		88,687,469		95,897,108		87,749,993
2018-19		107,404,350		99,769,854		108,106,280		101,739,100		91,556,273		100,900,670
Taxes Imposed												
2013-14	\$	41,899	\$	-	\$	69,800	\$	36,985	\$	-	\$	40,848
2014-15		109,627		59,635		134,183		129,370		39,831		89,720
2015-16		20,601		42,059		37,359		4,316		40,970		22,157
2016-17		94,997		90,043		94,997		103,144		92,970		136,102
2017-18		94,733		123,921		94,733		105,793		169,978		104,213
2018-19		98,168		98,168		98,168		108,411		101,644		105,838
Measure 5 Loss												
2013-14	\$	4,216	\$	-	\$	7,038	\$	5,439	\$	-	\$	6,379
2014-15		8,359		4,531		10,216		12,959		4,175		9,675
2015-16		1,105		2,361		2,110		318		3,188		1,754
2016-17		4,488		4,271		4,488		4,728		6,353		7,017
2017-18		4,640		6,058		4,640		4,523		11,696		4,767
2018-19		4,525		4,525		4,525		4,324		6,799		4,447

The Neighborhood Prosperity Initiative Urban Renewal Fund is a collection of six areas in the City of Portland where programs have been developed to do urban renewal improvements around the business districts. As such, there is no housing data.

DOWNTOWN WATERFRONT URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Rate (1)	Base Value	Increased Value	Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt ⁽¹⁾
21.37	55,674,313	850,698,640	7,288,146
21.30	55,674,313	863,116,692	7,193,407
21.83	55,674,313	910,075,667	6,925,883
22.05	55,674,313	926,217,621	6,776,377
23.63	55,674,313	967,422,027	6,647,962
23.02	55,674,313	1,008,259,957	6,910,084
20.75	55,674,313	1,082,330,397	7,247,591
20.67	55,674,313	1,132,664,663	7,324,037
22.09	55,674,313	1,167,916,519	7,306,489
22.35	55,674,313	1,249,335,927	7,304,693
	21.37 21.30 21.83 22.05 23.63 23.02 20.75 20.67 22.09	21.37 55,674,313 21.30 55,674,313 21.83 55,674,313 22.05 55,674,313 23.63 55,674,313 23.02 55,674,313 20.75 55,674,313 20.67 55,674,313 22.09 55,674,313	Tax Rate (1) Base Value Value 21.37 55,674,313 850,698,640 21.30 55,674,313 863,116,692 21.83 55,674,313 910,075,667 22.05 55,674,313 926,217,621 23.63 55,674,313 967,422,027 23.02 55,674,313 1,008,259,957 20.75 55,674,313 1,082,330,397 20.67 55,674,313 1,132,664,663 22.09 55,674,313 1,167,916,519

Source:

Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

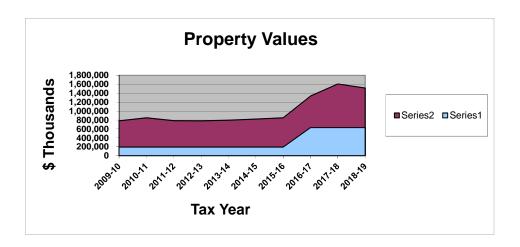
	,	URA			Portland			
	Current		Projected		Current		Projected	
	2016		2021		2016	_	2021	
Population	3,841		3,998		620,560		655,843	
Per Capita Income	31,366	\$	34,049	\$	33,116	\$	36,242	
Total Housing Units	2,615		2,666		278,917		292,702	
Owner Occupied Housing Units	309		325		130,533		136,985	
Renter Occupied Housing Units	2,173		2,269		131,091		138,448	

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

NORTH MACADAM URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Year	Tax Rate (1)	Base Value	Increased Value	Urban Renewal Debt (1)
2009-10	21.38	192,609,397	587,134,026	11,923,266
2010-11	21.35	192,609,397	655,671,677	13,139,779
2011-12	21.90	192,609,397	590,963,588	11,699,128
2012-13	22.09	192,609,397	587,825,696	11,477,781
2013-14	23.74	192,609,397	603,130,306	12,445,073
2014-15	23.10	192,609,397	626,124,703	13,063,427
2015-16	20.80	192,609,397	656,547,113	12,916,053
2016-17	20.70	628,094,444	706,794,276	13,972,086
2017-18	22.18	628,094,444	977,148,976	20,665,475
2018-19	22.44	628,094,444	886,608,116	19,025,778

Source:

Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

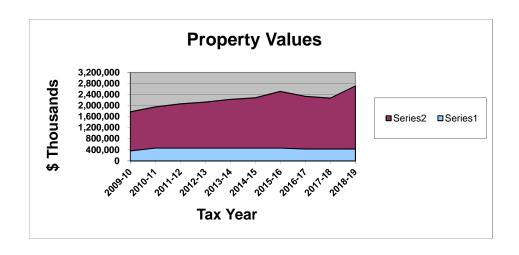
Tay Payanua for

		URA				Portland			
	_	Current 2016	_	Projected 2021	_	Current 2016	_	Projected 2021	
Population		5,650		6,287		620,560		655,843	
Per Capita Income	\$	59,166	\$	66,504	\$	33,116	\$	36,242	
Total Housing Units		4,122		4,482		278,917		292,702	
Owner Occupied Hous Units	sing	1,035		1,143		130,533		136,985	
Renter Occupied Hous Units	sing	2,440		2,689		131,091		138,448	

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

RIVER DISTRICT URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Year	Tax Rate ⁽¹⁾	Base Value	Increased Value	Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt ⁽¹⁾
2009-10	20.38	358,684,364	1,411,486,318	28,760,647
2010-11	20.08	461,577,974	1,488,594,879	29,883,737
2011-12	19.83	461,577,974	1,602,807,681	31,571,279
2012-13	19.58	461,577,974	1,661,649,575	31,307,650
2013-14	20.68	461,577,974	1,762,885,437	32,611,642
2014-15	20.92	461,577,974	1,819,898,297	29,808,542
2015-16	19.71	461,577,974	2,051,122,151	30,600,151
2016-17	19.81	432,292,135	1,900,139,920	37,649,099
2017-18	21.16	432,292,135	1,838,197,433	38,901,101
2018-19	21.49	432,292,135	2,275,669,645	47,209,037

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

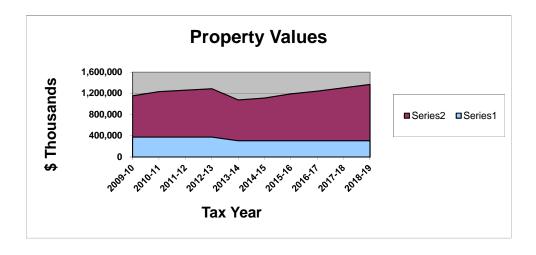
		URA				Portland			
		Current		Projected		Current		Projected	
		2016	_	2021	_	2016	_	2021	
Population		6,045		6,655		620,560		655,843	
Per Capita Income	\$	55,058	\$	62,645	\$	33,116	\$	36,242	
Total Housing Units		4,525		4,817		278,917		292,702	
Owner Occupied Housin Units	ıg	932		968		130,533		136,985	
Renter Occupied Housir Units	ng	2,819		3,179		131,091		138,448	

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

SOUTH PARK BLOCKS URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Rate ⁽¹⁾	Base Value	Increased Value	Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt ⁽¹⁾
21.33	376,066,574	778,265,484	5,341,041
21.30	376,066,574	858,446,906	5,281,167
21.77	376,066,574	885,549,998	5,072,867
21.98	376,066,574	912,842,988	4,959,738
23.62	305,692,884	770,670,660	4,876,124
23.02	305,692,884	806,476,673	5,072,572
20.73	305,692,884	884,961,826	5,314,364
20.61	305,692,884	938,026,116	5,362,116
31.20	305,692,884	1,000,595,563	5,341,073
22.26	305,692,884	1,064,257,686	5,341,986
	21.33 21.30 21.77 21.98 23.62 23.02 20.73 20.61 31.20	21.33 376,066,574 21.30 376,066,574 21.77 376,066,574 21.98 376,066,574 23.62 305,692,884 23.02 305,692,884 20.73 305,692,884 20.61 305,692,884 31.20 305,692,884	Tax Rate (1) Base Value Value 21.33 376,066,574 778,265,484 21.30 376,066,574 858,446,906 21.77 376,066,574 885,549,998 21.98 376,066,574 912,842,988 23.62 305,692,884 770,670,660 23.02 305,692,884 806,476,673 20.73 305,692,884 884,961,826 20.61 305,692,884 938,026,116 31.20 305,692,884 1,000,595,563

Source:

Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

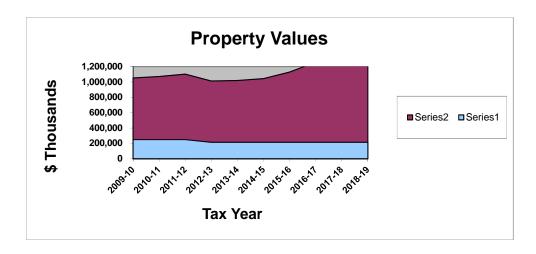
		URA			Portland			
	Current		Projected	_	Current		Projected	
	2016	_	2021		2016	_	2021	
Population	3,761		4,067		620,560		655,843	
Per Capita Income	\$ 28,739	\$	31,756	\$	33,116	\$	36,242	
Total Housing Units	2,694		2,926		278,917		292,702	
Owner Occupied Housing Units	248		269		130,533		136,985	
Renter Occupied Housing Units	2,082		2,282		131,091		138,448	

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

CONVENTION CENTER URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Rate ⁽¹⁾	Base Value	Increased Value	Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt ⁽¹⁾
21.32	248,951,143	804,685,182	5,419,374
20.75	248,951,143	822,947,836	5,346,748
21.38	248,951,143	852,646,229	5,141,484
21.35	214,100,689	799,329,769	5,021,769
21.82	214,100,689	796,003,675	4,952,060
21.97	214,100,689	830,451,071	5,139,852
20.70	214,100,689	916,482,391	5,375,306
20.66	214,100,689	1,044,786,006	5,443,597
22.05	214,100,689	1,039,709,754	5,424,623
22.32	214,100,689	1,087,718,161	5,424,680
	21.32 20.75 21.38 21.35 21.82 21.97 20.70 20.66 22.05	21.32 248,951,143 20.75 248,951,143 21.38 248,951,143 21.35 214,100,689 21.82 214,100,689 21.97 214,100,689 20.70 214,100,689 20.66 214,100,689 22.05 214,100,689	Tax Rate (1) Base Value Value 21.32 248,951,143 804,685,182 20.75 248,951,143 822,947,836 21.38 248,951,143 852,646,229 21.35 214,100,689 799,329,769 21.82 214,100,689 796,003,675 21.97 214,100,689 830,451,071 20.70 214,100,689 916,482,391 20.66 214,100,689 1,044,786,006 22.05 214,100,689 1,039,709,754

Source: Mu

Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

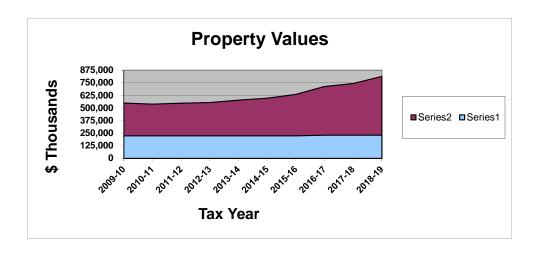
	URA			Portland			
	Current		Projected	Current		Projected	
	2016	_	2021	 2016	_	2021	
Population	1,682		1,813	620,560		655,843	
Per Capita Income \$	37,185	\$	39,368	\$ 33,116	\$	36,242	
Total Housing Units	1,157		1,237	278,917		292,702	
Owner Occupied Housing Units	154		165	130,533		136,985	
Renter Occupied Housing Units	886		948	131,091		138,448	

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

CENTRAL EASTSIDE URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Year	Tax Rate (1)	Base Value	Increased Value	Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt ⁽¹⁾
2009-10	18.51	224,626,739	325,868,916	5,843,346
2010-11	18.00	224,626,739	314,667,331	5,460,067
2011-12	17.76	224,626,739	323,222,477	5,472,135
2012-13	17.92	224,626,739	330,134,282	5,557,691
2013-14	19.16	224,626,739	354,036,136	6,157,007
2014-15	18.94	224,626,739	372,895,947	6,560,153
2015-16	18.46	224,626,739	386,173,918	6,744,094
2016-17	18.38	230,541,190	434,403,878	7,622,430
2017-18	18.53	230,541,190	513,235,852	9,064,105
2018-19	18.56	230,541,190	573,756,063	10,178,307

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

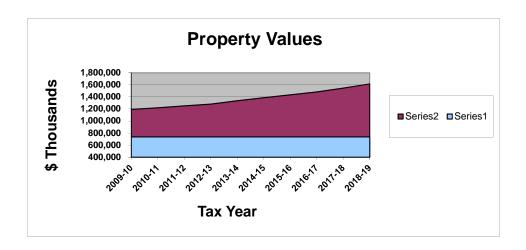
	URA				Portland			
_	Current		Projected	· ·	Current		Projected	
-	2016	_	2021		2016	_	2021	
Population	2,161		2,336		620,560		655,843	
Per Capita Income \$	28,760	\$	31,212	\$	33,116	\$	36,242	
Total Housing Units	1,164		1,269		278,917		292,702	
Owner Occupied Housing Units	90		96		130,533		136,985	
Renter Occupied Housing Units	1,000		1,091		131,091		138,448	

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

LENTS TOWN CENTER URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Year	Tax Rate (1)	Base Value	Increased Value	Urban Renewal Debt (1)
2009-10	21.40	736,224,033	457,950,622	9,344,988
2010-11	21.30	736,224,033	482,455,121	9,685,618
2011-12	21.58	736,224,033	515,771,987	10,098,006
2012-13	21.78	736,224,033	545,241,847	10,524,133
2013-14	23.03	736,224,033	599,867,032	12,003,585
2014-15	22.46	736,224,033	650,846,315	13,229,753
2015-16	20.81	736,224,033	698,111,797	13,700,744
2016-17	20.69	736,224,033	746,610,587	14,751,575
2017-18	21.66	736,224,033	810,553,020	16,762,546
2018-19	21.94	736,224,033	880,519,647	18,495,581

Source:

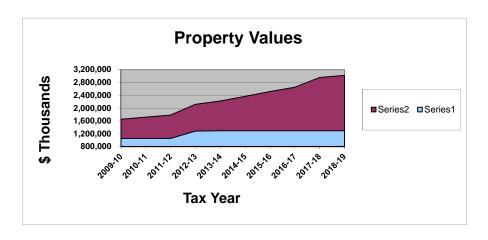
Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

	ι	JRA		Portland					
	Current 2016		Projected 2021	Current 2016	_	Projected 2021			
Population	29,633		31,066	620,560		655,843			
Per Capita Income \$	18,275	\$	19,957	\$ 33,116	\$	36,242			
Total Housing Units	11,332		11,796	278,917		292,702			
Owner Occupied Housing Units	5,111		5,379	130,533		136,985			
Renter Occupied Housing Units	5,496		5,674	131,091		138,448			

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

INTERSTATE CORRIDOR URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Year	Tax Rate (1)	Base Value	Increased Value	Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt ⁽¹⁾
2009-10	21.48	1,051,408,349	603,067,607	12,307,811
2010-11	21.39	1,051,408,349	667,154,843	13,395,188
2011-12	21.93	1,051,408,349	732,982,715	14,532,562
2012-13	22.14	1,285,932,631	833,779,005	16,318,215
2013-14	23.78	1,293,389,062	928,040,273	19,182,025
2014-15	23.18	1,293,389,062	1,075,480,078	22,520,074
2015-16	20.86	1,293,389,062	1,222,834,128	24,121,728
2016-17	20.77	1,293,389,062	1,361,889,768	27,009,707
2017-18	22.22	1,293,389,062	1,662,446,085	35,213,331
2018-19	22.50	1,293,460,097	1,726,799,363	37,150,414

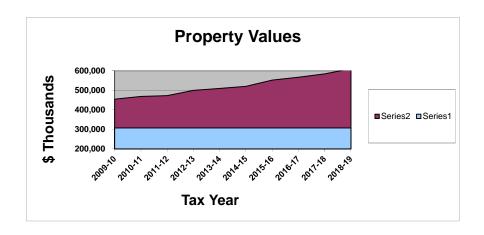
Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

	u	IRA			Portland				
_	Current		Projected	Current		Projected			
_	2016		2021		2016	_	2021		
Population	38,606		41,451		620,560		655,843		
Per Capita Income \$	24,928	\$	27,360	\$	33,116	\$	36,242		
Total Housing Units	16,821		17,979		278,917		292,702		
Owner Occupied Housing Units	7,435		7,857		130,533		136,985		
Renter Occupied Housing Units	8,427		9,079		131,091		138,448		

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

GATEWAY REGIONAL CENTER URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



Tax Year	Tax Rate (1)	Base Value	Increased Value	Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt ⁽¹⁾
2009-10	21.15	307,174,681	147,626,654	3,001,090
2010-11	20.97	307,174,681	162,221,215	3,228,472
2011-12	20.77	307,174,681	165,778,737	3,149,978
2012-13	20.88	307,174,681	193,181,233	3,600,918
2013-14	21.33	307,174,681	202,760,459	3,755,877
2014-15	20.83	307,174,681	213,423,949	4,044,323
2015-16	20.63	307,174,681	245,514,959	4,745,960
2016-17	20.46	307,174,681	260,170,089	5,072,692
2017-18	20.51	307,174,681	277,397,571	5,436,331
2018-19	20.63	307,174,681	303,269,319	5,997,667
2010 10	20.00	007,174,001	000,200,010	0,001,001

Source: Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

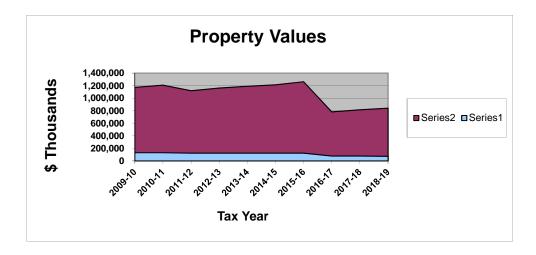
_	ι	JRA			Portland					
_	Current 2016	Projected 2021			Current 2016	Projected 2021				
_		_				_				
Population	6,006		6,347		620,560		655,843			
Per Capita Income \$	22,821	\$	24,695	\$	33,116	\$	36,242			
Total Housing Units	3,100		3,251		278,917		292,702			
Owner Occupied Housing Units	716		845		130,533		136,985			
Renter Occupied Housing Units	2,058		2,165		131,091		138,448			

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

AIRPORT WAY URBAN RENEWAL FUND PROPERTY VALUES, TAX INCREMENT, AND PROJECTED DEMOGRAPHICS

For The Last Ten Fiscal Years Or Since Inception (Unaudited)



			Increased	Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal
Tax Year	Tax Rate (1)	Base Value	Value	Debt (1)
2009-10	20.55	129,701,177	1,043,109,736	2,374,741
2010-11	20.34	129,701,177	1,077,899,700	2,340,489
2011-12	20.22	124,710,301	992,524,455	2,276,718
2012-13	20.68	124,710,301	1,036,798,748	2,237,816
2013-14	21.07	124,710,301	1,065,895,813	2,154,123
2014-15	20.49	124,710,301	1,086,924,214	2,255,741
2015-16	20.02	124,710,301	1,137,468,819	2,312,721
2016-17	19.73	77,306,472	704,813,426	2,324,902
2017-18	20.35	77,306,472	736,979,222	2,345,108
2018-19	20.51	73,942,075	767,511,865	2,346,634

Source:

Multnomah County Division of Assessment and Taxation

Population and housing data are not included for Airport Way Urban Renewal Area because it is primarily an industrial area.

(1) Tax rate is the average, imputed tax rate based on Tax Revenue for Urban Renewal Debt (taxes imposed) and Increased Value.

Financial Assistance For The Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Number of loans and grants	Dollar Amount
2009-10	258	15,391,215
2010-11	269	10,631,493
2011-12	264	33,764,995
2012-13	236	7,547,956
2013-14	234	8,919,709
2014-15	300	20,769,972
2015-16	234	14,203,451
2016-17	157	48,530,924
2017-18	171	43,342,987
2018-19	155	10,495,351

Source: Commission loan system.

Notes: Financial assistance may include assistance for building repair, facility expansion,

new equipment, storefront improvements, or working capital as well as a myriad of

other small assistance programs.

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME, PER CAPITA INCOME, POPULATION TRENDS, AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES PORTLAND/VANCOUVER/HILLSBORO MSA, OREGON, AND THE UNITED STATES (Unaudited)

	Personal Income (Thousands)								Per Capita Income			
Year	Var	ortland/ ncouver/ boro MSA		Oregon		U.S. Total	Var	ortland/ ncouver/ boro MSA)regon	-	U.S. Total
2005	\$	73,806	\$	116,889	\$	10,251,639	\$	35,215	\$	32,103	\$	34,586
2006		79,399		124,589		10,870,319		37,145		33,666		36,307
2007		83,765		133,871		11,652,339		38,511		35,027		38,632
2008		87,053		136,277		12,086,534		39,436		35,956		39,751
2009		85,922		133,907		11,852,715		38,936		35,159		38,637
2010		87,550		137,672		12,423,332		39,212		35,869		40,163
2011		93,406		146,001		13,179,561		41,313		37,744		42,298
2012		98,698		152,721		13,729,063		43,103		39,166		43,735
2013		101,210		158,117		14,081,242		43,728		40,233		44,543
2014		107,536		163,653		14,683,147		45,794		41,220		46,049
2015		115,691		173,170		15,324,108		48,422		42,974		48,112
2016		122,434		185,840		15,912,777		50,489		45,482		49,204
2017		131,861		192,064		16,413,551		53,751		46,361		51,640
2018		141,270		209,148		NA		56,991		50,843		54,446

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis Oregon Office of Economic Analysis Sources:

		UNEMPLOY	MENT RATES			
Year	Portland ⁽¹⁾	Portland/ Vancouver/ Hillsboro MSA ⁽¹⁾	Oregon ⁽¹⁾	U.S. Total ⁽¹⁾	Portland Unemployment % Rate ⁽²⁾	Oregon Unemployment %Rate ⁽²⁾
2005	533,467	2,082,240	3,638,871	296,507,061	6.1	6.4
2006	537,081	2,137,540	3,700,758	299,398,484	5.2	5.3
2007	568,380	2,159,720	3,745,455	301,621,157	4.9	5.2
2008	557,706	2,207,462	3,790,060	304,059,724	5.8	5.4
2009	582,130	2,206,737	3,808,600	309,771,529	11.0	11.6
2010	581,484	2,232,717	3,838,212	309,326,225 ⁽³⁾	10.5	10.8
2011	583,546	2,260,928	3,868,229	311,587,816	9.1	9.5
2012	587,865	2,289,800	3,899,353	313,914,040	7.6	8.1
2013	594,687	2,314,554	3,930,065	316,128,839	7.3	7.8
2014	619,360	2,347,127	3,970,239	318,857,056	5.4	6.1
2015	632,309	2,389,228	4,029,631	321,365,215	4.6	5.5
2016	529,657	2,424,955	4,085,989	323,405,935	3.7	3.7
2017	NA	2,453,168	4,142,776	325,719,178	3.9	4.1
2018	NA	2,478,810	4,190,713	NA	NA	NA

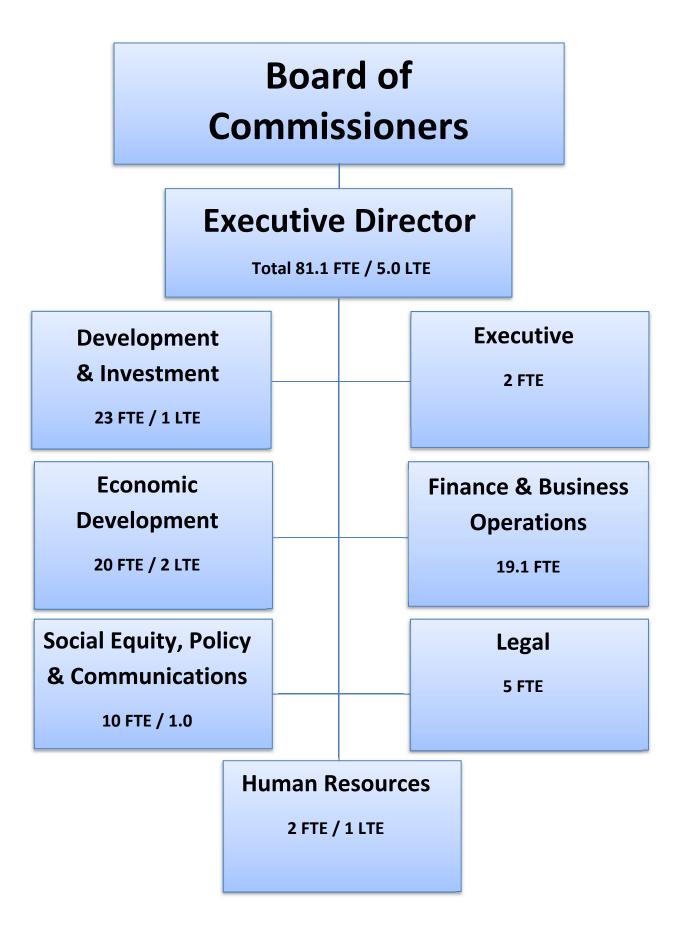
Source: ⁽¹⁾U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Oregon Office of Economic Analysis

Note: NA = Information Not Available

⁽²⁾ Oregon Employment Department

⁽³⁾ US Census 2010



MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS As of June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Date of Charter Amendment creating agency

May 16, 1958

Form of Government

Commission, appointed by City Mayor Approved by City Council

Number of Employees:

As of June 30	FY20	15-16	FY201	6-17	FY20	17-18	FY201	18-19
	FTE	LTE	FTE	LTE	FTE	LTE	FTE	LTE
Urban Development	38.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Executive	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
Finance &								
Business Operations	23.0	2.0	20.0	0.0	17.9	1.2	19.1	0.0
Legal & Human Resources	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 (1)	0.0	0.0		0.0
Opportunities Cooperative	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Communication &								
Social Equity	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Social Equity, Policy								
& Communications	0.0	0.0	10.0	1.0	10.0	1.0	10.0	1.0
Real Estate & Lending	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Legal	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0 (1)	4.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
Human Resources	0.0	0.0	2.0	1.0 (1)	3.0	1.0	2.0	1.0
Development and Investment	0.0	0.0	23.0	0.0 (1)	23.0	1.0	23.0	1.0
Economic Development	0.0	0.0	22.0	1.0 (1)	21.0	2.0	20.0	2.0
Total	93.0	2.0	84.0	3.0	80.9	6.2	81.1	5.0

⁽¹⁾ After the adoption of the FY 2016-17 budget with the implementation of the Strategic Plan Urban Development essentially split into two new functions, Development and Investment, and Economic Devleopment. Legal and Human Resources functions were split apart and the work of the Opportunities Cooperative was absorbed by Development and Investment. Social Equity, Policty & Communications was an expansion of the Commications & Social Equity function which added staff that did not move with the other work of Urban Development. The net decrease in positions is consistent with the anticipated reduction in positions that will occur over time through attrition in Prosper Portland's long-term financial plan. The FY 2017-18 budget was adopted with this new organizational structure.

Urban Renewal District Land Area and Base Values As of June 30, 2019

District	Acres	Base Value
Airport Way	885.2	73,942,075
Central Eastside	708.5	230,541,190
Downtown Waterfront	233.1	55,674,313
Gateway Regional Center	658.5	307,174,681
Interstate Corridor	3,997.1	1,293,460,097
Lents Town Center	2,846.3	736,224,033
North Macadam	447.1	628,094,444
Oregon Convention Center	410.0	214,100,689
River District	314.8	432,292,135
Neighborhood Prosperity Initiatives	805.5	498,707,491
South Park Blocks	97.9	305,692,884
Total URA Land Data	11,404.0	\$ 3,482,443,935
Total City Land Data	92,773	\$ 55,616,562,285
Urban renewal land as a percentage of City total	12.3%	6.3%



Building an Equitable Economy

Audit Comments and Disclosures____



Building an Equitable Economy



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Commissioners

Prosper Development Commission, Portland, Oregon (dba Prosper Portland)
(A Component Unit of the City of Portland)

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Portland Development Commission, dba Prosper Portland (A Component Unit of the City of Portland) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Prosper Portland's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Prosper Portland's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Portland's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Portland's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Prosper Portland's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Moss Adams, LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Portland, Oregon November 13, 2019



Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Oregon Minimum Audit Standards*

The Board of Commissioners

Portland Development Commission, Portland, Oregon (dba Prosper Portland)

(A Component Unit of the City of Portland)

We have audited the basic financial statements of Portland Development Commission, dba Prosper Portland (a Component Unit of the City of Portland) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Oregon Secretary of State. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Prosper Portland's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-010-0000 to 162-010-0320, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts:

- The accounting records and related internal control structure.
- The use of various depositories to secure the deposit of public funds.
- The requirements relating to debt.
- The requirements relating to the preparation, adoption and execution of the annual budgets for fiscal years 2019 and 2020.
- The requirements relating to insurance and fidelity bond coverage.
- The appropriate laws, rules and regulations pertaining to programs funded wholly or partially by other governmental agencies.
- The statutory requirements pertaining to the investment of public funds.
- The requirements pertaining to the awarding of public contracts and the construction of public improvements.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Prosper Portland's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Portland's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

For Moss Adams LLP Portland, Oregon

James Clayarotts

November 13, 2019



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Building an Equitable Economy

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